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Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Proposed Class

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

PATRICIA GOUT, on behalf of herself and
all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

UNISON AGREEMENT CORP., UNISON
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, LLC, and
REAL ESTATE EQUITY EXCHANGE,
INC.,

Defendants.

CASE NO. **CGC-25-629062**

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:

- 1. Unlawful Business Practices**
- 2. Unfair Business Practices**
- 3. Deceptive Business Practices**
- 4. Usury**
- 5. Unconscionability**
- 6. Elder Financial Abuse**
- 7. Declaratory Relief**

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

INTRODUCTION

Patricia Gout is an 80-year-old retired Californian. Like many Americans, her home is her most significant asset. But Ms. Gout now faces the prospect of losing much of the value of her home to Unison, a financial technology company based in San Francisco that sells unlicensed mortgage loans with predatory terms and usurious interest rates.

California law creates strong protections for homeowners in the field of mortgage lending, which the Legislature further strengthened after predatory mortgage lending created a disaster in the state during the 2008 crisis. These include disclosure rules to ensure homeowners understand the cost of credit, caps on interest rates to prevent lenders from charging usurious returns, and licensing requirements to ensure that such loans are being made lawfully by

1 legitimate companies. California law also provides additional protections for seniors like Ms.
2 Gout, who are an especially vulnerable population. These safeguards are crucial for
3 homeowners.

4 But Unison sidesteps these safeguards, issuing illegal mortgage loans masquerading as
5 “option” contracts. Its complex “HomeOwner Agreement” mortgage poses greater risks than
6 more traditional mortgages, but purports to be exempt from laws regulating mortgage lenders.
7 Unison calls its product an “option” to purchase an interest in homeowners’ homes, but it is not a
8 true option. Instead, it is an advance of funds to be repaid at a later date, with substantial interest,
9 secured by a home. In other words, it is a residential mortgage loan.

10 Unison attempts to hide this reality through a combination of complex accounting and
11 deceptive marketing. This includes illusory payments, opaque fees, convoluted terms, and claims
12 meant to reassure homeowners that they are “partners” with Unison, won’t take on any debt, and
13 won’t have to pay any interest. The reality is anything but. Unison isn’t a partner with
14 homeowners—as its own contract admits in fine print. Instead, it locks them into contracts under
15 which they must pay Unison far more money than they received up front—and, in some cases,
16 forces them to sell their homes to do so.

17 Ms. Gout is a victim of Unison’s illegal scheme. Several years ago, Ms. Gout was facing
18 increased home maintenance costs, a diminished income, dwindling retirement savings, and
19 worsening health. In 2017, she responded to Unison’s marketing. After she signed nearly 100
20 pages of complex contracts, Unison paid out a lump sum of \$97,256.¹ What Ms. Gout did not
21 understand when she signed the agreement was that she will be forced to repay Unison far more
22 money than she received at an interest rate far higher than the legal limit: earlier this year, Ms.
23 Gout learned from Unison for the first time that she owed Unison nearly \$375,000. That is a
24 simple interest rate of around 34.49% and an Annual Percentage Rate of 18.375%, far above
25 what California law permits and far greater than any traditional mortgage-secured loan.

26
27

¹ This is Unison’s Investment Payment of \$99,750 minus Unison’s transaction fee of \$2,494 = \$97,256.

1 Ms. Gout brings this suit to protect herself and other California homeowners from
2 Unison's unlawful conduct.

3 JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4 1. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the defendants because the defendants
5 all have principal places of business in the State of California and engage in continuous and
6 systematic contacts with the State of California.

7 2. Venue is proper in San Francisco County under California Code of Civil
8 Procedure § 395(a) because the defendants reside in San Francisco.

9 PARTIES

10 3. Plaintiff Patricia Gout is an 80-year-old resident of San Diego, California.

11 4. Defendant Unison Agreement Corporation (UAC):

- 12 a. is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 650
13 California St., Fl. 1800, San Francisco, CA 94108 and with its principal
14 office location at 4 Embarcadero Center, Ste. 710, San Francisco, CA
15 94111;
16 b. is not and has not been registered with the California Division of Financial
17 Protection and Innovation (DFPI) as a lender or residential mortgage
18 originator or otherwise under California law; and
19 c. originated the transaction at issue.

20 5. Defendant Unison Investment Management, LLC (UIM):

- 21 a. is a Delaware corporation and SEC-registered investment advisor with a
22 principal place of business at 4 Embarcadero Center, Suite 710, San
23 Francisco, CA 94111;
24 b. uses the name Odin Investment Management;
25 c. manages and markets assets originating from UAC, including by creating
26 securitized trusts, including the fund that holds Ms. Gout's mortgage; and
27

d. has engaged with Ms. Gout regarding the transaction at issue, after it was securitized.

6. Defendant Real Estate Equity Exchange, Inc.:

- a. is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 4 Embarcadero Center, Suite 710, San Francisco, CA 94111; and
- b. is the corporate parent of UAC and substantially controls UIM and shares the same principal place of business as these companies;
- c. According to information it provides to consumers, Real Estate Equity Exchange does business under the names “Unison,” “Unison Agreement Corp.,” and “Unison Investment Management LLC,” and establishes and maintains the websites and many materials for UAC and UIM; and
- d. is not registered with the California DFPI or otherwise licensed in California.

7. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, there has existed a unity of interest and ownership between Defendants such that there is no individuality or separateness between them and they are the mere instrumentalities, agents, conduits, or adjuncts of one another.

8. Defendants have combined their property, skill, and knowledge for the purpose of carrying out a single business enterprise, namely the origination of and realizing financial gains from the home-secured loan products described herein.

9. Defendants share in the profits and losses from their joint business enterprise.

10. Upon information and belief, Defendants use the same offices and employees, including offices located at 4 Embarcadero Center, Ste. 710, San Francisco, CA 94111.

11. The same persons dominate, control, and manage Defendants, namely Thomas Sponholz (CEO of all three entities), Scott Case (CFO of all three entities), and Matthew O’Hara (CIO of UAC and UIM), among others.

12. Defendants each share ownership and control over this joint enterprise.

13. Together, Defendants are joined, by agreement, in a joint venture or common enterprise and are referred to collectively herein as “Unison” except where otherwise specified.

14. Defendants were, and are, the alter egos of one other and adherence to the fiction of the separate existence of Defendants would permit an abuse of the corporate privilege, sanction fraud and/or promote injustice, and result in inequitable consequences, such that any liability incurred by one Defendant is chargeable against the other.

15. Because of their agreement and cooperation in the wrongful acts set forth herein, Defendants are also co-conspirators and responsible for the acts of one another.

16. Defendants are referred to collectively as “Unison” in this complaint.

17. Unison operates in thirty states and Washington D.C., including over 240 metro areas.

FACTS

18. California law has long protected against predatory lending practices and misleading marketing—especially in the area of mortgage lending, where people’s homes are on the line. The California Legislature strengthened protections for homeowners after the 2008 financial crisis wrought devastation across the state, exposing the dangers of increasingly complex mortgage products with risks that homeowners did not adequately understand until it was too late.

19. These protections are particularly strong for “reverse mortgages,” a specific form of residential mortgage loan that is especially risky for homeowners. With reverse mortgages, the lender gives the homeowner an advance payment and receives security in the form of a mortgage on her home. In exchange, when certain future triggering conditions are met—such as sale of the home, death, or moving out—the homeowner must then pay the lender, often through balloon payments that can vary with the value of the home. When insufficiently regulated, the complex mechanisms of these products often dramatically obscure how much the homeowner will have to pay, and they have been financially ruinous for too many elderly homeowners

1 20. To protect homeowners, California has a suite of protections for reverse
2 mortgages: Independent counseling and plain language disclosures of the cost of credit, interest
3 rate caps, licensing requirements for lenders and regular reporting to regulators, and prohibitions
4 on deceptive and misleading marketing practices.

5 21. Unison sells mortgage loans that operate like reverse mortgages—except that they
6 are costlier and do not comply with consumer protections. Unison gives homeowners an advance
7 in exchange for a mortgage on the property to secure the loan. Then, when certain future
8 triggering conditions are met—such as sale of the home, death, or moving out—the homeowner
9 must pay Unison a balloon payment that varies with the value of the home. In doing so, Unison
10 recoups effective rates of interest that are illegal under California law. And Unison fails to
11 comply with other California laws and regulations designed to protect homeowners.

12 22. The consequences of this for homeowners are disastrous, as this case illustrates.
13 Through deliberately complex math, lengthy and confusing contract documents, and misleading
14 statements, Unison locked Ms. Gout, an elderly retiree, into its hidden loan product. Unison
15 made an advance payment of \$97,256. Yet according to Unison, as of this year, Ms. Gout
16 would owe Unison approximately \$375,000. That approximately 34.49% simple interest rate and
17 18.375% APR is far higher than traditional home lending products—and far worse for Ms. Gout
18 than other credit products.

19 23. Unison, however, claims that it can evade the laws that California’s Legislature
20 enacted to protect against exactly this kind of situation. That’s because, according to Unison, its
21 product is not a loan at all but an “option.” But behind Unison’s complex math and confusing
22 terminology, its product is a mortgage loan. Unison gives a homeowner a sum of money up
23 front, in exchange for large payment at the time of a triggering event, secured by a home
24 mortgage. Not only that, but Unison’s product is a reverse mortgage, making it especially
25 dangerous. And if a homeowner cannot afford to pay Unison directly, Unison will force the sale
26 of the home to obtain its payment.

1 24. Unison portrays this payment obligation as the exercise of an “option” where
2 Unison purportedly pays the homeowner a second sum of money for 70% of the value of her
3 home. That supposed second payment is simply an offset from the profits Unison takes from the
4 sale of a home—it is never actually deposited into a homeowner’s account and it is money the
5 homeowner would have received from the sale of her home absent any contracts with Unison.
6 This second “payment” is therefore illusory and Unison’s “option” is simply the mechanism by
7 which the company receives its future payment.

8 25. Unison further secures its future payment through steps including: opaque fees
9 that further ensure Unison will make a profit; hidden or convoluted adjustments to the value of
10 the home that serve to maximize Unison’s profits; complex payment mechanisms where in
11 various scenarios Unison is expressly guaranteed repayment; no limitation on the returns Unison
12 can receive; highly sophisticated modeling for picking homes that are most likely to increase in
13 value; requiring homeowners to carry the entire burden of maintaining the home; and forcing
14 homeowners to cover tens of thousands of dollars in costs of selling the home.

15 26. Locking homeowners like Ms. Gout into usurious mortgages is only the first step
16 in Unison’s business model. Unison, just like many subprime and predatory mortgage lenders in
17 the leadup to the 2008 financial crisis, bundles and securitizes its mortgages to reap further
18 profits. Unison has issued hundreds of millions of dollars in these securitizations.

19 27. While Unison tells homeowners and courts that it is at risk of losing money from
20 its products, it tells venture capital funds and other private investors the opposite. To its own
21 investors, Unison emphasizes its (unlawfully) high returns and the low risk of its products.
22 Unison touts its “unlimited upside and limited downside” as well as “low volatility and high risk-
23 adjusted net returns compared to other major asset classes,” including traditional home secured
24 loans. *About Us*, Unison Investment Management, <https://www.unisonim.com/about-us>.

25 28. In the company’s own words: “Residential Real Estate Generates Strong
26 Returns!” Unison Investment Management, <https://perma.cc/X53U-FMZR>. These strong returns
27

1 reflect the fact that Unison has found a way to obtain profits from people's homes without
2 complying either with lending laws or paying any of the costs for maintaining the property.

3 29. Unison's business model has allowed the company to expand rapidly. Unison
4 touts that it has contracts with more than 10,000 homeowners on homes worth approximately
5 \$8.8 billion.

6 30. Many of these homeowners are in California, as the state has a significant number
7 of middle- and working-class homeowners who have managed to build up equity in their homes
8 over decades but are facing financial difficulties. These individuals, who are often called "equity
9 rich and cash poor," are a prime target for Unison's product.

10 31. Unison's rapid growth is predicated on its assertion that it can evade laws
11 protecting homeowners because its product is not a loan. Until Unison is compelled to comply
12 with the law, each year, more and more homeowners will be trapped in Unison's product and put
13 at serious risk of losing their primary financial asset—their homes.

14 **A. Unison's lopsided contract is structured to ensure that it will receive a large future**
15 **payment at the homeowner's expense.**

16 32. Stripped of deliberately complex accounting, lengthy contracts, and opaque
17 terminology, Unison's product is a loan. Unison provides homeowners an advance in exchange
18 for a large payment in the future, secured by a mortgage on the home.

19 33. Unison provides an advance called a "Unison Investment Payment," which is a
20 small percentage of the "Original Agreed Value" of the home (in Ms. Gout's case, 17.5%).
21 However, before paying this amount to the homeowner, Unison subtracts a "transaction fee" of
22 several thousand dollars. *See, e.g.,* Combined Closing Statement at 1. The "transaction fee"
23 reduces the amount Unison advances the homeowner, thereby increasing its profits when it
24 receives payment later. Then on top of that, the homeowner is also required to pay hundreds of
25 dollars in other fees, most of which are also paid to Unison, including fees for the appraisal,
26 home inspection, title, recording fees, and mortgage tax. *Id.* The result is that the actual advance
27

1 that the homeowner receives is meaningfully less than the purported “Unison Investment
2 Payment.”

3 34. In exchange for this advance, in 30 years or less, a homeowner is required to pay
4 Unison a large sum of money based on the value of her home.

5 35. Unison also records a deed of trust on the home, which secures all the
6 homeowner’s payment obligations under the contracts—on pain of foreclosure.

7 36. Unison’s contracts set forth “Exercise Events” that trigger the end of contract and
8 payment: the “Expiration Date”; the sale of the property; the owner’s death; or the owner’s
9 default. Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement § 2 (Exhibit A).

10 37. All of Unison’s “Exercise Events” require a homeowner to pay Unison—either
11 directly or out of the proceeds of the sale. And the other possible outcomes of the contract
12 similarly require payment.

13 38. For instance, at the “Expiration Date” or the end of the term, the homeowner must
14 pay Unison its “Investor Percentage” or Unison can force a sale of the property to get its
15 payment, while requiring the homeowner to pay all the costs of the sale. Unison HomeOwner
16 Covenant Agreement § 4.3 (Exhibit B). If the homeowner dies, Unison requires that it be notified
17 immediately, and that the estate either pay Unison its “Investor Percentage” or Unison forces the
18 sale of the property to get its payment, with the estate paying all costs of sale. *Id.* § 5.3.

19 39. At the time of one of these triggering events, the homeowner’s payment to Unison
20 will be calculated as follows: Unison takes 70% of the present value of the home and then
21 subtracts a purported second payment. This second amount is called the “Unison Purchase Price
22 Balance,” and can be reduced if Unison claims that the homeowner has violated the agreement or
23 failed to maintain the property sufficiently. Together with the initial “Unison Investment
24 Payment,” this constitutes the “Unison Purchase Price” that Unison purports to be paying the
25 homeowner. Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement § 1; Unison HomeOwner Covenant
26 Agreement §§ 7.3(d), 10.2.

1 40. That is misleading, however, because Unison will never pay the homeowner the
2 “Unison Purchase Price Balance.” At the time of the sale, Unison just takes from the proceeds
3 70% of the value of the home minus the second payment. That second payment is therefore just
4 money the homeowner would otherwise have received from the sale of her home, not some
5 additional payment that she will receive from Unison because she entered the contract.

6 41. The result of this illusory second payment and complex math is that, in 30 years
7 or less, the homeowner (or her estate) will be forced to pay Unison far more than she received—
8 and far more than the law allows.

9 42. On top of this, Unison takes still more steps to ensure its future payment.

10 43. There are several scenarios where Unison is expressly guaranteed repayment of
11 its advance (plus fees) at a minimum.

12 44. If a homeowner sells her home during the first three years of the contract, she will
13 have to pay Unison what amounts to a pre-payment penalty, requiring payment of *the greater* of:
14 (a) her initial advance (plus fees); or (b) the amount Unison would receive if she sold her home.
15 Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement at § 10.4(b).

16 45. After three years, if a homeowner wants to remove the deed of trust on her home
17 and get out from under this onerous contract without leaving her home, she will have to pay
18 Unison *the greater* of: (a) the Unison Investment Payment plus additional fees; or (b) the amount
19 Unison would receive if she sold her home. Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement § 7; Unison
20 HomeOwner Covenant Agreement at § 6.2.

21 46. If a homeowner defaults on any of her obligations under Unison’s contracts, the
22 company can foreclose and force the sale of the home and is expressly guaranteed repayment of
23 its advance at a minimum. Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement at § 10.4(f), (j). Unison
24 can also make advances that accrue fees and interest at a usurious rate or seek additional
25 liquidated damages. *Id.* §§ 7.3(e), 7.4(b), 8.9(e), 8.10-8.11.

1 47. Even outside of the scenarios where Unison is expressly guaranteed repayment,
2 there are several features of Unison’s product that ensure it will receive such a payment in
3 practice.

4 48. Unison uses a “very sophisticated data infrastructure and pricing structure” to
5 target specific regions, areas, neighborhoods, and even specific houses to ensure that it picks
6 homes that will rise significantly in value, maximizing its return. *Podcast Transcription Session*
7 *No. 103—Thomas Sponholtz & Jim Riccitelli*, Lend Academy (hereinafter “Unison Podcast”)
8 (2017), <https://perma.cc/5RZ4-TP2K>. The company touts that: “We have a 10-year forecast on
9 every house in America so we have a very sophisticated data infrastructure and pricing structure
10 [for] what we call turning a house into a security.” *Unison Podcast*.

11 49. To ensure that nothing will decrease the value of the home or jeopardize its future
12 payment, Unison requires the homeowner to pay for all of the taxes, insurance, maintenance, and
13 repairs on the home. Otherwise, Unison can foreclose on the home to get its payment or make
14 “protective advances,” which themselves accrue fees and interest and are added to the principal
15 that the homeowner will have to pay Unison, and/or liquidated damages. Unison HomeOwner
16 Covenant Agreement at §§ 8.1-8.2, 8.4-8.5, 8.9(e), 8.10, 8.11, 8.16(c), (f), 46; *see also* Exhibit C
17 to Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

18 50. At the time of the sale of the home, the homeowner will have to pay 100% of the
19 tens of thousands of dollars in closing costs and fees, even though Unison takes much of the
20 proceeds from the sale. *Id.* § 3.3(e).

21 51. Unison also has the right to adjust the “Ending Agreed Value” of the home, or
22 sale price, by requiring the homeowner to pay more to Unison if Unison determines that the
23 homeowner failed to properly maintain or repair the property. Unison HomeOwner Option
24 Agreement § 4.

25 52. The length of Unison’s contract further ensures repayment. As Unison knows,
26 “home equity tends to increase with the years of homeownership.” *2022 Unison Home Equity*
27 *Report*, Unison (2022), <https://perma.cc/2EWT-6Q4H/>. The maximum term of the contract is

1 thirty years, and Unison reports that the average length in practice is ten years. *Unison Podcast*.
2 Over the course of this “longer term holding period[,]” Unison itself states, “real estate tends to
3 perform fairly consistently.” *Id.*

4 53. Indeed, the contract explicitly sets forth that the homeowner must intend to live in
5 the home for more than three years, or otherwise be considered in breach, so that Unison can
6 make more money. Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement § 2.1(e).

7 54. Another way in which Unison is protected is that homeowners will have the least
8 incentive to sell their homes during a drop in housing prices.

9 55. To further prevent a homeowner from selling when prices are low, Unison gives
10 itself significant power over the sale of the home and can effectively scuttle a sale. If Unison
11 determines that the sale price is too low, Unison can in its “discretion” take steps that will
12 significantly delay the sale, which could effectively prevent it from going through. Unison
13 HomeOwner Covenant Agreement § 3.5. Unison disclaims liability to the homeowner related to
14 its delay of the sale. *Id.* § 3.6.

15 56. Unison also requires properties to be owner-occupied, since other properties
16 “carry additional risk.” FAQ, Unison, <https://www.unison.com/faq> (answering question “What is
17 the Owner Occupancy Requirement?”); *see* Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement §§ 2.1(b),
18 8.8. This requirement restrains homeowners from moving, renting out their property, or using
19 their property as an investment to support themselves rather than Unison.

20 57. Unison further restricts homeowners from accessing the equity in their property
21 by setting forth a “maximum authorized debt” and forbidding the homeowner from obtaining
22 additional loans over that amount secured by the property, or other loans that “materially impair
23 Investor’s Rights” such as “reverse mortgage loans, shared appreciation mortgage loans,
24 mortgage loans with negative amortization or prepayment penalties,” and others. Unison
25 HomeOwner Option Agreement § 8; Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement at § 8.9.

26 58. Unison further guarantees that it gains at the expense of homeowners by
27 discounting the original appraised value of the home to reach what Unison calls a lower

1 “Original Agreed Value,” so that when it later calculates its percentage share of the increased
2 value of the home Unison’s share is more profitable.

3 59. In sum, Unison has structured its product to be lopsided in its favor from top to
4 bottom to ensure that the homeowner will lose and Unison will gain—and that it will receive not
5 just a future payment from a homeowner, but repayment of its initial advance plus substantial
6 interest.

7 **B. Unison systematically misrepresents its mortgage loan to homeowners.**

8 60. Because Unison’s product is so harmful to homeowners, it systematically
9 misrepresents how the product works and Unison’s relationship to the homeowner.

10 61. Unison’s contract misleadingly describes itself as paying the homeowner a large
11 “Unison Purchase Price,” usually several hundred thousand dollars. However, as explained,
12 Unison only gives the homeowner a smaller fraction of that amount up front. The majority of the
13 “Unison Purchase Price” to the homeowner is illusory, as it is paid out of the equity that the
14 homeowner already had before Unison’s involvement.

15 62. Unison consistently markets itself as being in a partnership with homeowners.
16 Unison’s website states that “Unison is your partner, here when you need us.” *Equity Sharing*
17 *Agreement*, Unison, <https://www.unison.com/equity-sharing-agreement>. Its advertisements
18 similarly state: “This is a partnership, fair and square.” *How it Works - Unison Equity Sharing –*
19 *Homeowner*, YouTube, https://youtu.be/KG7ygY6_sWM?feature=shared&t=42.

20 63. But buried in dozens of pages of contracts, Unison’s contract says the opposite:
21 “[Unison] shall not be deemed a partner . . . with, or of, Owner.” Unison HomeOwner Covenant
22 Agreement § 9.3.

23 64. Nor does Unison act like a partner. An essential element of partnership is the
24 sharing of losses or expenses. *See, e.g.*, 68 C.J.S. Partnership § 131. Unison, however, has
25 structured this transaction so the homeowner bears all the expenses, and Unison will rarely, if
26 ever, share any losses.

65. Partners also owe each other a fiduciary duty. *See, e.g.*, 59A Am. Jur. 2d Partnership § 270 (“One of the paramount duties of partners among themselves, if not the primary duty, is their fiduciary duty, universally recognized as including a duty to exercise good faith and maintain the highest integrity in dealing with other partners.”); 68 C.J.S. Partnership § 569 (“General partners owe their limited partners the duty of utmost good faith or honesty and loyalty or obedience, as well as candor, due care, and fair dealing.”).

66. However, Unison’s contract expressly disclaims any fiduciary obligations to the homeowner. Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement § 9.3. And as an SEC-registered investment advisor, Unison Investment Management is legally required to act in the best interest of its own investors, not in partnership with homeowners. *2023 Responsible Investing Report*, Unison, at 19 (2023), https://contentimages.o-prod.unison.com/pdf/Unison_ESG_report_2023.pdf?utm_content=esg-page-hero (“Unison Investment Management maintains a fiduciary responsibility to our investors.”).

67. Unison advertises its product as an “equity sharing agreement.” Unison tells homeowners that using its product is a “smarter, better way to . . . own homes” and “helps unlock your home’s equity” with “[n]o extra debt, no interest, no monthly payments.” *How to Access Home Equity Without Debt*, Unison, <https://www.unison.com/blog/homeownership/how-to-access-home-equity-without-debt> (last visited Aug. 29, 2025); Mail Offer, Unison, <https://www.unison.com/mail-offer> (last visited Aug. 29, 2025).

68. Unison’s claim that homeowners do not take on debt is false. Debt is a future payment obligation, which Unison’s contract requires. *See, e.g.*, Debt, *Merriam-Webster Dictionary*, <https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/debt> (“something owed” or “obligation to pay or repay someone or something in return for something received”).

69. Unison’s claim that there is no interest is also false. Interest is merely the amount of money owed by a borrower to a lender for the advance of money—that is, the cost of the loan. *See, e.g.*, Interest, *Black’s Law Dictionary* (12th ed. 2024) (“The compensation fixed by agreement or allowed by law for the use or detention of money, or for the loss of money by one

1 who is entitled to its use; esp., the amount owed to a lender in return for the use of borrowed
2 money.”). The future payment homeowners make to Unison includes money that homeowners
3 owe in exchange for the advance payment.

4 70. Unison’s representations that the product is not a loan are material and designed
5 to hide what its financial product is, which is extremely expensive credit.

6 71. Unison also pitches to homeowners that the company will share in the
7 homeowner’s ups and downs. However, Unison’s product is structured to ensure that it will
8 disproportionately benefit from rising home values and will rarely, if ever, share in any loss in
9 home values.

10 72. In written materials provided to homeowners and on its website, Unison gives
11 homeowners the impression that there is an equal chance of their home value increasing and
12 decreasing over the term of the loan, such that Unison shares in the risk of loss or gain. For
13 example, in its “offer” marketing materials, Unison provides “Examples of the Payment to
14 Unison” that share two scenarios of the home value increasing, two scenarios with the home
15 value decreasing, and one scenario of the home value staying unchanged. These materials also
16 provide “estimated annualized percentage costs” for several hypothetical scenarios using figures
17 that do not align with the actual loan amounts, and do not include fees in the calculations (as a
18 typical APR calculation would). These estimates range from -4% depreciation to 6%
19 appreciation. These purported disclosures obscure rather than clarify the cost of the loan.

20 73. In contrast to these representations to homeowners, Unison promises its own
21 investors that it has ensured, including through its modeling and home value forecasts, and
22 manipulation of appraisal values, that the homes on which it has mortgages are nearly guaranteed
23 to increase in value over the course of the contract, such that the result of the contract is that
24 Unison will gain money and the homeowner will lose money. Indeed, Unison touts to its
25 institutional investors its portfolio’s extraordinary 20.7% annualized net return.

26 74. Unison’s assertions that the homeowner is not required to make any payments
27 until the sale of the home are also misleading. Unison’s contract requires homeowners to make a

1 number of payments during the course of the contract, including taxes, maintenance, repairs, and
2 insurance that benefit Unison—all on pain of foreclosure by Unison.

3 75. These misleading, deceptive, and confusing assertions are compounded by the
4 lengthy and opaque nature of Unison’s documents. The “contract” consists of several different
5 documents referred to by Unison as the “Unison HomeOwner Agreement Closing Documents.”
6 These include: the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Covenant
7 Agreement, Memorandum of Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Security
8 Instrument and Riders, Subordinated Deed of Trust and Security Agreement, Assignment of
9 Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Requests for Notice of Default, Signature and Name Affidavit,
10 and Certification of Trust. These documents total nearly 100 pages.

11 76. The closing packages contain several other documents as well. In Ms. Gout’s
12 case, the entire package totals more than 150 pages.

13 77. And the contract documents contain terms that are insufficiently defined and/or
14 defined only in some other document, are thick with legalese and fine print, and are extremely
15 confusing to understand for professionals—let alone regular homeowners.

16 **C. Even though its product is a mortgage, Unison claims that it does not need to**
17 **comply with any laws protecting homeowners.**

18 78. Even though Unison’s product is a residential mortgage loan, the company claims
19 that it is entirely exempt from all lending laws because its product is an “option” and not a loan.
20 *See, e.g., License*, Unison, unison.com/licenses (last visited Aug. 12, 2025) (“Equity sharing
21 agreements issued by Unison Agreement Corp. are not offered under mortgage lending licenses.
22 Where offered, equity sharing agreements are not currently required to be licensed.”); Unison,
23 unison.com/equity-sharing-agreement (last visited Aug. 12, 2025) (referring to the product as a
24 “loan-alternative”); Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement at § 6 (“The Unison Investment
25 Payment is not a loan.”).

26 79. Unison’s representations are false.
27

1 80. No matter how Unison labels its product, it is a mortgage loan. Unison provides
2 homeowners with an advance of money, secures that advance through a mortgage on their home,
3 and then requires payment within 30 years or less. That is a mortgage loan, just with worse terms
4 for borrowers than the ordinary mortgage loan.

5 81. While Unison claims that its product is not a loan because it could lose money if
6 the housing market falls, that does not distinguish its product from more traditional mortgage
7 loans or reverse mortgages. During the 2008 crash, for example, many mortgages defaulted,
8 mortgage lenders and associated companies faced huge losses, and government bailouts were
9 necessary.

10 82. Every lender faces a risk they won't be paid back. That is especially true with
11 non-recourse loans, where the lender can only recover as much as the value of the collateral
12 securing the loan.

13 83. After the loan is originated and the lien is placed on the property, Unison
14 immediately bundles it with other loans and places it into an asset-backed security. That's
15 exactly how other mortgage lenders securitize home-secured loans to reduce risk to the lender.
16 Investors analyze Unison's loan pools using the same analytics that they use for other mortgage-
17 backed securities.

18 84. Unison's CEO himself has described this kind of product as "similar to any home
19 financing transaction." Jim Wood, *Equity Access*, Marin Magazine (Apr. 10, 2007),
20 <https://marinmagazine.com/community/local-business/equity-access/>.

21 85. Despite Unison's efforts to conceal the nature of its product, various documents
22 involved in the process state expressly that its product is a loan.

23 86. Documents produced by the title company engaged by Unison from the loan
24 closing repeatedly refer to the homeowner as the "borrower."

25 87. These documents also refer to Unison as the lender.

26 88. These documents refer to Unison's advance payment as a "loan."
27

1 89. The “offer” marketing documents show that the homeowner will be required to
2 pay the loan at or before the end of the thirty year term, including setting forth: “If you have not
3 sold your Property or otherwise terminated the Unison HomeOwner Agreement by the end of the
4 thirty (30) year Term, you will need to sell the Property or otherwise settle the Unison
5 HomeOwner Agreement by paying Unison an amount equal to the value of its investment
6 interest in the Property at that time.” This language is not conditional on a purported exercise of
7 an option.

8 90. Because Unison claims its product is not a mortgage loan, it fails to comply with
9 numerous California laws protecting homeowners.

10 91. Unison issues its mortgage loans without the licenses required by California law.
11 Cal. Fin. Code §§ 22009, 22100(a), 22109.4, 22109.6, 22100(f); Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code
12 §§ 10166.01, 10166.02.

13 92. Unison charges interest that is far above the 10% permitted under the California
14 Constitution, Article XV § 1.

15 93. Unison does not make the required disclosures and ensure that homeowners
16 receive independent counseling that would explain the risks of Unison’s product. Instead,
17 Unison’s contracts and purported “disclosures” themselves actually obscure the nature of the
18 transaction. Nowhere does Unison disclose the potential cost of the transaction by using
19 traditional means, such as interest rates or real numbers reflecting what its internal calculations
20 demonstrate that the homeowner will likely have to pay. Unison does not tell borrowers how
21 much they will have to repay. Instead, Unison uses obscure and confusing terminology,
22 complicated equations and defined terms that are embedded within each other, and which
23 homeowners have to find in different places in the nearly 100 pages of contract documents, to
24 purportedly explain the cost of its product.

25 **D. Unison’s business model is structured to ensure its profits at homeowners’ expense.**

26 94. Unison’s business model and practices in securitizing its loans further confirm
27 that Unison’s product ensures its own future profits and that Unison is not partnering with

1 homeowners. While Unison touts its product as an innovative “investment,” rather than a loan,
2 its model is the same as other mortgage lending. Like many other mortgage lenders, Unison
3 originates loans to homeowners secured by their homes. It then immediately bundles these loans
4 into securitized trusts. Unison markets these securitized trusts to institutional investors,
5 promising large rates of return. Like with other mortgage loans, Unison turns pools of mortgages
6 into investments for hedge funds and institutional investors—but they remain mortgage loans to
7 the homeowners.

8 95. Unison was founded by Thomas Sponholtz, who is currently the Chief Executive
9 Officer of UIM and UAC. Prior to starting Unison, Sponholtz worked at Bear Stearns and then at
10 Barclays Global Investors. At Barclays, he got the “big idea” for Unison’s business model, when
11 he was “looking around for large asset classes [he] could add to [Barclays] client’s portfolio.”
12 *Unison Podcast.*

13 96. Sponholtz identified residential property as an untapped source of profits for a
14 financial technology company. Residential real estate is lucrative because, as Sponholtz
15 explained, over the medium term, it tends to increase in value. *Id.*; *see also* Unison Investment
16 Management, <https://perma.cc/X53U-FMZR> (touting strong performance of residential real
17 estate over time). Residential real estate is also a huge potential market, as it is the “largest asset
18 class both globally and in the US.” *Unison Podcast.*

19 97. The typical way to profit off residential real estate is to purchase homes and rent
20 or resell them. However, Sponholtz explained, this method is inefficient because it requires
21 “tremendous administrative cost in maintaining and being a property manager of [] homes.” *Id.*
22 The Unison model is thus built to extract the home’s value and increases in that value, without
23 the costs or burdens of actually purchasing, owning, or maintaining the homes themselves. *Id.*

24 98. That’s why, as explained above, Unison’s business model requires homeowners to
25 bear all the costs and burdens of home purchase and ownership, including property taxes,
26 insurance, maintenance, and management, while Unison can sit back and receive large payments
27 for its loans.

1 99. Once Unison locks a homeowner into its mortgage loan, it places a lien on the
2 home to protect its interest, and then pools the loans into a securitized trust, which it sells to
3 private investors such as hedge funds.

4 100. Unison has issued securitizations of hundreds of millions of dollars of its loans.
5 *Unison issues \$443 million residential equity agreement securitization*, Unison (Aug. 20, 2025),
6 [https://www.unison.com/press/national_mortgage_news_unison-issues-443-million-residential-](https://www.unison.com/press/national_mortgage_news_unison-issues-443-million-residential-equity-agreement-securitization)
7 [equity-agreement-securitization](https://www.unison.com/press/national_mortgage_news_unison-issues-443-million-residential-equity-agreement-securitization); *Unison Announces DBRS Rated Securitization of \$215 Million*
8 *of Unison Home Equity Sharing Agreements*, Unison (June 6, 2024),
9 <https://www.unison.com/press/unison-second-dbrs-rated-securitization>; *Unison Announces*
10 *Securitization of \$165 Million Unison Home Equity Agreements*, Unison (Sept. 20, 2023),
11 <https://www.unison.com/press/unison-securitization-165-million-home-equity-agreements>.

12 101. As the result of a product design that ensures future payments at the expense of
13 homeowners, Unison’s portfolio has “achiev[ed] a 20.7% annualized net return since 2012,”
14 more than two-fold the stock market’s average annualized net return. *Residential Real Estate*
15 *Generates Strong Returns!*, Unison Investment Management, <https://perma.cc/X53U-FMZR>.

16 102. In its marketing to its own investors, Unison explains that its products have
17 “unlimited upside and limited downside” as well as “low volatility and high risk-adjusted net
18 returns compared to other major asset classes,” including traditional home secured loans. *About*
19 *Us*, Unison Investment Management, <https://www.unisonim.com/about-us>. Thus, while Unison
20 invokes the risk that it may lose money to justify its evasion of laws protecting homeowners,
21 Unison’s statements to its own private investors tell the real story: Unison’s products are
22 structured to ensure its future payments with substantial profits—at the homeowner’s expense.

23 **E. Ms. Gout is locked into a predatory Unison mortgage.**

24 103. Since 2000, Ms. Gout has lived in her current home in San Diego.

25 104. By the time she entered the Unison contract, Ms. Gout was widowed and living
26 alone.

1 105. Her husband, a veteran of the Korean War, became ill in the 1990s. She served as
2 his caregiver up until his passing in 1996.

3 106. Ms. Gout worked for three decades as the property and evidence clerk for the La
4 Mesa police department. She retired in 2006.

5 107. At around this same time, Ms. Gout spent much of her retirement savings helping
6 a struggling family member.

7 108. By 2017, Ms. Gout was facing increased costs of maintaining her home. Her
8 father had taught her how to take care of things herself, but as she aged there were fewer things
9 she could do on her own. This meant increased costs, especially as her home aged.

10 109. Yet as a retiree, she was facing a diminished income to cover these costs.

11 110. Ms. Gout also wanted to save money away in light of her worsening health. In the
12 2000s, she was diagnosed with kidney failure, and she wanted to have money saved away for
13 when she will need to receive dialysis and other more expensive care.

14 111. Ms. Gout was also paying off a first home equity line of credit.

15 112. In 2017, Ms. Gout learned about Unison from Unison's marketing materials.

16 113. After seeing Unison's marketing materials, including the website at
17 www.unison.com, Ms. Gout had a telephone conversation with a Unison representative.

18 114. Ms. Gout had been considering taking out a traditional home equity line of credit.
19 But based on Unison's representations, she believed that a contract with Unison would offer
20 more favorable terms than a traditional home equity line of credit.

21 115. On or about July 7, 2017, Ms. Gout met with a notary to sign Unison's thick stack
22 of form documents. She never met in person with anyone from Unison. At no point did Unison
23 or its agents explain the true cost or impact of the transaction to Ms. Gout.

24 116. Unison required Ms. Gout to sign at least nine separate documents totaling nearly
25 100 pages comprising her contractual agreement with Unison: the Unison HomeOwner Option
26 Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, Memorandum of Unison HomeOwner
27 Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and Riders, Subordinated Deed of Trust

1 and Security Agreement, Assignment of Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Requests for Notice of
2 Default, Signature and Name Affidavit, and the Certification of Trust.

3 117. As part of these contracts, Ms. Gout was required to grant Unison a mortgage on
4 her home, which secured her obligations under the contract on penalty of foreclosure.
5 Subordinated Deed of Trust and Security Agreement at 2–3 § 2(b).

6 118. The terms of Unison’s contract were presented on a take-it-or-leave-it basis.

7 119. The positions of the parties were highly unequal. Ms. Gout was an elderly retiree
8 and widow without a college degree and limited experience in complex financial transactions.

9 120. Unison is a multi-million-dollar financial technology company, it drafted the
10 contracts, and it has complex methods of market and financial analysis that give it far superior
11 knowledge of how the contracts will actually work in practice.

12 121. Unison did not provide required lending disclosures to Ms. Gout.

13 122. Instead, Unison provided “disclosures” that did not comply with lending laws and
14 were designed to be confusing and misleading.

15 123. As a result, Unison obscured the finance charges and cost of the credit.

16 124. Ms. Gout did not, and could not, understand the true nature of the agreement and
17 her future payment obligation to Unison, which Unison designed to obscure how much
18 homeowners will have to pay the company.

19 125. Just like all its loans, Unison paid Ms. Gout an initial advance, received security
20 through a mortgage on her home, and requires a future payment. And just like all its loans,
21 Unison’s contracts with Ms. Gout have ensured that her future payment to the company will far
22 exceed the advance she received.

23 126. Unison purported to offer Ms. Gout an advance payment called a “Unison
24 Investment Payment” of \$99,750. This amounted to 17.5% of the “Original Agreed Value” of
25 her home at the time, set at \$570,000. But before paying this amount to Ms. Gout, Unison
26 subtracted its “transaction fee” of \$2,494. Combined Closing Statement at 1.

1 127. Ms. Gout's payment was also reduced by hundreds of dollars in other fees,
2 including fees for the appraisal, home inspection, title, recording fees, and mortgage tax, many of
3 which were also paid to or through Unison. *Id.* After paying \$34,993.95 to Ms. Gout's second
4 mortgage, the Unison loan provided her only \$59,967.28.

5 128. In exchange for this advance, in 30 years or less, Ms. Gout (or her estate) will be
6 forced to pay Unison far more than she received—and far more than the law allows.

7 **F. Ms. Gout discovers the true nature of Unison's hidden mortgage loan.**

8 129. In early 2025, Ms. Gout spoke to a realtor who was a member of her church. He
9 advised Ms. Gout that she may have fallen victim to predatory lending, and encouraged Ms.
10 Gout to call Unison for details about the terms of her agreement.

11 130. In February 2025, Ms. Gout called Unison to obtain information about paying off
12 her loan.

13 131. Unison told Ms. Gout that she would have to pay Unison approximately \$375,000
14 if she wanted to buy her way out of the contract. This was the first time Ms. Gout learned that
15 she would owe so much money.

16 132. In other words, after a little less than eight years, Unison was forcing Ms. Gout to
17 repay Unison's \$97,256 advance² along with an additional \$277,744 dollars. That is equivalent
18 to an annual simple interest rate of over 34.49% and an annual percentage rate of 18.375%.

19 133. That is far higher than the applicable maximum rate permitted under California
20 law. It is also far higher than the interest rate for other mortgage or home equity loans.

21 134. Ms. Gout had no idea that the loan would obligate her to pay this much or more.

22 135. Had Ms. Gout understood the true cost of her transaction with Unison at the time
23 she entered into the contracts, she would not have agreed to it.

24 136. On or about February 21, 2025, Ms. Gout reached out to Unison requesting a
25 copy of her contract documents.

26
27 ² This is the Investment Payment of \$99,750 minus Unison's transaction fee of \$2,494. Even without subtracting the
transaction fee, however, the rate of interest is still far higher than the law allows.

1 137. Shortly thereafter, Unison sent Ms. Gout a copy of her “Unison Funding
2 Package.”

3 138. At the suggestion of the realtor she met through her church, Ms. Gout sought legal
4 advice in March of 2025.

5 **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

6 139. Ms. Gout brings this class action under California Code of Civil Procedure § 382.

7 140. Ms. Gout seeks certification of the following class:

8 All California residents who entered into a Unison HomeOwner
9 Agreement or similar product with Unison.

10 141. The class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. While the
11 exact number and identity of class members is unknown to Ms. Gout at this time and can only be
12 determined through appropriate discovery, Ms. Gout believes that there at least hundreds of class
13 members based on publicly available information. The precise number and identification of the
14 class members will be ascertainable from Unison’s own records.

15 142. There are questions of law and fact common to all members of the class. Those
16 common questions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 17 a. Are Unison’s contracts unlawful, unfair, or deceptive practices under the
18 California Unfair Competition law?
19 b. Are Unison’s contracts usurious under the California Constitution?
20 c. Are Unison’s contracts unconscionable under California law?

21 143. Ms. Gout’s claim is typical of the class claims because she, like the class
22 members, entered into a HomeOwner Agreement with Unison. Ms. Gout’s contract with Unison
23 is typical, as at all relevant times, Unison’s contract has contained materially similar terms with
24 respect to the structure of its advance payments; its purported “option” mechanism for ensuring
25 its future payment; securing the homeowner’s obligations through a security interest in a
26 residence; and deceptive characterizations of the product.

1 144. Ms. Gout will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class because she
2 shares the same interest in challenging Unison's practices as the rest of the class, her interests do
3 not conflict with the interests of the class, and she has obtained counsel experienced in litigating
4 class actions and matters involving similar or the same questions of law.

5 145. The questions of law or fact common to the members of the class predominate
6 over any questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other
7 available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating class members' claims. There will be no
8 difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

9 146. Ms. Gout also seeks certification of the following subclass:

10 All California residents who were over 65 when they entered into an
11 "Equity Sharing Agreement," "Unison HomeOwner Agreement," or
 similar product with Unison.

12 147. This subclass is also so numerous that joinder is impracticable. While the exact
13 number and identity of subclass members is unknown to Ms. Gout at this time and can only be
14 determined through appropriate discovery, Ms. Gout believes that there are potentially hundreds
15 of subclass members, given the number of class members and because Unison often markets its
16 product to older homeowners like Ms. Gout. The precise number and identification of the
17 subclass members will be ascertainable from Unison's own records.

18 148. There are questions of law and fact common to all members of the subclass.
19 Those common questions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 20 a. Whether Unison took, secreted, appropriated, obtained, or retained the real
21 or personal property of elders for a wrongful use or with intent to defraud.
22 b. Whether Unison's taking was for wrongful use because it knew or should
23 have known that its conduct was likely to be harmful to elders.
24 c. Whether this taking deprived any elder of a property right, including by
25 means of an agreement.

26 149. Ms. Gout's claim is typical of the subclass claims, as she is an elder and
27 experienced harms from Unison's contracts that are typical of the subclass.

150. Ms. Gout will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the subclass because she shares the same interest in challenging Unison’s practices as the rest of the subclass, her interests do not conflict with the interests of the subclass, and she has obtained counsel experienced in litigating class actions and matters involving similar or the same questions of law.

151. The questions of law or fact common to the members of the subclass predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fairly and efficiently adjudicating class members' claims. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action. And given the particularly vulnerable population targeted, many subclass members may not be aware of their legal claims.

COUNT 1
UNLAWFUL BUSINESS PRACTICES
Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200
Against All Defendants

152. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth at length herein.

153. The California Unfair Competition Law (“UCL”) prohibits acts of unfair competition, including business practices that are unlawful. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200 *et seq.*

154. A business practice that violates any other provision of law, be it civil, criminal, federal, state, or municipal, statutory, regulatory, or court-made, is an unlawful business practice under the UCL.

155. Unison's conduct violates the California Constitution's prohibition on usury, Article XV, Section 1. *See* Count 4.

156. Unison's conduct is unconscionable and prohibited by common law and statute, *see* Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1670.5, 22302. *See* Count 5.

157. Unison's conduct violates statutory prohibitions on elder financial abuse, California Welfare & Institutions Code § 15610.30. *See* Count 6.

1 158. Unison’s conduct violates California’s Financial Code and related statutes,
2 including by the following conduct:

- 3 a. Unison’s products are residential mortgage loans, Cal. Fin. Code
4 §§ 50002(a), 50003(p); UAC acted as a mortgage loan originator, Cal. Fin.
5 Code § 22013; Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 10166.01, while not being so
6 licensed as required by California law, Cal. Fin. Code §§ 22109.4,
7 22109.6, 22100(f), 22755; Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 10166.01, 10166.02;
- 8 b. UIM and Real Estate Equity Exchange assist and aid and abet UAC’s
9 unlicensed origination of mortgages in violation of Cal. Fin. Code
10 § 22755(f);
- 11 c. Unison’s product is a consumer loan, Cal. Fin. Code § 22203, but Unison
12 was not and is not a licensed lender and therefore is unlawfully “engaged
13 in the business of making consumer loans.” Cal. Fin. Code §§ 22009,
14 22100(a)
- 15 d. Unison violated Cal. Fin. Code § 22161 by (1) making materially false or
16 misleading statements or representations to a borrower about the terms or
17 conditions of the loan, as described herein, including but not limited to
18 that the product was not a loan, that the borrower might not have to pay
19 the loan back, that the loan had no interest, and that Unison and the
20 homeowner shared equally in the risks and rewards of the product,
21 § 22161(a)(1); (2) making statements and representations in advertising
22 about the rates, terms, and conditions of its loan that were false,
23 misleading, deceptive, or omitted material information, including
24 information revealed the true cost and risks of the transaction,
25 § 22161(a)(3); (3) knowingly misrepresenting, circumventing, or
26 concealing material aspects or information regarding the transaction as
27

described herein, § 22161(a)(6); and (4) engaging in dishonest dealings, § 22161(a)(7);

- e. Unison failed to provide full and clear disclosure of interest rates, charges, and loan costs, in violation of Cal. Fin. Code § 22164;
- f. Unison's contract is unconscionable under Cal. Fin. Code § 22302;
- g. Unison violated Cal. Fin. Code § 22332 by failing to accurately disclose the amount of the loan and the interest rate on the loan;
- h. Unison violated Cal. Fin. Code § 22755 by engaging in unlawful conduct as a mortgage originator, including but not limited to the following conduct alleged herein and below: (1) directly or indirectly employing any scheme, device, or artifice to defraud or mislead borrowers; (2) engaging in unfair and deceptive practices; (3) failing to disclose financing terms; (4) failing to make disclosures required by law; (5) failing to comply with other requirements of the Financial Code; and (6) making false or deceptive statement or representations as to rates and financing terms, and engaging in bait-and-switch advertising.

159. Each of Unison's violations of California's Financial Code was willful. The loan is therefore void under Cal. Fin. Code § 22750(b). Unison has unlawfully collected or received principal, charges, or recompense in connection with its transactions.

160. In the alternative, if these violations were not willful, all interest on Unison's loans is uncollectable. Cal. Fin. Code § 22752(a). Unison has unlawfully collected or received interest in connection with its transactions.

161. As to the subclass, Unison's conduct also violates California's laws on shared appreciation loans for seniors, Cal. Civ. Code §§ 1917.320 et seq, including by failing to comply with the terms required by § 1917.331, such as the requirement of providing a monthly annuity as well as caps on fees and other terms, and failing to provide disclosures required by § 1917.711, as well as the other provisions governing shared appreciation loans for seniors.

1 162. Unison's conduct also violates California's laws on reverse mortgages:

- 2 a. The product is a reverse mortgage under California law. Cal. Civ. Code §
3 1923. Its product is a nonrecourse loan secured by real property. Unison
4 provides a cash advance to a borrower based on the equity or the value of
5 the borrower's owner-occupied principal residence. The loan requires no
6 payment of principal or interest until the entire loan becomes due or
7 payable. However, in violation of California reverse mortgage laws,
8 Unison is not a lender licensed or chartered pursuant to the laws of
9 California or the United States.
- 10 b. Unison fails to comply with the requirements for reverse mortgages,
11 including but not limited to prepayment penalty prohibitions, disclosure
12 requirements, and independent counseling obligations. §§ 1923.2, 1923.5,
13 1923.6.

14 163. Unison's conduct violates California's laws on real property loans, including but
15 not limited to by charging a fee for an appraisal but failing to provide Ms. Gout and class
16 members a copy of that appraisal at or before closing. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 10241.3.

17 164. Each of these violations of other statutes is an unlawful business practice under
18 the Unfair Competition Law.

19 165. These violations have caused and continue to cause harm to Ms. Gout and the
20 class, including in the form of unlawful encumbrances on their homes, fees incurred as part of an
21 unlawful transaction, and unlawful payments of principal and interest to Unison. These harms
22 are caused by Unison's unlawful conduct. For example, Unison does not meet the requirements
23 for licensing as lender, such that it could never have offered these contracts to Ms. Gout or the
24 class. Additionally, even if Unison had been properly licensed, it could not have engaged in
25 harmful and unlawful conduct towards Ms. Gout and the class. For example, the reporting
26 requirements imposed on licensed lenders and mortgage originators would have required Unison
27 to regularly disclose to California regulators lending and marketing practices that are not in

1 compliance with state law. *See, e.g.*, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 10166.07; Cal. Fin. Code § 22159;
2 Cal. Code Regs. Tit. 10, § 1430 *et seq.* Had Unison failed to make disclosures, it could then have
3 faced penalties and further enforcement. On information and belief, this reporting requirement or
4 reporting would have prevented Unison from engaging or continuing to engage in these
5 practices.

6 166. Ms. Gout and the class seek equitable relief, rescission, restitution, attorneys'
7 fees, costs, and such other relief as is equitable and just.

8 167. Ms. Gout seeks public injunctive relief on behalf of herself and the general public.
9 Specifically, she seeks a declaration that Unison's HomeOwner Agreement is unlawful and an
10 order prohibiting Unison from offering the unlawful Unison HomeOwner Agreements to
11 Californians. This relief applies to all persons who own or may in the future own residential
12 property in California.

13 168. Ms. Gout also seeks an injunction prohibiting Unison from enforcing the unlawful
14 terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreements against all persons who own residential property
15 in California.

16 **COUNT 2**
17 **UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES**
18 **Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200**
Against All Defendants

19 169. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth
20 at length herein.

21 170. The Unfair Competition Law prohibits unfair business practices and provides a
22 cause of action for these violations. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.

23 171. Unison's contracts are unfair under both the balancing test and the tethering test.
24 *See Lozano v. AT&T Wireless Servs., Inc.*, 504 F.3d 718, 735-36 (9th Cir. 2007).

25 172. Unison's contracts are immoral, unethical, oppressive or unscrupulous and cause
26 injury to consumers that outweighs the utility of Unison's conduct, including but not limited to
27 the following ways:

- a. Homeowners provide highly disproportionate returns to Unison in comparison to the advances they receive;
- b. Even though Unison receives a disproportionate payout from the value of the home, it requires that homeowners like Ms. Gout bear all costs in order to protect and increase Unison's profits, including costs associated with the purchase of the property, the costs of maintenance of the property, payment of taxes and insurance, payment of all seller's costs, and payment of additional fees;
- c. These products can destroy intergenerational transmission of wealth, especially for working-class families;
- d. Homeowners can lose their homes, which are often their financial anchor and largest asset, or get virtually nothing for homes they have spent decades working hard to pay off;
- e. Unison offers these products without sufficient independent counseling about their lengthy contracts, which contain complex and convoluted terms that are difficult for ordinary homeowners to understand;
- f. Unison includes these highly one-sided terms in order to increase its profits and returns to its own investors; and
- g. There are other viable methods for homeowners to access equity in their homes that do not involve these predatory features and are far less dangerous to homeowners, including but not limited to the California Dream for All program and Home Equity Lines of Credit.

173. Ms. Gout and the class could not have reasonably avoided these unfair terms because Unison's contract is misleading, complex, confusing, and presented as a contract of adhesion on a take-it-or-leave-it basis.

174. Ms. Gout and the class cannot reasonably avoid their future payment obligations to Unison, since each outcome of the contract requires payment to Unison. The only scenario in

1 which Unison will not “exercise” its purported option to require payment is one in which the
2 housing market experiences a catastrophic collapse, which is not an outcome in the control of
3 Ms. Gout or the class.

4 175. Unison’s contracts are also in violation of legislatively declared policy, including
5 but not limited to the policy reflected in laws limiting interest rates in consumer loans; requiring
6 significant disclosures and independent counseling when homeowners are using their homes as
7 security; and disproportionate returns on shared-appreciation products. Cal. Civ. Code §§
8 1917.006(a), 1917.006(a)(1), 1917.006(c), 1923.2(k), 1923.

9 176. These violations have caused and continue to cause harm to Ms. Gout and the
10 class, including in the form of unlawful encumbrances on their homes, fees incurred as part of an
11 unlawful transaction, and unlawful payments of principal and interest to Unison.

12 177. Ms. Gout and the class seek equitable relief, rescission, restitution, attorneys’ fees,
13 costs, and such other relief as is equitable and just.

14 178. Ms. Gout seeks public injunctive relief on behalf of herself and the general public.
15 Specifically she seeks a declaration that Unison’s HomeOwner Agreement is unfair, an order
16 prohibiting Unison from offering the unfair Unison HomeOwner Agreements to Californians.
17 This relief applies to all persons who own or may in the future own residential property in
18 California.

19 179. Ms. Gout also seeks an injunction prohibiting Unison from enforcing the unfair
20 terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreements against all persons who own residential property
21 in California.

22 **COUNT 3**
23 **DECEPTIVE BUSINESS PRACTICES/OMISSIONS**
24 **CAL. BUS. & PROF. CODE § 17200**
Against All Defendants

25 180. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth
26 at length herein.
27

1 181. The Unfair Competition Law prohibits deceptive and misleading practices. Cal.
2 Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200.

3 182. Unison’s contract documents contain several statements that are likely to deceive
4 members of the public.

5 183. The contracts Unison provided to Ms. Gout and the class repeatedly state that it
6 will pay the homeowner a “Unison Purchase Price” that is typically hundreds of thousands of
7 dollars (in Ms. Gout’s case, \$399,000). Unison Homeowner Option Agreement §§ 1(a), 10. This
8 is likely to deceive reasonable consumers into believing that they would be receiving this sum of
9 money from Unison. However, as explained above, the majority of that amount (in Ms. Gout’s
10 case, \$299,250) is simply money that the homeowner would have received from the sale of their
11 home anyway, even if they had never entered a contract with Unison. This payment is therefore
12 illusory. This deceptive statement is material, since a reasonable consumer would attach
13 significant importance to whether they would receive hundreds of thousands of dollars in
14 payments from entering into the contract with Unison.

15 184. Unison’s contract also misleadingly omits the true cost of its loan. This is a
16 material omission, since the amount a homeowner will have to pay Unison will be very
17 important to their decision of whether to enter into this contract.

18 185. This omission is particularly misleading in light of other statements in Unison’s
19 contracts. For example, Unison’s contract states that the payment it will receive “may be greater
20 than, equal to, or less than the Unison Investment Payment, or zero, depending upon the change
21 in value of the Property.” Unison Homeowner Option Agreement § 6. This is likely to deceive a
22 reasonable consumer, as it gives the impression that Unison is as likely to lose money as to make
23 money. Based on its superior access to information, experienced analysts, sophisticated models,
24 and access to data on its past performance, Unison knows that it has structured its product to
25 ensure that it is far more likely will receive a large sum of money from the homeowner. This
26 misleading statement is material, since a reasonable consumer would attach significant
27

1 importance to whether Unison is actually sharing in any risk, or has effectively ensured its future
2 payout.

3 186. Like other reasonable consumers, Ms. Gout would not have entered into these
4 contracts with Unison if Unison had accurately disclosed the true cost of the transaction and not
5 engaged in deception regarding the risks and costs of the transaction.

6 187. Unison's contracts also misleadingly omitted the fact that Unison is not licensed
7 to engage in lending, mortgage lending, or mortgage origination through its purported equity
8 sharing agreements. A reasonable consumer is likely to be deceived by this omission, since they
9 would not suspect that Unison's products are illegal, unlicensed loans. This omission is also
10 material, since a reasonable consumer would attach importance to the fact that the company
11 placing a mortgage on her home and lending her money is doing so illegally.

12 188. Upon information and belief, Unison's representations regarding the fees assessed
13 for the origination of the contract are false and/or misleading, in that Unison profits from certain
14 fees while indicating that they are bona fide fees reflecting the costs of the transaction.

15 189. These violations have caused and continue to cause harm to Ms. Gout and the
16 class, including in the form of unlawful encumbrances on their homes, fees incurred as part of an
17 unlawful transaction, and unlawful payments of principal and interest to Unison.

18 190. Ms. Gout and the class seek equitable relief, rescission, restitution, attorneys' fees,
19 costs, and such other relief as is equitable and just.

20 191. Ms. Gout seeks public injunctive relief on behalf of herself and the general public.
21 Specifically she seeks a declaration that Unison's HomeOwner Agreement and Unison's
22 advertisements of the agreement are deceptive, and an order prohibiting Unison from offering the
23 Unison HomeOwner Agreements to Californians in a deceptive manner. This relief applies to all
24 persons who own or may in the future own residential property in California.

25 192. Ms. Gout also seeks an injunction prohibiting Unison from enforcing the terms of
26 the Unison HomeOwner Agreements against all persons who own residential property in
27 California because Unison obtained the purported agreements by deceptive means.

COUNT 4
USURY
California Constitution, Article XV § 1
Against All Defendants

193. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth at length herein.

194. The California Constitution, Article XV, Section 1 prohibits the charging of interest on a loan above 10%.

195. Unison's product is a loan.

196. The effective Annual Percentage Rate on Unison's product far exceeds 10%. If a triggering event were to happen today, Ms. Gout's contract contains an effective simple interest rate of over 34%.

197. Unison is consciously and voluntarily requiring and taking more than the legal rate of interest. Since Unison structures its contracts to require return rates that will far exceed 10%, Unison willfully intended to enter into usurious transactions.

198. As such, Unison has violated the California Constitution, Article XV, Section 1.

199. Ms. Gout and the class are entitled to relief, including Unison's forfeiture of all interest on its contract and penalties. *See* Cal. Civ. Code § 1916-3.

COUNT 5
UNCONSCIONABILITY
Cal. Civ. Code § 1670.5 and/or Common Law
Against All Defendants

200. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth at length herein.

201. As described above and set forth herein, the agreement is substantively and procedurally unconscionable, including but not limited to the following:

- a. Unison is a large financial company engaged in the business of soliciting homeowners and placing them in agreements like the one entered by Ms. Gout;

- 1 b. Unison and Ms. Gout, and other similarly situated consumers, occupied
2 and occupy significantly unequal bargaining positions, including in
3 Unison has complex methods of market and financial analysis whereas
4 consumers do not;
- 5 c. Unison drafted all documents, amounting to nearly 100 pages in the
6 funding package, and presented them as contracts of adhesion;
- 7 d. Unison provided no meaningful explanation of the true costs of the
8 contracts;
- 9 e. Unison failed to provide accurate disclosures related to the transaction and
10 cost of credit as required by law, and instead provided purported
11 disclosures that were misleading, misstated the risks and costs of the
12 transaction, and were confusing;
- 13 f. Unison drafted the documents to be confusing and embedded the terms in
14 fine print, some of which could only be located on the website, others of
15 which were never disclosed, and the contracts themselves are written in
16 small print, are extremely lengthy, contain legalese, repeatedly cross
17 reference other documents, and include extremely difficult to understand
18 terms;
- 19 g. Unison drafted and presented the documents in a manner that exploited the
20 unequal bargaining power of the parties such that consumers like Ms.
21 Gout would not and could not understand the full nature and consequences
22 of the transaction
- 23 h. Upon information and belief, Unison has artificially decreased the
24 purported “original value” of consumers’ homes to increase Unison’s
25 future profits, which will be based on a valuation of the house that won’t
26 be artificially decreased;
- 27

- 1 i. Unison drafted the contract to limit the ability of homeowners to pay off
2 the obligation before three years elapsed, thereby further guaranteeing
3 Defendants' high rate of return and the homeowner's increased loss;
- 4 j. Unison required that homeowners, such as Ms. Gout, transfer wealth from
5 themselves to Unison by requiring the homeowners to bear all costs in
6 order to protect and increase Unison's profit, including costs associated
7 with the purchase of the property, the costs of maintenance of the
8 property, payment of taxes and insurance, payment of all seller's costs,
9 and payment of additional fees;
- 10 k. The terms of the transaction further benefit Unison at the cost of
11 consumers like Ms. Gout because the majority of Unison's purported
12 "purchase price" that it pays homeowners is only paid out of funds from
13 the sale of the home that the homeowner would receive without having
14 entered the contract, such that it is illusory;
- 15 l. The actual cost of the transaction to Ms. Gout and similarly situated
16 consumers is extremely high; and
- 17 m. The terms of the transaction are substantially one-sided in favor of Unison,
18 which drafted the documents and their terms, and guarantee a substantial
19 rate of return to Unison at very limited cost or risk, while placing an
20 outsized burden of the costs and risks on Ms. Gout, and similarly situated
21 consumers, as described above.

22 202. As described herein, the transactions are procedurally unconscionable, in that
23 Unison uses its unequal bargaining power with respect to their targeted borrowers to allow them
24 to insert oppressive terms that would come as a surprise to borrowers, once discovered.

25 203. As described herein, the transactions are substantively unconscionable, in that
26 Unison traps borrowers in contracts that yield overly harsh and one-sided results in Unison's
27 favor.

204. Because the contract was unconscionable, Ms. Gout is thus entitled to and respectfully requests, for herself and all others similarly situated, all available relief, including that the court declare that the contract cannot be enforced under Cal. Civ. Code § 1670.5 and/or declare that the contract is void pursuant to the common law contract defense of unconscionability.

COUNT 6
ELDER FINANCIAL ABUSE
California Welfare & Institutions Code § 15610.30
Ms. Gout and the Subclass Against All Defendants

205. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth at length herein.

206. Ms. Gout is an “elder” within the meaning of California Welfare & Institutions Code (“WIC”) section 15610.27. She was seventy-two-years-old in 2017 when she first learned of Unison.

207. Elder financial abuse occurs when a person “[t]akes, secretes, appropriates, obtains, or retains real or personal property of an elder . . . for a wrongful use or with intent to defraud.” WIC § 15610.30(a)(1). A taking occurs whenever an elder “is deprived of any property right, including by means of an agreement.” WIC § 15610.30. Such a taking is “for a wrongful use” when the party enacting the taking “knew or should have known that [its] conduct is likely to be harmful to the . . . elder.” WIC § 15610.30(b).

208. Unison took Ms. Gout's property by securing a deed of trust against her property and entering into its mortgage contracts with Ms. Gout. The deed of trust and these contracts impair Ms. Gout's property rights by, for example, depriving Ms. Gout of the right to freely alienate her property.

209. Unison knew or should have known its conduct would likely harm Ms. Gout for reasons including:

- a. Requiring Ms. Gout to pay Unison far more money than she received under loan contracts that are illegal under California law and at a rate that is usurious under California law;
- b. Requiring Ms. Gout to handle all maintenance, insurance, and taxes on her home, with Unison paying none of these costs despite the fact that it will receive a large portion of the home's value;
- c. Requiring Ms. Gout to cover all of the closing costs on the sale of the home, with Unison paying none of these costs despite the fact that it will receive a large portion of the home's value;
- d. Requiring opaque and unjustifiable fees in service of an unlawful, unfair, and deceptive transaction;
- e. Causing Ms. Gout to enter into procedurally and substantively unconscionable contracts; and
- f. Using the deed of trust and other contracts to redirect fees to an entity owned or otherwise controlled by Unison.

210. Unison's financial abuse caused Ms. Gout to suffer damages, including encumbrance of her primary residence, a loss of rights over her property, severe emotional distress, unjustified fees, and the loss of a substantial portion of her home equity.

211. Ms. Gout and the subclass therefore seek equitable relief, compensatory damages, attorney fees, and costs, and all other available relief pursuant to WIC § 15657.5(a).

212. Unison acted with oppression, fraud, or malice and manifested a conscious disregard for the rights of Ms. Gout and the subclass. Ms. Gout and the subclass can thus recover exemplary and punitive damages under Cal. Civ. Code § 3294.

213. Ms. Gout and the subclass are also entitled to treble damages under Cal. Civ. Code § 3345.

- 1 a. At all relevant times, Ms. Gout and the subclass were over 65 years of age
2 and thus qualified as senior citizens within the definition of Cal. Civ. Code
3 § 1761(f).
- 4 b. Unison knew or should have known that Ms. Gout and other subclass
5 members were senior citizens because it knew their dates of birth.
- 6 c. Unison caused losses to Ms. Gout and the subclass, including
7 encumbrance of a primary residence and a substantial loss of property set
8 aside for retirement, or for personal or family care and maintenance.
- 9 d. Ms. Gout and the subclass were particularly vulnerable because of her age
10 and actually suffered substantial emotional and economic damage
11 resulting from Unison's conduct.

12 **COUNT 7**
13 **DECLARATORY JUDGMENT**
14 **Declaratory Judgment Act § 1916.1**
 Against All Defendants

15 214. Ms. Gout incorporates by reference each allegation set forth above as if set forth
16 at length herein.

17 215. Ms. Gout is a "person interested under a written instrument ... or under a contract
18 or who desires a declaration of his or her rights or duties with respect to another." Cal. Civ. Code
19 § 1060.

20 216. These contracts and written instruments impose ongoing and future obligations
21 upon Ms. Gout, and also encumber Ms. Gout's property.

22 217. Ms. Gout seeks a declaration of the validity of her contracts with Unison, as well
23 as her rights and duties under those contracts. Specifically, Ms. Gout seeks a declaration that her
24 contracts with Unison are void, voidable, invalid, or otherwise unenforceable in whole or in part.

25 218. Ms. Gout seeks declarations including:

- 26 a. That Unison's contracts are void under Cal. Fin. Code § 22750(b);
27

- 1 b. That the contracts are unconscionable and unenforceable under Cal. Civ.
2 Code § 1670.5 and/or common law; or
3 c. In the alternative, that all interest under the contracts is uncollectable
4 under Cal. Fin. Code § 22752(a).

5 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

6 WHEREFORE, Ms. Gout respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment against the
7 defendants as follows:

- 8 A. An order declaring the Defendants jointly and severally liable;
9 B. An order providing for any and all injunctive, equitable, or declaratory relief the
10 Court deems appropriate, including but not limited to declaring void, rescinding, terminating,
11 voiding, or reformulating the contracts;
12 C. An order awarding monetary damages, including but not limited to any
13 compensatory, incidental, or consequential damages in an amount to be determined by the Court
14 or jury;
15 D. An order awarding treble damages;
16 E. An order awarding punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the Court
17 or jury;
18 F. An order awarding interest at the maximum allowable legal rate on the foregoing
19 sums;
20 G. An order awarding reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses, including
21 under Cal. Civ. Pro. § 1021.5; and
22 H. Such further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

23 **JURY DEMAND**

24 Ms. Gout hereby demands trial by jury as to all issues so triable in the above matter.
25
26
27

1 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED AND DATED this 11th day of September, 2025.

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EXHIBIT A

UNISON HOMEOWNER OPTION AGREEMENT

This Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement**") is entered into as of 07/17/2017 ("**Effective Date**").

1. Grant Of Option; Option Price; Consideration.

(a) Patricia Gout ("**Owner**") hereby grants to Unison Agreement Corp., a Delaware corporation, and its successors and assigns ("**Investor**"), an option ("**Option**") to purchase, in the future, an undivided 70.00% interest (the "**Investor Percentage**") in and to that certain residential real property known as 3361 Stellar Drive, San Diego, CA 92123 and further described in the attached **Exhibit A** (the "**Property**") for the Unison Purchase Price of \$399,000.00 ("**Unison Purchase Price**"). The Option is granted by Owner in partial consideration of Investor's providing Owner with an advance of funds in the amount of \$99,750.00 (the "**Unison Investment Payment**").

(b) As consideration for granting the Option, and for Owner's obligations under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Agreement**"), Owner shall receive: (1) the Unison Investment Payment; (2) the delayed right and express waiver of any and all rights of Investor to exercise the Option it has purchased in the Property, unless or until such time as Owner elects, in Owner's sole discretion, to sell the Property, or until the occurrence of another **Exercise Event**, as defined herein; and (3) Investor's performance of its obligations under, and such other rights and benefits as are provided to Owner under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

(c) The Unison Investment Payment is an advance payment of a portion of the Unison Purchase Price. Therefore, in the event Investor elects to exercise the Option, the remaining portion of the Unison Purchase Price (the "**Unison Purchase Price Balance**") will be \$299,250.00.

(d) This Option is made subject to the terms and conditions of the following documents, each executed as of the Effective Date and incorporated herein by reference ("**Transaction Documents**"), which Transaction Documents together with this Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement comprise the Unison HomeOwner Agreement: (1) the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement**"); (2) the Unison Deed of Trust/Mortgage and Security Instrument, together with any riders thereto ("**Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument**"); and (3) the Memorandum of Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum**"). Capitalized terms not defined herein are defined in **Schedule A** to the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

2. Term Of Option; Right To Exercise.

The term of the Option ("**Term**") is thirty (30) years. The Term commences on the Effective Date and expires on the date immediately preceding the thirtieth (30th) anniversary of the Effective Date ("**Expiration Date**"), subject to extension under limited circumstances set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement. Investor will have the right in its **Permitted Discretion** to exercise this Option only upon the following events ("**Exercise Events**"): (a) as of the Expiration Date; (b) upon Owner's arms' length sale of the Property; (c) upon the death of the last surviving Owner ("**Last Surviving Owner**"); or (d) following a material and uncured event of Owner default ("**Event Of Default**"), or acceptance by Owner of

Investor's offer of Option exercise and Orderly Sale, as described in and subject to the terms of **Article Seven** of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

3. Manner Of Option Exercise.

Upon the occurrence of any Exercise Event, Investor (or Investor's agent, servicer, **Asset Administrator**, or other designee) may exercise the Option by transmission of a written statement either substantially in the form of **Exhibit B** hereto, or which otherwise evidences Investor's intent to purchase its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property and settle the Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Option Exercise Notice**"). Transmission of the Option Exercise Notice will constitute exercise of the Option when sent to any of the following **Persons**: (a) Owner, either at the address of the Property, or at the electronic mail address given for notices below; (b) any **Escrow Holder** engaged in processing a sale or transfer of the Property; (c) any real estate agent or broker engaged by Owner in processing a sale or transfer of the Property; (d) any heir(s), representative, or executor of the Last Surviving Owner ("**Owner's Estate**"); or (e) any other Person Owner has designated during the Term as authorized to receive notices under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

4. Property Valuation; Investor Purchase.

Owner agrees that the value of the Property as of the Effective Date is \$570,000.00 ("**Original Agreed Value**"). Owner further agrees that the future value of the Property, when calculated at any time during the Term, is called the **Ending Agreed Value**, which will be determined as provided in the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement and which shall be subject to certain adjustments if: (a) Owner sells the Property prior to the third (3rd) anniversary of the Effective Date; (b) Owner sells the Property in a **Sale By Owner, Intrafamily Sale**, or a sale to a **Third Party Buyer** that is not a **Natural Person** (as such terms are defined in the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement); (c) the Ending Agreed Value is negatively affected as a result of either (i) Owner's failure to maintain the Property during the Term, or (ii) a condition or defect in, or damage to the Property or its title which either existed as of the Effective Date or which occurred or developed during the Term and which was not remedied or repaired by Owner; (d) Owner remodels, improves or modifies the Property and thereby affects the Ending Agreed Value (positively or negatively); or (e) Owner defaults under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and fails to cure the Event of Default.

Upon Option exercise, Investor shall be entitled to purchase its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property in exchange for the Unison Purchase Price Balance. The value of Investor's undivided percentage interest in the Property will be calculated as the Ending Agreed Value of the Property (as adjusted, if applicable) multiplied by the Investor Percentage. Any and all **Unpaid Owner Obligations**, as such term is defined in the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, shall be subtracted from the Unison Purchase Price Balance in calculating the amount Investor shall pay for its undivided percentage interest. Investor's exercise of its Option and purchase of an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures prescribed in the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement. Pursuant to the procedures prescribed in the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, Owner may terminate Investor's right to purchase an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property pursuant to Investor's exercise of the Option by tendering to Investor an amount equal to the value of Investor's undivided percentage interest (if any), minus the Unison Purchase Price Balance (from which Unpaid Owner Obligations shall have been subtracted). Upon acceptance of such amounts from Owner, Investor shall effect

a full release and reconveyance of the Option, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and the other Transaction Documents. In the event that Owner does not terminate Investor's right to purchase its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, Investor and Owner, as co-owners of the Property, shall promptly market and sell the Property in order to liquidate their respective percentage interests thereto.

5. Investor Proceeds; Investor Interest.

The value of Investor's undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, minus the Unison Purchase Price Balance, is termed the "**Investor Proceeds**." The amount of Investor Proceeds, if any, plus the amount of Unpaid Owner Obligations, if any, is termed the "**Investor Interest**."

6. Nature Of Option And Of Unison Investment Payment.

The Unison Investment Payment is not a loan. The Unison Investment Payment is not a principal amount which Investor is contractually or otherwise entitled to recover at Term or at Option exercise. The Investor Proceeds may be greater than, equal to, or less than the Unison Investment Payment, or zero, depending upon the change in value of the Property (the difference between the Original Agreed Value and the Ending Agreed Value) between the Effective Date and the Exercise Event. Owner will not be required to make any monthly interest or any other periodic payments to Investor calculated upon the amount of the Unison Investment Payment, nor will any periodic payment obligations be imposed upon or accrue on the amount of the Unison Investment Payment as indebtedness to Owner.

7. Special Termination.

At any time following the third (3rd) anniversary of the Effective Date, Owner may request special termination of the Option ("**Special Termination**") prior to the occurrence of an Exercise Event or the Expiration Date, pursuant to **Section 6.2** of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, by payment to Investor of an amount ("**Special Termination Price**") equal to the greater of (a) the Unison Investment Payment plus any Unpaid Owner Obligations, or (b) the Investor Interest.

8. Maximum Authorized Debt.

The sum total of loans from third parties secured by liens on the Property that Owner may incur while the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is outstanding is \$399,000.00. This amount is called the **Maximum Authorized Debt**. A sum total of loans from third parties secured by liens on the Property in excess of the Maximum Authorized Debt at any time during the Term is an Event of Default under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

9. Recorded Lien.

Owner's performance under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement will be secured as a recorded lien on the Property by recording of both the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and the Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum in the county where the Property is located. If there is a material and uncured Event of Default under the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor shall have the right, but is not obligated to, demand Owner's performance of the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; and upon Owner's continued failure to perform following such demand, Investor shall have the

right to invoke any and all remedies under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including the right of Option exercise, and those remedies provided to Investor as a secured lien holder under the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and applicable law.

10. Summary of Financial Terms and Fees.

Effective Date:	07/17/2017
Term:	30 Years
Expiration Date:	07/16/2047 at 11:59 pm Pacific Time
Original Agreed Value:	\$570,000.00
Investor Percentage:	70.00%
Unison Purchase Price:	\$399,000.00
Unison Investment Payment:	\$99,750.00
Unison Purchase Price Balance:*	\$299,250.00
Maximum Authorized Debt:	\$399,000.00

* The Unison Purchase Price Balance may be subject to reduction under Sections 7.3(d) and 10.2 of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

The formulae to be applied in any calculation of the Investor Proceeds or Investor Interest hereunder are set forth in Article 10 of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Address, Phone Number and Electronic
Mail Address for Notice to Owner:

3361 Stellar Drive
San Diego, CA 92123
619-247-8673

Address for Notice to Investor:

Unison Agreement Corp.
P.O. Box 26800
San Francisco, CA 94126-6800
Attn: Asset Administration

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, intending to be legally bound, the parties have executed this Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement as of the Effective Date.

INVESTOR:

Unison Agreement Corp.

By: _____
Robert Price

Title: Managing Director

Date Signed

OWNER:

By: Patricia Gout
Patricia Gout

Date Signed: 7-17-17

By: _____

Date Signed: _____

By: Patricia Gout / TRUSTEE
PATRICIA A. GOUT AS TRUSTEE OF THE
PATRICIA A. GOUT TRUST DATED 6-1-2004

Date Signed: 7-17-17

By: _____

Date Signed: _____

Exhibit A

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

That certain real property situated in the City of San Diego, County of San Diego, State of 92123, described as follows:

LOT 1752 OF MISSION VIEJO UNIT NO. 19, IN THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO, COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, STATE OF

CALIFORNIA, ACCORDING TO MAP THEREOF NO. 4294, FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAN

DIEGO COUNTY, AUGUST 7, 1959.

SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS, RESERVATIONS, EASEMENTS, COVENANTS, OIL, GAS OR MINERAL RIGHTS OF RECORD, IF ANY.

APN: 429-572-01-00

[End of legal description.]

Exhibit B

OPTION EXERCISE NOTICE

Date:

To: [Homeowner Name(s)]
[Property Address]
[City State ZIP]

1. Notice is hereby given of Investor's election to exercise the Option granted to Investor by [Homeowner Name(s)] ("Owner") under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement between Investor and Owner dated as of [Effective Date] ("Unison HomeOwner Agreement"). Capitalized terms not defined herein are defined in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

2. Under the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Ending Agreed Value of the Property (as adjusted if applicable), multiplied by the Investor Percentage, minus the Unison Purchase Price Balance, together with any Unpaid Owner Obligations, equals the sum of

\$ (dollars and cents).

3. Upon acceptance of such amount from Owner, Investor shall effect a full release and reconveyance of the Option, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and the other Transaction Documents.

Dated: _____

By: **Exhibit - Do Not Sign**

Name: **Exhibit - Do Not Sign**

Title: **Exhibit - Do Not Sign**

EXHIBIT B

UNISON HOMEOWNER COVENANT AGREEMENT

ARTICLE ONE INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

1.1 Transaction Documents; Purpose of Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement. Pursuant to that certain Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement**") dated as of 07/17/2017 ("**Effective Date**"), PATRICIA A. GOUT, TRUSTEE OR THEIR SUCCESSOR TRUSTEE UNDER THE PATRICIA A. GOUT TRUST DATED 6-1-2004 ("**Owner**") is granting to Unison Agreement Corp., a Delaware corporation, its successors and assigns ("**Investor**"), an option ("**Option**") to purchase an undivided fractional interest ("**Investor Percentage**") in that certain residential real property known as 3361 Stellar Drive, San Diego, CA 92123 (the "**Property**"), in partial consideration of Investor's providing Owner an advance of funds (the "**Unison Investment Payment**"). Under the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, Owner is giving Investor the right, but not the obligation, to exercise its Option and purchase an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property upon the sale of the Property or on the occurrence of any other **Exercise Event** specified in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement. This Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement**"), dated as of the Effective Date, sets forth the representations, warranties, duties and covenants of Owner and Investor during the **Term** of the Option and whenever reasonable or necessary to protect the rights of the parties.

The Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Unison HomeOwner Agreement**") consists of the following transaction documents together with any and all addenda, supplements, schedules, and exhibits thereto ("**Transaction Documents**"): (a) this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement; (b) the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement; (c) a memorandum giving notice of the Option and the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, recorded in the county where the Property is located ("**Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum**"); and (d) a deed of trust (or mortgage) and security agreement, together with any riders thereto giving notice of the Option as a secured interest, recorded in the county where the Property is located ("**Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument**").

1.2 Definitions. The Unison HomeOwner Agreement contains certain defined terms ("**Defined Terms**"). All Defined Terms either have their meaning described within the Transaction Documents, or are defined in alphabetical order in Schedule A to this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement. The first use of any Defined Term in any Transaction Document is in **bold-face** type, and in some cases may also be placed within quotation marks and parentheses.

ARTICLE TWO REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

2.1 Title, Occupancy, Capacity, Authority; Intent Of Agreement.

(a) **Fee Simple Title.** Owner is the owner of the Property and has marketable and insurable absolute title to the Property, free of any other claims, restrictions, leases, liens and other encumbrances or interests against the title, other than **Permitted Encumbrances** and **Permitted Senior Liens**.

(b) **Principal Residence.** Owner will occupy the Property as Owner's **Principal Residence** throughout the Term, unless otherwise agreed by Investor, in writing, in its **Permitted Discretion**.

(c) **Capacity.** Owner has full capacity to enter into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and each of the Transaction Documents and, upon execution and delivery, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall constitute a legal, valid and binding agreement and obligation of Owner.

(d) **Authority.** Owner is a **Natural Person** with the legal power, right and authority to grant the Option, to enter into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and each of the Transaction Documents, and to consummate all transactions contemplated by the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. If the Property is to be held in a **Revocable Trust**, Owner has executed and delivered to Investor the revocable trust rider to the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument ("**Revocable Trust Rider**") warranting the identical legal power, right and authority of the **Trustee(s)** and **Trusor(s)**.

(e) **Intent and Purpose of Agreement.** Owner acknowledges that the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is not offered by Investor, and should not be used by Owner, for use as a source of short-term (fewer than three year) funding. Owner acknowledges that the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is instead exclusively offered by Investor as a source of funding pursuant to which Owner will occupy the residence as principal residence (unless otherwise agreed to in writing by Investor, in its Permitted Discretion) for a period of three years or more from the Effective Date in order to permit Investor a reasonable time in which to recoup its transaction costs in originating its investment, and that the following provisions, in addition to this **Section 2.1(e)** of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, are expressly designed, and intended by Owner and Investor, to effectuate this purpose and intent: Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement **Sections 2.2, 2.5, 3.5, 6.2, 7.1(b), 7.3(d), 9.4(c), 10.2, 10.4(b)** and **10.4(c)**. Owner further acknowledges that evidence of intent by Owner to use the Unison HomeOwner Agreement other than in accordance with this purpose and intent shall raise a presumption of bad faith on the part of Owner which shall constitute a breach of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement if not rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.

2.2 No Lawsuits, Claims, Foreclosures, Or Violations; Property Defects and Conditions.

(a) To the best of Owner's knowledge, after due and diligent inquiry, there is no litigation or arbitration pending or threatened against Owner or the Property that might adversely affect the value of the Property or the ability of Owner to perform Owner's obligations under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement;

(b) To the best of Owner's knowledge, after due and diligent inquiry, there is no foreclosure, notice of default, notice of sale, condemnation, environmental, zoning, or land-use regulation proceeding; or any material lawsuit, tax claim, special assessment, or other dispute, present or threatened, which could affect the use or value of the Property. Owner shall notify Investor immediately of any such proceedings of which Owner becomes aware.

(c) To the best of Owner's knowledge, after due and diligent inquiry, there are no operations or activities upon, or present or proposed use or occupancy of the Property or portion thereof, that are not or will not be fully compliant with all state, federal and local laws, zoning ordinances, and regulations.

(d) There are no material defects or conditions on or affecting the Property or title to the Property undisclosed to Investor which are now known to or could reasonably be discovered by Owner, which if later disclosed or discovered, could affect the future use or value of the Property. Owner acknowledges that evidence of misrepresentation or nondisclosure by Owner in contravention of this **Section 2.2(d)** shall raise a presumption of bad faith on the part of Owner which shall constitute a breach of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement if not rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.

2.3 No Advice. Owner understands that granting Investor the Option and entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement can have significant tax, financial and estate planning consequences. Owner acknowledges that Investor has urged Owner to discuss the Unison HomeOwner Agreement

with family members, heirs, and with independent tax, legal and financial advisors to ensure an understanding of the risks and benefits of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement with respect to Owner's particular situation, and that of Owner's family and heirs, and Owner has had the opportunity to do so to Owner's full satisfaction. Owner has reviewed, and understands the risks and benefits of, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and has been extended a three-day opportunity to cancel this Agreement.

In granting the Option and entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Owner is not relying on any information or representation by Investor, its agents, its affiliates, or any of their officers, employees or agents, regarding: (a) the value of the Property; (b) the advisability of Owner's entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or any transaction contemplated thereunder; or (c) the tax implications and consequences of entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or any transaction contemplated thereunder. Owner has made, and will make, Owner's own investigation and seek independent advice regarding such matters, as Investor has expressly urged.

2.4 Spouse Or Other Resident Not On Title. Owner has identified and obtained the signatures of all "Non-Owner Occupants" who occupy the Property on the **Notice and Acknowledgment Regarding Spouses, Partners and Co-Occupants Who Are Not Signatories To The Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("Non-Owner Occupant Disclosure")** in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B. Owner must make, and advise all Non-Owner Occupants to make, independent investigation regarding the legal and financial effect of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement upon the sale of the Property, the death of the last surviving Owner ("**Last Surviving Owner**"), the end of the Term, or following an **Event Of Default** hereunder. Investor makes no representations as to consequences of Owner's granting the Option or entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement on the rights of any Non-Owner Occupant. If any additional adult person not on record title commences to occupy the Property during the Term, Owner must promptly notify Investor and deliver Investor a complete and revised Non-Owner Occupant Disclosure.

2.5 Documentation and Information Supplied by Owner; Financial Condition of Owner. All financial and other documentation and other information Owner has provided to Investor in granting the Option, or in applying for or entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is truthful, complete, not misleading, and fairly and accurately reflects the financial condition of Owner and the condition of the Property as of the date supplied, as of the date of Owner's execution of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and as of the Effective Date. There has been no material change in Owner's financial condition or the condition of the Property since Owner's application to Investor.

2.6 Continuing Obligations. Owner is making the representations and warranties herein to induce Investor to enter into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. All representations and warranties given, and instruments delivered by Owner in connection with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement (including Owner's application for the Unison HomeOwner Agreement), are both true and correct at the time given, at the time of execution of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement by Owner and as of the Effective Date, and Owner must promptly notify Investor during the Term if any representation or warranty Owner has made under this **Article Two** or elsewhere ceases to be materially accurate or true. Investor's right to rely on the truth, accuracy and completeness of the representations, warranties and covenants set forth in this **Article Two** shall survive the Term.

2.7 Conflict. Owner's execution and delivery of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and Transaction Documents, the incurrence of its obligations, the consummation of the transactions it contemplates, and Owner's compliance with its terms, will not conflict with, or result in a breach of, or constitute a default under, any note, mortgage, deed of trust, loan, agreement, lease, indenture, evidence of indebtedness, or other agreement or instrument to which Owner is a party or by which any portion of the Property may be bound.

ARTICLE THREE
OPTION EXERCISE ON SALE OF PROPERTY

3.1 In General.

(a) Investor may, in its Permitted Discretion, exercise the Option as of any sale, exchange, or other transfer of the Property or any portion thereof by Owner, other than an **Exempted Owner Assignment**. The manner of Option exercise shall be as prescribed in **Section 3** of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement.

(b) At any time during the Term, Owner may solicit offers for the Property sale to a third party ("**Third Party Buyer**") without the express approval of Investor, provided Owner complies with all terms and conditions of this **Article Three**. If a sale or transfer of the Property does not satisfy the terms and conditions of this **Article Three**, it shall not constitute a Permitted Sale ("**Permitted Sale**"), and Investor shall not be obligated to release Owner from any duty or liability under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement in connection with the sale or transfer. Any attempted sale or transfer of the Property or any portion thereof by Owner that does not comply with this **Article Three** is an Event Of Default by Owner and is deemed imminently to prejudice **Investor's Rights** hereunder.

3.2 Requirements Of Permitted Sale.

(a) **Notice.** Owner must notify Investor in writing of Owner's decision to market, sell or transfer the Property ("**Notice Of Intention To Sell**"), at least 45 days (or otherwise within a commercially reasonable time) prior to the closing of such sale or transfer. Owner must attach to such Notice Of Intention To Sell any and all documents executed by Owner in connection with the Property's marketing or sale (including but not limited to any and all inspection report(s), listing agreements, staging agreements, and preliminary escrow instructions).

(b) Documentation; Appraisal; Inspections.

(i) Owner must promptly provide to Investor copies of all the following as Owner receives them: **(A)** all offers to purchase the Property; and **(B)** all contracts and other documents related to the prospective sale (including but not limited to inspections, appraisals, escrow instructions, preliminary title reports and other transaction documents and instruments of whatever character relating to the proposed sale or transfer).

(ii) In the event that the Third Party Buyer does not obtain, at a minimum, a standard pest report and standard contractor's inspection report in connection with the Property, Owner must obtain such reports, at Owner's sole expense (or, alternatively, Investor may obtain such reports at Owner's expense), and deliver these to Investor no later than fourteen (14) days prior to the proposed closing of the sale. These reports shall be used by Investor to review the terms of the sale, and, along with other reports deemed necessary by Investor, in connection with Investor's determination of the **Deferred Maintenance Adjustment**, if any.

(iii) Investor may, in its Permitted Discretion, provide to Owner one or more proposed date(s) for **Appraisal** of the Property, to be performed at Owner's expense in accordance with and subject to the terms of **Section 8.5** below, to ascertain the market value and condition of the Property, including Investor's determination of the **Remodeling Adjustment** and/or **Deferred Maintenance Adjustment**, if any.

(c) Escrow and Closing.

(i) A Permitted Sale must be consummated through an appropriate real property **Escrow** using the services of an **Escrow Holder**. Owner and Investor shall do or cause to be done, any and all acts and things as shall be reasonably necessary for Escrow to close the transactions contemplated in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

(ii) The closing of any Permitted Sale shall be scheduled so as to allow Investor: **(A)** to review relevant documents for the Remodeling Adjustment, if any, and Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any; and **(B)** to obtain Appraisal(s), in its Permitted Discretion.

3.3 Option Settlement Or Exercise At Closing Of Permitted Sale. As of the close of Escrow of a Permitted Sale, and provided Owner has complied with the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement:

(a) Prior to the close of Escrow, Investor shall deliver to Owner or to Escrow Holder a calculation of the **Unison Purchase Price Balance** payable to Owner by Investor for its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property and a statement of any and all monetary amounts owed to Investor as unreimbursed **Protective Advances**, unpaid interest, fees and other charges associated with Protective Advances, or unpaid **Asset Administration Fees** hereunder ("**Unpaid Owner Obligations**"). Because Investor will have previously paid a portion of the **Unison Purchase Price** to Owner in the form of the Unison Investment Payment, the Unison Purchase Price shall be reduced by the Unison Investment Payment in calculating the Unison Purchase Price Balance.

(b) Upon close of, and through Escrow for the Permitted Sale, Investor shall be entitled to exercise its Option to purchase its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, the value of which is calculated as the **Ending Agreed Value** of the Property (determined in accordance with **Section 10.3** below) multiplied by the Investor Percentage, in exchange for the Unison Purchase Price Balance minus any Unpaid Owner Obligations as set forth in **Section 3.3(a)** above; Owner however may elect to settle the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and terminate Investor's Option to purchase Investor's undivided percentage interest by tendering to Investor, through Escrow for the Permitted Sale, the amount calculated as follows: the Ending Agreed Value (determined in accordance with **Section 10.3** below), multiplied by the Investor Percentage, minus the Unison Purchase Price Balance (such amount to be termed the "**Investor Proceeds**"), together with any and all Unpaid Owner Obligations (the Investor Proceeds, if any, together with the Unpaid Owner Obligations, if any, to be termed the "**Investor Interest**"). Upon Escrow's delivery and Investor's acceptance of the Investor Interest, in and through Escrow for the closing of the Permitted Sale, Investor shall deliver to Escrow Holder such executed, notarized documents or other instruments as are required by Escrow Holder to effect a full release or reconveyance of the Option, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and the other Transaction Documents, which documents of release shall be recorded by Escrow in the county where the Property is located.

(c) In the event Owner does not terminate Investor's Option to purchase and settle the Unison HomeOwner Agreement pursuant to **Section 3.3(b)** above, then Investor may exercise its Option and consummate the purchase of its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property through Escrow simultaneously with closing of a Permitted Sale, as follows: Owner shall deed Investor its percentage interest in and to the Property through Escrow for the Permitted Sale; Investor and Owner, as co-owners of the Property, shall deed the Property to Third Party Buyer through Escrow for the Permitted Sale; and Escrow shall close the Permitted Sale, transfer title to Third Party Buyer, and liquidate Investor and Owner's respective percentage interests in and to the Property.

(d) Priority of Investor Interest In Connection With Senior Liens. On close of Escrow of a Permitted Sale, prior to the disbursement of any sums to Investor, Escrow Holder shall first disburse from

proceeds in Escrow, all amounts necessary to satisfy in full any outstanding loans secured by "Permitted Senior Liens" or "Approved Subsequent Liens" on the Property.

(e) **Closing Costs and Sales Commissions.** Owner shall pay all costs in connection with the Permitted Sale of the Property, or in connection with Investor's Option exercise that is followed by a sale of the Property in order to liquidate Investor's percentage interest, including, without limitation, recording fees and costs, reconveyance fees, Escrow fees, title insurance fees, federal, state, local and documentary transfer taxes ("Closing Costs") and all sales commissions ("Sales Commissions") owed in connection with the Sale or Investor's Option exercise, not including any closing costs owed by Third Party Buyer. Closing Costs and Sales Commissions shall be paid from the amounts that are owed to Owner, and not from any amounts that are owed to Investor.

(f) **Owner's Obligation For Transaction Costs.** In the event that there are amounts in Escrow equal to the Investor Interest, together with sufficient amounts to release and reconvey all Senior Liens or Approved Subsequent Liens on the Property (including those Senior Loans secured by Senior Liens for which the lien holder has agreed to accept less than the outstanding amounts due in satisfaction of Owner's obligation), but there are insufficient amounts to additionally satisfy those Closing Costs, Sales Commissions, taxes, fees, other loans or obligations of Owner, or any other out of pocket expenses required to be paid to third parties in order to deliver clear title to the Property to the Third Party Buyer, Owner shall be solely responsible for paying such other obligations, costs and expenses from Owner's other assets or separate funds.

(g) If the date scheduled for close of Escrow of a Permitted Sale falls after the Expiration Date of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Term and the Expiration Date shall automatically extend for a reasonable period of time necessary to permit settlement of the Investor Interest or, alternatively, Investor's purchase of its undivided percentage interest and subsequent sale of the Property by Investor and Owner as co-owners to a Third Party Buyer.

3.4 Additional Restrictions On Permitted Sales. In addition to the requirements set forth in Sections 3.1 and 3.2 above, no sale or transfer of the Property shall constitute a Permitted Sale, nor shall Investor consent to any proposed sale of the Property, which does not meet the following restrictions and requirements:

(a) **Arm's Length.** Any sale or transfer of the Property must be at arm's length, made on commercially reasonable terms and entered into in good faith.

(b) **Responsibility For Liens.** In connection with any sale or transfer, Owner shall be solely responsible for conveying title free and clear of any liens, and for satisfying any and all loans and other obligations secured by liens on the Property.

(c) **Sufficient Cash To Owner.** Except as consented to by Investor in writing in its Permitted Discretion, no proposed sale of the Property shall be a Permitted Sale if the consideration for the sale price is not provided by the Third Party Buyer in good and lawful funds at close of Escrow, or if the sale or transfer employs financing by Owner, non-cash consideration, or wraparound financing by Third Party Buyer such that full cash consideration in the amount of the sale price is not conveyed to the Owner.

(d) **No Sales "Subject To" Or Defeasible Sales.** Except as consented to by Investor in writing in its Permitted Discretion, no sale or other transfer which purports to convey title to the Property by Owner to a Third Party Buyer "subject to" the lien created by the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, or "subject to" any other existing lien or payment obligation on the Property, nor any sale or transfer which purports to be defeasible by Owner and Third Party Buyer after close of Escrow upon the occurrence of some future contractually-specified event, shall be a Permitted Sale.

3.5 Sale Price At Variance With Appraised Or Estimated Market Value; Special Provisions Relating to Sale By Owner, Intrafamily Transactions and Sales to Entities.

(a) In the case of any proposed sale or transfer by Owner wherein Investor determines in its Permitted Discretion that the proposed sale price differs materially from the then-estimated market value of the Property or an **Appraised Value**, or in any **Sale By Owner Transaction** or **Intrafamily Transaction** proposed by Owner, Investor shall have the right, but not the obligation, to take any or all of the following actions, in its Permitted Discretion: (i) to make an offer in writing to purchase the Property from Owner for the same price or higher, and upon the same terms and conditions, as the proposed offer from the Third Party Buyer and, if such offer is rejected by Owner, to obtain a written affidavit under oath from Owner stating the reasons for the rejection; (ii) to require Owner, Third Party Buyer and, where applicable, their respective real estate brokers of record conducting the proposed sale transaction, to execute an affidavit under oath attesting that (A) the relationship between Owner and Third Party Buyer and the proposed transaction is at arm's length; and (B) that the proposed sale price of the Property has been determined either by reasonable exposure to the real estate market in the area where it is located or by other valuation methods acceptable to Investor in its Permitted Discretion, which affidavit shall be accompanied, at Investor's request, with supporting written documentation; (iii) to require that one or more Appraisals of the Property be conducted in order for valuation of the Property to be established, pursuant to **Sections 8.5 and 8.6** of this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement;

(b) In any **Sale By Owner** or **Intrafamily Transaction** or a sale to any Third Party Buyer that is not a Natural Person (or Natural Persons taking title to the Property in the form of a Revocable Trust), or otherwise under circumstances of Owner's fraud, misrepresentation or bad faith hereunder, Investor shall have the right, in its Permitted Discretion to require that an **Appraised Value**, rather than the **Effective Sale Price**, be used to determine the Ending Agreed Value of the Property.

3.6 No Investor Liability. Investor shall not be liable to Owner for, and Owner hereby holds Investor harmless from, any and all liability or loss in connection with any delay or postponement of closing of a sale or transfer hereunder (a) resulting from any reasonable inquiry or dispute by Investor pertaining to the estimated market value or Appraised Value of the Property, the Remodeling Adjustment, the Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, or to the validity of any proposed sale or transfer as a Permitted Sale; (b) where Owner has failed to provide Investor with timely, accurate and complete documentation or materials as required hereunder or otherwise requested by Investor in connection with such sale or transfer; or (c) resulting from any action undertaken by Investor under the terms of **Section 3.5** above.

**ARTICLE FOUR
OPTION EXERCISE AT TERM**

4.1 In General. In its Permitted Discretion, Investor shall have the right to exercise the Option as of the Expiration Date of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, as specified in **Section 2** of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, subject to the terms and conditions of this **Article Four**.

4.2 Opening Escrow At Term; Inspections; Appraisals. Investor's exercise of the Option at Term, and its purchase of an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, shall be conducted through Escrow. At least 90 days, but not more than 150 days, prior to the Expiration Date of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, Investor shall open Escrow with an Escrow Holder selected by Investor. Investor and Owner shall, at a mutually convenient date and time, conduct both a home inspection and Appraisal, at Owner's expense, for the purpose of ascertaining the Ending Agreed Value, the Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any, and the Remodeling Adjustment, if any. Investor reserves the right to order more than one home inspection or Appraisal, in its Permitted Discretion.

4.3 Escrow: Deliveries, Timing; Closing. As of the close of Escrow, and provided Owner has complied with the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement:

(a) Prior to the close of Escrow, Investor shall deliver to Owner or to Escrow Holder a calculation of the Unison Purchase Price Balance payable to Owner by Investor for its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property and a statement of Unpaid Owner Obligations, if any. Because Investor will have previously paid a portion of the Unison Purchase Price to Owner in the form of the Unison Investment Payment, the Unison Purchase Price shall be reduced by the Unison Investment Payment in calculating the Unison Purchase Price Balance.

(b) Upon close of, and through Escrow for the Option exercise, Investor shall be entitled to exercise its Option to purchase its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, the value of which is calculated as the Ending Agreed Value of the Property (determined in accordance with **Section 10.3** below) multiplied by the Investor Percentage, in exchange for the Unison Purchase Price Balance minus any Unpaid Owner Obligations, as set forth in **Section 4.3(a)** above. Owner however may elect to settle the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and terminate Investor's Option to purchase its undivided percentage interest by tendering the amount calculated as the Investor Interest to Investor through Escrow. Upon Escrow's delivery and Investor's acceptance of the Investor Interest, Investor shall deliver to Escrow Holder such executed, notarized documents or other instruments as are required by Escrow Holder to effect a full release or reconveyance of the Option, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and the other Transaction Documents, which documents of release shall be recorded by Escrow in the county where the Property is located.

(c) In the event Owner does not terminate Investor's Option to purchase and tender Investor the Investor Interest pursuant to **Section 4.3(b)** above, then Investor may exercise its Option and consummate the purchase of its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, and Owner shall promptly deed Investor such interest in and to the Property, whereupon Investor and Owner, as co-owners of the Property, shall promptly market and sell the Property in order to liquidate their respective percentage interests therein and thereto; and the Term shall automatically extend for such reasonable time as will permit Investor's purchase, and the closing of such subsequent sale.

(d) **Closing Costs and Sales Commissions.** Owner shall pay all Closing Costs and Sales Commissions owed in connection with the sale of the Property following Investor's Option exercise, not including any closing costs owed by Third Party Buyer. Closing Costs and Sales Commissions shall be paid from the amounts that are owed to Owner, and not from any amounts that are owed to Investor.

4.4 Owner's Right To Sell Property In Permitted Sale Prior To Option Exercise At Term. Owner may sell or transfer the Property in a Permitted Sale prior to close of Escrow under this **Article Four**, provided any such sale or transfer complies with the requirements of **Article Three** above, and such sale or transfer closes no later than 11:59 p.m. Pacific Time on the date at least five (5) Business Days prior to the Expiration Date.

ARTICLE FIVE

OPTION EXERCISE AS OF DEATH OF OWNER

5.1 In General. Investor has the right in its Permitted Discretion to exercise the Option as of the death of the Last Surviving Owner, according to the procedures set forth in this **Article Five**.

5.2 Opening Escrow Inspections; Appraisals

(a) Each Owner must at all times during the Term have designated at least one living Natural Person out of Owner's administrators, devisees, executors, heirs, legatees or representatives (collectively and individually, "**Owner's Estate**") which Person shall be charged with notifying Investor immediately in writing of the death of such Owner.

(b) Upon or following Investor's receipt of notice of the death of the Last Surviving Owner, in the event Investor elects to exercise the Option, Investor shall open Escrow with an Escrow Holder selected by Investor. The date selected for close of Escrow may be no earlier than 180 days following the date of death of the Last Surviving Owner; unless agreed to by Owner's Estate in writing; provided, further, that if Investor deems in its Permitted Discretion that Owner's Estate has commenced good faith efforts to sell the Property in a Permitted Sale within the 180 day period following the date of death, Investor may in its Permitted Discretion extend the date selected for close of Escrow for a maximum of two consecutive 90-day periods following the 180th day from death of the Last Surviving Owner to permit Owner's Estate to accomplish such Permitted Sale.

(c) Investor and Owner's Estate shall, at a mutually convenient date and time, conduct both a home inspection and Appraisal of the Property, at Owner's Estate's expense, for the purpose of ascertaining the Ending Agreed Value, the Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any, and the Remodeling Adjustment, if any. Investor reserves the right to order more than one home inspection or Appraisal, in its Permitted Discretion.

5.3 Escrow; Deliveries; Timing; Closing. As of the close of Escrow, and provided Owner has complied with the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement:

(a) Prior to the close of Escrow, Investor shall deliver to Owner's Estate or to Escrow Holder a calculation of the Unison Purchase Price Balance payable to Owner by Investor for its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property and a statement of Unpaid Owner Obligations, if any. Because Investor will have previously paid a portion of the Unison Purchase Price to Owner in the form of the Unison Investment Payment, the Unison Purchase Price shall be reduced by the Unison Investment Payment in calculating the Unison Purchase Price Balance.

(b) Upon close of, and through Escrow for the Option exercise, Investor shall be entitled to exercise its Option to purchase its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, the value of which is calculated as the Ending Agreed Value of the Property (determined in accordance with **Section 10.3** below) multiplied by the Investor Percentage, in exchange for the Unison Purchase Price Balance minus any Unpaid Owner Obligations, as set forth in **Section 5.3(a)** above. Owner's Estate however may elect to settle the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and terminate Investor's Option to purchase its undivided percentage interest by tendering the amount calculated as the Investor Interest to Investor through Escrow. Upon Escrow's delivery and Investor's acceptance of the Investor Interest, Investor shall deliver to Escrow Holder such executed, notarized documents or other instruments as are required by Escrow Holder to effect a full release or reconveyance of the Option, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and the other Transaction Documents, which documents of release shall be recorded by Escrow in the county where the Property is located.

(c) In the event Owner's Estate does not terminate Investor's Option to purchase and tender Investor the Investor Interest pursuant to **Section 5.3(b)** above, then Investor may exercise its Option and consummate the purchase of its undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, and Owner's Estate shall promptly deed Investor such interest in and to the Property, whereupon Investor and Owner's Estate, as co-owners of the Property, shall promptly market and sell the Property in order to liquidate their respective percentage interests therein and thereto; and the Term shall automatically extend for such reasonable time as will permit Investor's purchase, and the closing of such subsequent sale.

(d) **Closing Costs and Sales Commissions.** Owner's Estate shall pay all Closing Costs and Sales Commissions owed in connection with the sale of the Property following Investor's Option exercise, not including any closing costs owed by Third Party Buyer. Closing Costs and Sales Commissions shall be paid from the amounts that are owed to Owner's Estate, and not from any amounts that are owed to Investor.

5.4 Reserved.

5.5 Administration of Estate; Investor Rights. Owner's Estate shall administer and protect the Property so as to preserve Investor's Rights to the extent permitted by law following the death of Owner; and Investor's rights in and to the Property under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall have priority over expenditures by Owner's Estate which are not reasonably necessary to administer and protect the Property.

5.6 Owner's Estate's Right to Sell the Property Prior to Close of Escrow. Owner's Estate may sell the Property in a Permitted Sale within the period prescribed in **Section 5.2(b)**.

5.7 All time periods specified in this **Article Five** shall run from the actual date of the death of the Last Surviving Owner. Failure of Owner's Estate or any other Person to notify Investor of the death of the Last Surviving Owner shall not toll or suspend the running of any time period specified herein.

ARTICLE SIX
NON-EXERCISE TERMINATIONS OF OPTION

6.1 Subject to Investor's Rights hereunder and to those representations and warranties, and duties and covenants of Owner which by their nature survive the Expiration Date; and to the Investor remedies set forth in **Article Seven** below, the Option shall terminate if:

(a) Investor in its Permitted Discretion elects not to exercise the Option, and voluntarily allows it to lapse as of any Exercise Event, the Term, or the Expiration Date;

(b) Investor in its Permitted Discretion voluntarily terminates the Unison HomeOwner Agreement in writing;

(c) Investor acquires title to 100% of the Property;

(d) the Property is destroyed and the insurance proceeds are paid to Investor in the full amount specified in **Section 8.16** of this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement; or

(e) the Property is condemned, in whole and not in part, and the condemnation proceeds are paid to Investor in the full amount specified in **Section 8.17** of this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

6.2 Special Termination By Owner. Owner acknowledges and agrees that under the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor and Owner have covenanted and agreed that the Option may not be exercised until the occurrence of the earlier of an Exercise Event as defined in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, or the Expiration of the Term. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Investor acknowledges and agrees that commencing on the third (3rd) anniversary of the Effective Date, Owner shall have the right to request a special termination of the Option in advance of an Exercise Event or Expiration of Term ("**Special Termination**") by payment to Investor of the greater of: the Unison Investment Payment plus any Unpaid Owner Obligations; or the Investor Interest calculated at the time of Special Termination ("**Special Termination Price**"). The Investor Proceeds in any Special Termination shall be calculated using an Ending Agreed Value equal to the greater of the Appraised Value of the Property at the time of Special Termination, or the **Solicited Sale Value**. Investor's consent to a Special Termination shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(a) **Notice; Proof Of Funds.** At least 45 days prior to the proposed Special Termination, Owner shall deliver notice to Investor that Owner is offering a Special Termination and open Escrow with an Escrow Holder selected by Investor. With such notice, Owner shall provide to Investor true and correct copies of: (i) all offers for the purchase of the Property, or any expressions of interest therein; and (ii) all listings for the sale of the Property, if any. Investor shall have the right in its Permitted Discretion to require proof from Owner of adequate funds to pay the Special Termination Price.

(b) Investor and Owner shall, at a mutually convenient date and time, conduct both a home inspection and Appraisal of the Property for the purpose of ascertaining the Ending Agreed Value, the Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any, and the Remodeling Adjustment, if any. Investor reserves the right to order more than one home inspection or Appraisal, in its Permitted Discretion.

(c) **Investor's Deliveries.** Prior to close of Escrow, provided Owner has complied with the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor shall deliver to Escrow:

(i) such executed, notarized documents or other instruments as are required by Escrow Holder to effect a full release and/or reconveyance of the Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum, Unison HomeOwnr Security Instrument and the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; and

(ii) a statement calculating the Special Termination Price payable to Investor by Owner in consideration for such full release and reconveyance.

(d) **Owner's Deliveries.** On or prior to the close of Escrow, Owner shall deliver the Special Termination Price into Escrow as demanded by Investor together with any and all Closing Costs, recording expenses or other expenses in connection with Escrow or such Special Termination.

(e) **Closing.** At close of and through Escrow, Investor shall be paid the Special Termination Price. Upon, and only upon, Investor's accepting the Special Termination Price, Investor shall instruct Escrow to release and reconvey the Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and to record any and all other documents as Escrow reasonably requires to reflect the release and/or reconveyance of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement in the county where the Property is located.

(f) Investor shall retain the right, in Investor's Permitted Discretion, to reject any purported tender by Owner of the Special Termination Price where (i) Investor has not had adequate opportunity to review inspections, appraisals, or other documents, or (ii) Investor deems Owner's tender insufficient, inadequate, or untimely.

(g) **Non-Disclosure Or Sale At Or After Special Termination.** If Owner fails to disclose an offer to purchase the Property made within ninety (90) days prior to, or Investor becomes aware of a Solicited Sale Value within ninety (90) days following a Special Termination, Owner shall remain liable to Investor for the amount, if any, by which the Investor Interest computed according to the Solicited Sale Value exceeds the Special Termination Price actually paid to Investor.

ARTICLE SEVEN DEFAULT

7.1 Events Of Default. The occurrence of any of the following shall constitute an event of default by Owner ("Event Of Default") hereunder:

(a) **Failure To Perform.** Owner (i) breaches or fails to perform any obligation or covenant under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including but not limited to (A) failure to honor Investor's Rights; or (B) failure to cooperate with, or interference with, Investor's Option exercise and purchase of an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property; or (ii) Owner otherwise takes any action to impede the exercise of the Option, or to reject Investor's rights under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or any of the Transaction Documents as unenforceable.

(b) **Misrepresentation.** Owner makes (or has made) any oral or written representation or warranty to Investor that is false or misleading as of the time given, including, without limitation, any

breach of the representations and warranties given by Owner in **Section 2.2** above; any misrepresentation or suppression of material fact in connection with the amount or kind of consideration given to Owner in any sale or transfer of the Property, in connection with the condition or value of the Property, or in connection with any financial and other documentation and other information Owner has provided to Investor in applying for or entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; or Owner fails to correct a material representation that has become untrue and which may reasonably be expected to affect the Property, its value, or Investor's Rights.

(c) **Other Events Of Default.** Any and all of the following: (i) any loans that are secured by liens on the Property, whether recorded or unrecorded, become delinquent (whether or not such loans or liens have been approved or subordinated to by Investor); (ii) any taxes on the Property become delinquent; (iii) Owner transfers or attempts to transfer the Property or any interest therein, except in accordance with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (iv) Owner ceases to occupy the Property as Owner's Principal Residence, or leases or rents the Property, or any portion of the Property, without Investor's express written consent in its Permitted Discretion; (v) the Property is used for any commercial purpose (other than a "home office" within the meaning of applicable U.S. tax regulations) or as anything other than a residential dwelling; (vi) Owner fails to maintain, preserve or repair the Property to the standards and in the manner specified in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (vii) any lien in violation of the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement attaches to the Property; (viii) the total amount of indebtedness secured by the Property exceeds the **Maximum Authorized Debt**; (ix) Owner fails to maintain insurance on the Property as prescribed in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (x) Owner assigns, or attempts to assign or transfer the Option in violation of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (xi) any event of insolvency of any Owner, including but not limited to the commencement of any bankruptcy proceeding by or against any Owner or the appointment of a conservator of the affairs of any Owner or a receiver for the Property; (xii) following the death of the Last Surviving Owner, Owner's Estate does not comply with **Article Five** or any other provision of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; or (xiii) any other action or event occurs which may reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Property, the value of the Property, or Investor's Rights.

7.2 Acceleration And Power Of Sale.

(a) **The occurrence of one or more of the Events Of Default in Section 7.1 above, if material and uncured, shall be deemed a failure of Owner's performance of Owner's obligations as secured by the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and Investor shall be entitled to demand cure of such Event of Default, and both to exercise its Option and demand performance by Owner (or Owner's Estate) of any and all of its obligations under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. The failure of Owner (or Owner's Estate) to cure such Event of Default and/or to render full performance of Owner's obligations under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall permit Investor to invoke any and all remedies permitted by the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, according to applicable law, including those remedies provided in Section 7 of the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument. The procedures for Investor's exercise of its remedies under the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument shall be as set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and as specified by applicable law.**

(b) **Liquidated Investor Bid Amount.** Owner and Investor agree and acknowledge that, because the damages that would arise from a failure of Owner's performance secured by the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument under this **Article Seven** may be uncertain, depend on many factors, and be extremely difficult to ascertain, the amount of any investor bid ("**Investor Bid Amount**") to be made in connection with a foreclosure sale of the Property by Investor or otherwise, shall be a liquidated amount equal to the Investor Interest calculated using an Ending Agreed Value for the Property as determined under **Section 10.4(f)** below.

(c) **Right Of Cure And Reinstatement.** Owner's rights to discontinue enforcement of the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument by cure and reinstatement shall be as set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and as specified by applicable law.

7.3 Additional Remedies For Certain Events Of Default.

(a) **Termination.** Investor shall be entitled, but is not obligated to, demand immediate **Termination** of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the return of the Unison Investment Payment and any and all other payments tendered to Owner hereunder, and the immediate payment of the amount, if any, by which the Investor Interest calculated pursuant to **Section 10** below exceeds the Unison Investment Payment, together with any and all **Attorney's Fees** and costs incurred by Investor in connection with such termination, upon the discovery, occurrence, or during the continuation of any of the following: (i) fraud, bad faith, or material misrepresentation or nondisclosure by Owner; (ii) breach of the representations and warranties given in **Section 2.1(e)** or **Section 2.2(d)** above; or (iii) a transfer or sale, or attempted transfer or sale, of the Property by Owner in violation of the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

(b) **Damages For Breach.** Owner shall be responsible to pay Investor any damages incurred by Investor arising or relating to Owner's Events Of Default hereunder.

(c) **Specific Performance And Injunctive Relief.** Owner and Investor agree that if Investor is not allowed to exercise its rights under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, or if Owner fails to comply with its obligations thereunder, the damages to Investor may be irreparable and extremely difficult to estimate, making money damages or any remedy at law inadequate. Thus, in addition to any other rights and remedies available to it in law, equity or otherwise, Investor shall be entitled to specific performance of the covenants, agreements and rights contained in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Owner and Investor further agree and acknowledge that a violation or threatened violation of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement by Owner is likely to cause irreparable injury to the Investor and that, in addition to any other remedies that may be available, in law, in equity or otherwise, the Investor shall thereafter be entitled to obtain immediate and other injunctive relief against the threatened breach of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or the continuation of any such breach by Owner, without the posting of a bond or the necessity of proving actual damages.

(d) **Reduced Unison Purchase Price Balance.** Owner and Investor agree that in the event of (i) fraud, bad faith, or material misrepresentation or nondisclosure by Owner; (ii) any transfer or sale, or attempted transfer or sale, of the Property by Owner in violation of the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, or (iii) any other prolonged, material and uncured default by Owner under the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Investor Interest may, in Investor's Permitted Discretion, be calculated by applying a Unison Purchase Price Balance which has been reduced by an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the Unison Investment Payment.

(e) **Investor Right To Make Protective Advances.** Investor shall have the right to make **Protective Advances** as provided in **Section 8.11**, in connection with any Event Of Default, whether or not Investor is also pursuing any other remedies under this **Article Seven**.

(f) **Investor Rights To Enter Property.** Investor shall have the right to enter the Property in connection with or following any Event Of Default hereunder to the extent reasonable or necessary in Investor's Permitted Discretion (i) to conduct inspection(s) and Appraisal(s) of the Property at Owner's or Owner's Estate's expense, for the purpose of ascertaining the Ending Agreed Value, the Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any, and Remodeling Adjustment, if any; (ii) to prevent waste of the Property by Owner or Owner's Estate; and (iii) for any other purpose reasonable and necessary to prevent imminent or continuing harm to or diminution in value of the Property, in Investor's Permitted Discretion.

7.4 Option Exercise And Orderly Sale As Additional Remedy For Event Of Default. Investor and Owner agree that, upon an Event Of Default by Owner, in addition to the remedies provided in Paragraph 7 of the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and otherwise under this **Article Seven**, Investor and Owner, or Owner's Estate, may mutually elect a special remedy of Option exercise and Orderly Sale ("Orderly Sale"), as follows:

(a) Offer and Acceptance.

(i) Upon any Event Of Default by Owner (and provided that Owner has first reasonably exhausted any loss mitigation remedies offered to Owner by the holder of a Senior Lien), Investor may, but is not obligated to, in its Permitted Discretion, offer Owner the remedy of Option exercise and Orderly Sale. Investor shall tender such offer to Owner by opening an Escrow with an Escrow Holder selected by Investor, and promptly offering in writing to tender the Unison Purchase Price Balance into Escrow, in proposed exchange for Owner's granting and conveying to Investor through Escrow Investor's undivided fractional interest in and to the Property, together with a right of Investor to exclusively and unilaterally market and sell the Property in an orderly market sale, which offer shall advise Owner that Owner may have alternative means to cure an Event of Default related to delinquencies on a **Senior Loan** by application to the holder of the **Senior Lien**.

(ii) Within 10 days of Investor's delivery of such offer, Owner may, but is not obligated to, accept Investor's offer of Option exercise and Orderly Sale. Upon written notice of acceptance of such offer, Investor shall deliver the Unison Purchase Price Balance into escrow. Following such delivery, Owner shall deliver into Escrow: (A) a grant deed, executed by Owner and notarized, granting and delivering to Investor good and marketable fee simple title to an undivided fractional interest in the Property equivalent to the Investor Percentage, which deed Escrow Holder shall promptly cause to be recorded in the county where the Property is located; and (B) a notarized **Irrevocable Limited Power of Attorney** substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto executed by Owner authorizing and empowering Investor (although only a co-owner of the Property) to exclusively market, advertise, sell and transfer title to one hundred percent (100%) of the Property, including Owner's interest therein, upon Owner's delivery of the deed; and (C) instructions to Escrow concerning disbursement of the Unison Purchase Price Balance to remedy Events Of Default in accordance with **Section 7.4(b)** below, and in form and content acceptable to Investor.

(b) Disbursements to Cure Events Of Default. Promptly upon recordation of the deed and delivery of the Irrevocable Limited Power of Attorney, Investor will instruct Escrow Holder to disburse from the Unison Purchase Price Balance in Escrow as Protective Advances those amounts necessary to cure and remedy any and all Events Of Default, including delinquent payments, accrued interest, late fees, reinstatement fees and other penalties, together with any and all amounts which Investor deems necessary, in its Permitted Discretion, to repair, protect and maintain the Property. In the event amounts in Escrow are insufficient to cure and remedy any and all such Events Of Default, Investor may make additional Protective Advances; or Owner may advance amounts from Owner's separate assets or funds. Funds remaining in Escrow following such disbursements shall thereafter be retained by Escrow pending closing of the Orderly Sale.

(c) Marketing and Sale.

(i) Promptly following the cure of Owner's Event(s) Of Default, Investor may commence to market and sell the Property in an Orderly Sale. Owner will cooperate with Investor in conducting the Orderly Sale, provided that Investor, although only a co-owner of the Property, shall have the sole and exclusive right in its Permitted Discretion to market, advertise, list,

determine the asking price of, and to solicit, accept, reject or negotiate any offers of sale of the Property, without the consent of Owner.

(ii) Investor will promptly provide copies of all written offers for sale of the Property to Owner, together with all contracts and other documents related to the prospective sale (including but not limited to listing and commission agreements, inspections, appraisals, escrow instructions, preliminary title reports and other documents and instruments of whatever character).

(iii) Owner shall obtain a standard pest report and standard contractor's inspection report in connection with the Property, at Owner's sole expense, (or, alternatively, Investor may obtain such reports at Owner's expense), and deliver these reports to Investor no later than twenty-one (21) days prior to the proposed closing of the sale. These reports shall be used by Investor to review the terms of the sale, and, along with other reports deemed necessary by Investor, for Investor's determination of the Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any, or Remodeling Adjustment, if any.

(iv) Investor may, in its Permitted Discretion, provide to Owner one or more proposed date(s) for an Appraisal of the Property, to be performed at Owner's expense in accordance with and subject to the terms of Section 8.5 below to ascertain the market value and condition of the Property, including Investor's determination of the Remodeling Adjustment, if any, or Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any.

(d) Occupancy, Use and Entry During Orderly Sale. Owner shall have sole and exclusive use of occupancy of the Property during an Orderly Sale unless otherwise mutually agreed in writing by the parties, subject to any and all reasonable rights of Investor and Investor's agents, affiliates or other representatives to enter the Property in order for Investor to carry out its exclusive right to market and sell the property, including, without limitation, rights of entry as reasonable, necessary or required to clean, repair, paint, stage, photograph, inspect, hold publicly open, and show the Property to prospective buyers. Investor shall have the right, as co-owner of the Property, to encumber the Property by obtaining loans secured by liens on the Property, in order to raise those funds reasonably required to improve, repair and prepare the Property for sale at a competitive price in its market.

(e) Closing. Closing of the Orderly Sale will be scheduled so as to: (i) allow Owner to exercise the Owner **Right Of First Refusal**; and (ii) permit Investor to calculate the Remodeling Adjustment, if any, and Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, if any. Closing of the Orderly Sale shall be conducted identically to the closing of a **Third Party Sale** as set forth in Sections 3.3(c), (d), (e), and (f) above.

(f) Owner Right Of First Refusal On Orderly Sale. Owner and Owner's Estate shall have a limited Right Of First Refusal to purchase the Property on economic terms identical to those Investor has indicated it is willing to accept for the Orderly Sale of the Property, as follows:

(i) At such time as Investor receives a written bona fide offer for an Orderly Sale that Investor is willing to accept, Investor must refrain from accepting such offer and Owner will have until the close of business on the 3rd Business Day following Owner's actual receipt of the offer to execute and deliver a binding purchase contract with Investor to purchase the Property on economic terms (including terms with respect to financing) and within all specified time periods Investor has indicated it is willing to accept.

(ii) If the price of a bona fide written offer previously delivered to Investor is materially reduced after delivery to Investor, Investor shall promptly inform Owner in writing of such reduced price and Owner shall have until the close of the 3rd Business Day following Owner's actual receipt of such notice to execute and deliver a binding purchase contract with Investor to

purchase the Property on economic terms, including the reduced price identical to the revised terms Investor has indicated it is willing to accept.

(iii) Owner's (or Owner's Estate's) failure to respond to Investor within the time set forth in this **Section 7.4(f)** shall constitute Owner's (or Owner's Estate's) waiver of the Owner Right Of First Refusal.

(iv) The closing of the sale to Owner or Owner's Estate shall occur not later than the date specified for the closing of the proposed Orderly Sale.

(v) Owner or Owner's Estate shall pay any and all Closing Costs and Sales Commissions incurred in connection with the sale to Owner or Owner's Estate and the proposed Orderly Sale.

(vi) If there are any outstanding loans secured by liens on the Property, Owner or Owner's Estate may choose to accept the Property subject to such liens rather than satisfying the loans and removing the liens through Escrow.

(g) The right to elect an Orderly Sale upon offer therefor by Investor shall extend to Owner's Estate following an Event Of Default or the death of Last Surviving Owner.

7.5 Repayment In Bankruptcy. In the event Investor is required to and does remit or disgorge one or more dollars paid by Owner or Owner's Estate pursuant hereto as a preference claim in a bankruptcy proceeding involving Owner or Owner's Estate, then Investor shall be entitled to assert a claim against Owner or Owner's Estate for each such dollar remitted (and permitted costs herein) under the terms and conditions of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and such claim of Investor shall begin to accrue on the date such dollar is actually remitted and shall automatically survive the Term.

7.6 Remedies Concurrent And Not Exclusive. The remedies set forth in this **Article Seven** shall be concurrent, cumulative and not exclusive to the extent permitted by law. Every right, power and remedy granted to Investor in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, shall be in addition to all those rights, powers and remedies granted to Investor at law or in equity or by statute, and each such right, power and remedy may be exercised from time to time and as often and in such order as may be deemed expedient by Investor to the extent permitted by law, and the exercise of any such right, power or remedy shall not be deemed a waiver of the right to exercise, at the same time or thereafter, any other right, power or remedy. An election by Investor to pursue an Option exercise and Orderly Sale will not be deemed to constitute Investor's waiver or consent to any Event(s) Of Default (whether prospective or retrospective), nor a waiver of any of Investor's other rights and remedies under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including those rights under **Section 7** of the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, all of which are concurrent, and shall remain expressly reserved.

ARTICLE EIGHT ADDITIONAL COVENANTS OF OWNER

8.1 Purposes. Pursuant to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor's Rights depend upon the value of the Property during the Term. To preserve and protect any and all of Investor's Rights hereunder, and to induce Investor to enter into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Owner agrees to each and all of the covenants set forth in **Sections 8.2 - 8.18** below.

8.2 Maintenance and Repair.

(a) Owner shall: (i) maintain the Property in good condition; (ii) prevent any waste, deterioration or decrease in value due to the Property's condition (ordinary wear and tear excepted); (iii) periodically perform such repairs and replacements as are customary and reasonable for similar properties in similar

locations; and (iv) ensure that any operations or activities upon, or use or occupancy of, the Property or any portion of the Property will be in compliance with all state, federal and local laws and regulations, including, without limitation, any applicable laws requiring flood, earthquake or other specific hazard insurance.

(b) In no event shall Owner permit the Property to deteriorate such that its condition shall be worse than its condition as of the Effective Date and as further described in the inspection, appraisal and other third party reports prepared in connection with the origination of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, ordinary wear and tear excepted.

(c) **No Credit or Offset.** Owner shall not be entitled to any credit, offset or compensation for ordinary maintenance, repairs or replacement that maintain the condition and value of the Property.

(d) **Prompt Repair.** To the extent that any material damage to the Property occurs, including, without limitation, from fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane or other natural disaster, Owner shall promptly repair such damage subject only to the provisions of Section 8.16 below, regarding the disposition and use of insurance proceeds. Investor shall not be obligated to contribute toward, or be responsible for any portion of, the cost of any such repair.

8.3 Property Modifications and Remodeling Adjustment.

(a) Owner shall have the right at Owner's sole expense to make modifications to the Property without prior written consent of Investor, provided that such modifications do not violate any provision of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and are performed in compliance with all applicable state, federal and local statutes, regulations and ordinances, and all appropriate zoning, licensing and permitting requirements.

(b) Owner may request the benefit of certain qualified material modifications made to the Property during the Term through an adjustment ("**Remodeling Adjustment**") which will be applied by Investor to the determination of the Ending Agreed Value of the Property at the end of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Term, provided the following terms and conditions are met, in Investor's Permitted Discretion:

(i) Owner must notify Investor of Owner's request for a Remodeling Adjustment in writing no less than 45 days prior to the closing of any Permitted Sale, Option exercise, Special Termination, Orderly Sale, or other event requiring determination of an Ending Agreed Value of the Property. As part of such notice, Owner shall specify the material modifications for which a Remodeling Adjustment is sought, and shall provide Investor with photographic and supporting evidence of the material modifications which meets the requirements set forth in Section 8.3(b)(iii) below. Owner shall cooperate with Investor to obtain the Appraisal of the Property in order to calculate the Remodeling Adjustment, if any.

(ii) The Appraiser must determine as part of the written Appraisal that Owner's specified material modifications have, as of the time Investor Proceeds are calculated, actually increased the Ending Agreed Value of the Property above a hypothetical Ending Agreed Value at which the Property would have appraised had it not been materially modified. The Appraiser shall be instructed as follows:

(A) to derive two values for the Property: the value of the Property as-is ("**Actual Value**"); and the hypothetical value of the Property if it had not been materially modified ("**Hypothetical Value**"), the difference between which shall equal the appraised value of the material modifications. In the event that the Appraisal is conducted in connection with a Permitted Sale by Owner, the Appraiser shall assume that the agreed

sale price between Owner and Third Party Buyer in the Permitted Sale is the Actual Value of the Property;

(B) to determine the value of any material modification for which a Remodeling Adjustment is sought solely in terms of the value, if any, added to the Property, and without reference to the actual or inferred dollar cost of such modifications to Owner;

(C) to consider the age, depreciation and potential functional obsolescence of Owner's material modifications in determining their value, if any; and

(D) to ascertain the Hypothetical Value of the Property in the absence of Owner's material modifications based on a comparison between the current condition of the Property, and the photographic and supporting evidence of material modification supplied by Owner; provided, however, that the Appraiser shall have no obligation to ascertain any Hypothetical Value unless Owner's photographic and supporting evidence meets the requirements set forth in **Section 8.3(b)(iii)** below in Appraiser's discretion.

(iii) Owner shall maintain, and provide to Appraiser and Investor upon any request for a Remodeling Adjustment, photographic and other physical documentation of the Property before completion of the material modifications, which documentation shall be sufficient in scope, clarity, number and detail to permit the Appraiser to compare the Actual Value to the Hypothetical Value, in Appraiser's discretion. No Remodeling Adjustment shall be applied in the event Owner fails to maintain and provide documentation meeting the requirements of this **Section 8.3(b)(iii)**.

(iv) No Remodeling Adjustment shall be given to the extent a) Owner modifications are determined by appraisal to have become functionally obsolescent; or b) constitute a **Prohibited Use**, in Investor's Permitted Discretion.

Provided all of the conditions of this **Section 8.3(b)** are met, Investor shall apply a Remodeling Adjustment in its calculation of Investor Proceeds equal to the Actual Value minus the Hypothetical Value, the difference between which shall equal the value of the material modifications and constitute the amount of the Remodeling Adjustment.

(c) **Exclusion for Ordinary and Necessary Maintenance.** A material modification materially affects either the value or the useful life of the Property, while ordinary and necessary maintenance and repairs maintain the condition and value of the Property in its general condition. Costs of ordinary and necessary maintenance and repairs to keep the Property in an efficient operating condition, as more particularly outlined in U.S. Treasury Regulation 1.162-4 (as amended from time to time), are not eligible for any Remodeling Adjustment.

(d) **Prior To the Third (3rd) Anniversary Of Effective Date.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this **Section 8.3**, no Remodeling Adjustment shall be applied by Investor to any determination of the Ending Agreed Value of the Property if Owner elects to sell the Property or the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is otherwise terminated at any time prior to the third (3rd) anniversary of the Effective Date.

(e) If the Appraisal valuation process set forth in **Section 8.3(b)(ii)** above determines that the Actual Value minus the Hypothetical Value yields a negative number, Investor may, in its Permitted Discretion, apply any such decrease in value as a **Negative Remodeling Adjustment** when calculating the Ending Agreed Value, at any time during the Term. In the absence of a request by Owner for a

Remodeling Adjustment, if Investor believes the Appraisal valuation process set forth in **Section 8.3(b)(ii)** above would likely result in a Negative Remodeling Adjustment, Investor may, in its Permitted Discretion, obtain such Appraisal.

8.4 Deferred Maintenance Adjustment.

(a) If, as a result of a home inspection, Appraisal or otherwise, upon any event requiring determination of the Ending Agreed Value, Investor determines that either (i) Owner has breached Owner's duties of maintaining and repairing the Property as set forth in this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement and elsewhere; or (ii) the Ending Agreed Value is negatively affected not as a result of market forces, but as the direct result of a condition or defect in, or damage to the Property or its title which either existed as of the Effective Date or which occurred or developed during the Term, Investor shall have the right in its Permitted Discretion to make (in consultation with appraisers, third party experts and inspectors unaffiliated with Investor) a commercially reasonable estimate of the dollar amount of such deferred maintenance and to apply such dollar amount as a "Deferred Maintenance Adjustment" when calculating the Ending Agreed Value.

(b) Investor may also, in its Permitted Discretion, apply a Deferred Maintenance Adjustment when determining the Ending Agreed Value of the Property where: (i) as of the Effective Date, Investor in its Permitted Discretion identified and expressly reserved for a Deferred Maintenance Adjustment significant material defects or conditions in or on the Property which, if not remedied promptly or within a reasonable time, posed clear and serious risks to the Property improvements or Property value, and Owner failed to correct such defects or conditions; or (ii) if Owner knew or had reason to know of such a defect or condition as of the Effective Date or during the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, but failed or neglected to disclose it to Investor.

8.5 Appraisal. The process of valuation of the Property by appraisal and any and all appraisals of the Property obtained by either party in connection with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Appraisal**") must conform to this **Section 8.5**. An Appraised Value shall be an independent third party valuation of the Property made pursuant to the terms and conditions of this **Section 8.5**.

(a) **Appraiser.** All Appraisals shall be conducted by an appraiser approved in advance by Investor and unaffiliated with either Investor or Owner, and who satisfies the requirements of Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or FHA and Title XI of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 and the regulations promulgated thereunder, and any applicable state laws, as of the date of the Appraisal, and in compliance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

(b) **Appraisals.** All Appraisals must conform to Investor's then-current Appraisal requirements, and to the requirements of **Section 8.5(a)**. Either party may obtain one or more Appraisals of the Property at any time upon reasonable notice to the other party. Owner and Investor shall each fully and reasonably cooperate at their own expense in connection with any Appraisal ordered on the Property. Owner will cooperate with the appraiser by granting full access to the Property and by making available any and all relevant documentation and information in Owner's possession pertaining to, including but not limited to plat maps, surveys, plans, tax or assessor's records, and any other documentation concerning encroachments, dimensions, measurements, setbacks, uses of and modifications to the Property.

(c) **Appraisal Review.** If either party concludes that an Appraisal contains a material omission or material error of fact, such party may, within 10 days after receipt of the Appraisal, request a reconsideration of the Appraisal, as allowed by applicable law, at the party's own cost.

(d) **Remodeling Adjustment.** If Owner requests a Remodeling Adjustment, and the request is determined to be valid in accordance with the provisions of **Section 8.3**, or if Investor believes a Negative Remodeling Adjustment should apply, the appraiser will be instructed to determine the amount of a

Remodeling Adjustment, if any, that should be applied to the Ending Agreed Value of the Property as follows: the appraiser will determine two fair market values for the Property: first, the Actual Value of the Property in its current condition; and second, the Hypothetical Value based upon either the hypothetical absence of specified material modifications or a Prohibited Use. The Actual Value minus the Hypothetical Value shall equal the Remodeling Adjustment. If the Hypothetical Value of the Property is more than the Actual Value, the adjustment will be deemed a Negative Remodeling Adjustment.

(e) **Payment of Appraisal Expenses.** As allowed by applicable law, Owner shall pay all expenses ("Appraisal Expenses") associated with the first Appraisal obtained in connection with: (i) initial valuation of the Property prior to execution of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (ii) any proposed sale, Permitted Sale or Orderly Sale; (iii) any Option exercise by Investor; (iv) any Special Termination; (v) any allocation of insurance or condemnation proceeds; (vi) any determination of an Investor Bid Amount; and (vii) any determination of a Remodeling Adjustment or Deferred Maintenance Adjustment. In the case of one or more additional Appraisals of the Property obtained in connection with any of the events described above, the Appraisal Expenses shall typically be paid by the party who obtained or requested the Appraisal, or, if both parties agree that an additional Appraisal(s) should be obtained, by both parties divided equally. If Appraisal Expenses have not been paid by the party required to bear them, the other party may subtract them, or direct their payment out of Escrow, from the funds that would otherwise be due to the party liable therefor, as allowed by applicable law.

8.6 Arbitration of Fair Market and Appraised Value, Remodeling Adjustment, Deferred Maintenance Adjustment. IF INVESTOR AND OWNER ARE UNABLE TO AGREE IN GOOD FAITH ON THE FAIR MARKET OR APPRAISED VALUE OF THE PROPERTY UNDER THE UNISON HOMEOWNER AGREEMENT, OR ON THE AMOUNT OF ANY REMODELING ADJUSTMENT OR DEFERRED MAINTENANCE ADJUSTMENT TO BE APPLIED UNDER THE UNISON HOMEOWNER AGREEMENT, THE ISSUE WILL BE DETERMINED BY BINDING ARBITRATION BEFORE A SINGLE NEUTRAL ARBITRATOR. THE ARBITRATION WILL BE ADMINISTERED BY THE JUDICIAL ARBITRATION AND MEDIATION SERVICE (OR "JAMS") OR ITS SUCCESSOR PURSUANT TO ITS STREAMLINED ARBITRATION RULES AND PROCEDURES (OR SUCCESSOR PROCEDURES). THE ARBITRATION FEES (INCLUDING THE FEES OF THE ARBITRATOR) SHALL BE SHARED EQUALLY BY INVESTOR AND OWNER. OWNER AND INVESTOR SHALL EACH PAY THEIR OWN ATTORNEYS' FEES INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH ARBITRATION.

8.7 Inspections and Disclosures of Condition.

(a) Owner agrees that Investor or its agents may upon reasonable notice, make reasonable inspections of both the interior and exterior of the Property both as a condition of entering into, and from time to time during the Term of, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Owner agrees to cooperate in setting the time and allowing entry for any such inspection. If Investor is not permitted to timely inspect the Property it shall be deemed that Owner has failed to maintain and repair the Property as required under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, subject to Owner's right to cure within a reasonable time.

(b) Investor may in its Permitted Discretion require written homeowner disclosures from Owner from time to time during the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, regarding any conditions known to Owner which may affect the Property or its value.

(c) When, either at origination of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or during its Term, Investor determines in its Permitted Discretion that any significant material defect or condition exists in or on the Property which, if not remedied promptly or within a reasonable time, poses clear and serious risks to the Property improvements or Property value, Investor may: (i) require that Owner promptly remedy such defect or condition at Owner's expense either as a condition precedent to executing the Unison

HomeOwner Agreement or otherwise; (ii) note the defect or condition and require that it be remedied at Owner's expense upon Option exercise or other termination or expiration of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; or (iii) note the defect or condition and require that the cost of remedy or repair be applied as a Deferred Maintenance Adjustment to the Ending Agreed Value whenever a determination thereof is made.

(d) Notwithstanding the contents of any disclosure or report pertaining to the Property which is provided to Investor under this Section 8.7 or otherwise, or the existence of any defect or condition on the Property whether known or unknown by Investor, Investor shall have no liability to Owner or to any third party for, and Owner hereby holds Investor harmless from, any and all loss or liability resulting from or in connection with any defect or condition on or affecting the Property, whether known or unknown, and Investor's interest in and liability in regard to the Property shall at all times be construed as that of a passive investor in, and not as that of a record title owner or occupant of the Property, except as may be expressly provided otherwise under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

8.8 Occupancy and Use of Property.

(a) **Principal Residence.** Unless Investor consents otherwise in writing in its Permitted Discretion, at least one Owner shall occupy the Property as Owner's Principal Residence. Owner shall be deemed not to meet this requirement if no Owner is using the Property as living and sleeping quarters for 60 or more consecutive days, or for a total of 180 days out of any 365-day period, without notifying Investor of such absence, obtaining Investor's written consent, and making arrangements satisfactory to Investor in Investor's Permitted Discretion to care for the Property while Owner is gone. The circumstances described above shall define the meaning of "Principal Residence." If Owner does not give such notice, obtain consent, or make such arrangements, an Event Of Default will be considered to have occurred on the last day of the 60-day period or on the last of the 180-day period, as applicable. If the Property is held in a Revocable Trust, the occupancy requirement will be satisfied if either any one Owner, or any one Trustor, who is an individual, occupies the Property as a Principal Residence.

(b) **Prohibited Use.** Owner must not (i) use the Property in any way other than as a residential property; (ii) rent all or any portion of the Property except with Investor's express written consent in its Permitted Discretion; or (iii) use or permit the use of the Property for any commercial use, with the exception of a "home office" in compliance with applicable U.S. tax regulations. Owner shall take all reasonable and practical action to prevent the conversion or zoning of the Property for commercial or mixed use ("Prohibited Use(s)").

(c) **Owner Right of Occupancy.** Owner shall enjoy sole right of occupancy of the Property under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement as an owner and not as a tenant or lessee, whether or not Investor has exercised the Option, subject to the limited Investor rights of entry, Investor rights of repair following Owner Event Of Default, and any and all of Investor rights in connection with an Orderly Sale under Article Seven hereof. Owner's right of occupancy shall be effective only so long as Owner (i) does not transfer or attempt to transfer the Property except as permitted under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and (ii) occupies the Property as provided in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Owner's right of sole occupancy is not transferable by Owner except as part of a Permitted Sale or Orderly Sale, or as otherwise approved by Investor in its Permitted Discretion.

8.9 Debt Limits and Related Obligations.

(a) **Limitation on Debt Associated with the Property.**

(i) **Maximum Authorized Debt.** Without Investor's express written approval in its Permitted Discretion, Owner may not at any time increase, or permit the increase of, the total principal balance of loans secured by liens on the Property (including the unused portion of any committed credit line) to exceed the Maximum Authorized Debt specified in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement. The Maximum Authorized Debt limitation applies both to **Permitted Senior Loans** (which pre-existed or originated simultaneously with execution of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement), and **Approved Subsequent Loans** (new loans secured by the Property approved by Investor in its Permitted Discretion during the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement).

(ii) **Approved Subsequent Loans.**

(A) If during the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the principal balance of all loans secured by liens on the Property is less than the Maximum Authorized Debt, and the Appraised Value of the Property is greater than or equal to the Original Agreed Value, Investor may give written consent to Owner to obtain additional Approved Subsequent Loans on the Property up to the Maximum Authorized Debt, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld provided that Owner provides to Investor all loan documentation related to the proposed loan (including, but not limited to, any commitment letter, offer letter, term sheet, proposed note, proposed deed of trust or mortgage, preliminary title report, inspections, appraisals and other Property valuations) as such documentation becomes available, but no later than 3 Business Days prior to the proposed close of such loan.

(B) If the Appraised Value of the Property at the time of the proposed Subsequent Loan(s) is less than the Original Agreed Value, Investor may give written consent to Owner to obtain a proposed Subsequent Loan(s), but only if such proposed Subsequent Loan(s) are less than or equal to the then-current principal balance of all Permitted Senior Loans on the Property, plus actual and reasonable refinancing costs. Investor's consent shall not be unreasonably withheld provided Owner provides to Investor all loan documentation related to the proposed loan as described in **Section 8.9(a)(ii)(A)**.

(C) Investor shall have no obligation to respond to or approve any proposed lending transaction unless and until it has timely received all relevant documents and information.

(D) Immediately following the close of any Approved Subsequent Loan, Owner shall ensure that copies of all documents recorded as Approved Subsequent Liens against the Property are delivered to Investor.

(iii) **Prohibited Loans.** Owner may not encumber the Property with, and Investor shall not consent to, any lien on the property that could, in Investor's Permitted Discretion, materially impair Investor's Rights. Such loans shall include, without limitation, reverse mortgage loans, shared appreciation mortgage loans, mortgage loans with negative amortization or prepayment penalties, private or non-institutional loans, unrecorded loans secured by the Property, and certain loans with payment reset or other variable payment features.

(b) No Investor Liability For Owner Loans.

(i) Investor shall not be liable for (including liability to repay) any loans created or obtained by Owner whether or not pre-existing, subsequent, consented to, approved of, or subordinated to by Investor.

(ii) Investor shall not be obligated to execute any documents in connection with any loans created, obtained or refinanced by Owner, except such documents reasonably required to confirm any subordination to which Investor consents hereunder.

(iii) **Investor makes no representations or warranties regarding the terms or availability of any loan that Owner has prior to or may seek during the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and Investor shall have no liability to Owner in connection therewith, including as a result of the unavailability or unfavorable terms of any such loan.**

(c) Subordination.

(i) Except for construction loans, which are addressed below, Investor will subordinate the priority of its rights under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement to the lien of any lender that extends to Owner an Approved Subsequent Loan, provided that: (A) the Approved Subsequent Loan satisfies all of the requirements of **Section 8.9(a)**; (B) any requested subordination and loan documents contain only reasonable and customary terms common to such agreements and acceptable to Investor in its Permitted Discretion; and (C) Owner pays Investor the Asset Administration Fees associated with such subordination.

(ii) Investor may subordinate its lien on the Property to any lender in connection with any construction loan, or other financing of any improvements to the Property if: (A) the construction loan satisfies all of the requirements of **Section 8.9(a)**; (B) Investor in its Permitted Discretion determines that Investor's Interest is not jeopardized; (C) any requested subordination and loan documents contain only reasonable and customary terms common to such agreements and acceptable to Investor in its Permitted Discretion; and (D) Owner pays the Asset Administration Fees associated with subordination imposed by Investor.

(iii) Investor may subordinate its lien on the Property to a lender in connection with any loan not meeting the requirements specified in **Section 8.9(a)(ii)** only if (A) Investor, in its Permitted Discretion, determines that Investor's Rights are not jeopardized; (B) any requested subordination and loan documents contain only reasonable and customary terms common to such agreements and acceptable to Investor in its Permitted Discretion; and (C) Owner pays Investor the Asset Administration Fees associated with subordination.

(iv) Following any subordination by Investor, Owner shall remain obligated to keep current and satisfy all liens on the Property.

(d) Free of Liens. Owner shall at all times keep the Property free of any and all liens and title exceptions (including easements), except for: (i) Permitted Senior Liens; (ii) Approved Subsequent Liens; and (iii) Permitted Encumbrances.

(e) Cure of Defaulted Loans. To the extent that there is a default under any loan or other obligation secured by a lien on the Property; or notice of default or notice of sale or foreclosure upon, or enforcement of, a lien on the Property, Owner shall take immediate action (upon or without notice or demand from Investor) necessary to: (i) terminate such foreclosure or enforcement, (ii) satisfy the secured obligation, and/or (iii) remove or release such lien from the Property. Whether or not Owner takes such immediate action, Investor may take such action as it deems necessary in its Permitted Discretion to

protect Investor's Rights hereunder including, without limitation, advance of funds as Protective Advances, pursuit of any and all remedies set forth in Article Seven, or an offer to Owner of Option exercise and Orderly Sale.

(f) **No Investor Loans.** Investor shall have no authority to obtain or increase any loans from third parties that are secured by liens against the Property except in connection with an Orderly Sale.

8.10 Taxes and Assessments.

(a) **Payments.** Owner shall promptly pay all taxes and assessments accruing on the Property, except for taxes or assessments that are in good faith dispute and that Owner is diligently challenging; provided that upon final discharge of any such challenge, Owner shall pay the disputed amount promptly. During the pendency of any such challenge, Owner shall, within 10 days following Investor's written demand therefor, provide Investor adequate proof of funds sufficient to satisfy such taxes and assessments in the event Owner's challenge is unsuccessful. Owner shall provide Investor with proof of payment of taxes or assessments upon request. Owner shall not apply for any deferral of taxes or assessments accruing on the Property or any deferral available to senior citizens, if applicable. If Owner fails to pay any taxes or assessments other than those in good faith dispute, Investor, in its Permitted Discretion, may pay such taxes or assessments at Owner's expense as Protective Advances.

(b) **Tax Benefits.** Owner shall be entitled to the full benefit of any and all tax advantages arising in relation to the Property, including, without limitation, all available deductions for taxes and mortgage interest paid by Owner. **Investor does not provide tax advice and makes no representations as to the tax advantages or disadvantages which may accrue to Owner in connection with the Property or the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.**

8.11 Protective Advances.

(a) If Owner fails to take action to protect the Property and Investor's Rights, Investor may take such action and pay such money as Investor deems appropriate in its Permitted Discretion, upon 10 days' written notice to Owner, to correct Owner's failure including, without limitation: the placement of insurance; the payment of Appraisals or for inspections of the Property; the payment of taxes, assessments, levies, liabilities, obligations and other charges of every nature on the Property; the making of necessary repairs; the cure of any defaulted loans; or the removal of a receiver appointed for the Property. All such amounts advanced by Investor (including, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees incurred in litigation or arbitration with parties other than Owner) shall be deemed "**Protective Advances.**" Prior notice from Investor is not required if the Unison HomeOwner Agreement expressly so provides, or when Investor, in its Permitted Discretion, determines that prompt action is necessary in order to protect the Property and Investor's Rights. Owner and Investor agree that Investor shall incur no liability for its election not to take any action authorized under this **Section 8.11(a).**

(b) **Reimbursement.** Investor may, in its Permitted Discretion, demand prompt reimbursement for any and all Protective Advances. Owner shall reimburse Investor no later than 10 days after demand. Protective Advances shall bear interest at the rate of one and one-half percent (1½%) per month, subject to applicable law, from the date of demand until paid in full. These charges are intended to be a reasonable liquidated estimate of those sums which Investor could be obliged to obtain and expend in the event appropriate corrective action(s) are not taken to protect the Property or Investor's Rights, which sums and costs are not readily ascertainable, and will be difficult to predict or calculate.

8.12 Asset Administration Fees. Unless prohibited by applicable law, Owner will pay all **Asset Administration Fees** necessary to defray costs and expenses to the **Asset Administrator** in accordance with the **Asset Administration Fee Schedule** (attached as Exhibit C hereto and as such schedule is amended and made available by Investor from time to time). Asset Administration Fees shall include.

without limitation, fees for: (a) processing subordinations; (b) processing changes in title or ownership; (c) processing reconveyance of the Option and the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or a Special Termination; (d) processing Protective Advances; (e) administering Owner Events Of Default; and (f) paying and reimbursing such reasonable, customary, bona fide fees and out-of-pocket costs as are actually charged to Investor by Investor's Asset Administrator or by other third parties relating to any of the foregoing (including, for example, title and escrow charges, recording fees and Attorney's Fees).

8.13 Notices; Additional Information.

(a) Owner, Owner's Estate, or Owner's representative shall immediately provide Investor with notice of any event that may have a material effect upon the Property, the value of the Property, or Investor's ability to exercise any of Investor's Rights hereunder, including, without limitation: (i) Owner's failure to meet any condition or covenant set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (ii) the death or divorce of any Owner (or of any Trustee or Trustor, if the Property is held in a Revocable Trust); (iii) Owner's decision to market, sell, or transfer the Property or any interest in the Property; (iv) the discovery of any lien or adverse possessory interest in the Property not previously disclosed in writing to Investor, whether or not recorded or recordable; (v) the filing of any bankruptcy by or against Owner (or any Trustee or Trustor, if the Property is held in a Revocable Trust); (vi) any material damage or injury to the Property; (vii) Owner's receipt of any notice of condemnation; (viii) Owner's receipt of any solicited or unsolicited written offer to purchase the Property; (ix) a representation or warranty made under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement becomes inaccurate or untrue; (x) any new Non-Owner Occupant as yet unidentified by Investor commences to occupy the Property using the form attached hereto as Exhibit B; or (xi) the occurrence of any other event that might have a material adverse effect on the Property, the value of the Property, Owner's interest in the Property, or Investor's Rights under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

(b) **Additional Information.** Owner will provide to Investor such reports and information available to Owner concerning the Property and any modifications to the Property as Investor may reasonably request, and will promptly complete and return any Property questionnaire or similar form that Investor provides to Owner from time to time. If Owner fails to complete or return any such Property survey or certification within the time frame requested by Investor, Owner shall pay for any Property inspection, appraisal or other report that Investor obtains in order to collect the information that would have been provided therein. If Owner fails to pay any such amounts, Investor, in its Permitted Discretion, may make any and all such payments as Protective Advances.

8.14 Reserved.

8.15 Right to Disclose Certain Information. Subject to applicable laws, Investor may share certain personal and financial information with regard to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement with affiliates, subsidiaries, investors, assignees and Persons with which it intends to conduct business, including, without limitation, the address and general location of the Property, appraisal reports and other valuations of the Property, and the financial terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

8.16 Insurance.

(a) **General Coverage Requirements.** Owner shall maintain at Owner's expense: (i) insurance on the Property against fire and other hazards included in the special form (HO-3) policy (and similar successor forms) with only those exclusions customarily associated with special form policies, and exceptions to those exclusions for ensuing loss, as well as insurance against any other hazards, including flood hazards, for which Investor may from time to time reasonably require insurance and which insurance is common for similar properties in similar locations; and (ii) liability insurance on the Property against such risks and in such amounts as are reasonable for similar properties in similar locations. Such insurance may be obtained from any insurance company reasonably acceptable to Investor and shall be in

amounts and include terms (including deductible levels) as Investor may from time to time reasonably require. Currently, Investor requires hazard insurance in an amount equal to the current replacement cost of the improvements on the Property, including law and ordinance coverage (which amounts shall be increased not less frequently than annually as the replacement cost of the improvements increases). Investor shall be named as an additional named insured or as otherwise directed by Investor under all hazard and liability insurance policies obtained by Owner, whether or not such policies are required by Investor.

(b) **Copies And Proceeds.** Copies of all insurance policies shall be furnished to Investor promptly upon issuance, and Owner shall provide Investor with proof of coverage upon request. All proceeds of such policies shall be subject to the provisions of this **Section 8.16**.

(c) **Failure To Maintain.** If Owner fails to maintain or obtain the insurance coverage required by this **Section 8.16**, Investor, at Owner's expense, may, but is not obligated to, obtain such coverage on the Property as Investor, in its Permitted Discretion, may deem necessary and appropriate to protect Investor's Rights. All such expenses paid by Investor shall be deemed to be Protective Advances. Owner acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Owner could have obtained and may not protect Owner or cover Owner's personal property to the same extent as any policy Owner might have had or could have obtained.

(d) **Owner To Cooperate.** Owner agrees to allow Investor to cooperate with Owner in the pursuit, settlement, and adjustment of any losses under any hazard and liability policies obtained by Owner, and expressly authorizes Investor to communicate directly with all such insurance companies for the purposes of ensuring the maintenance of policies, the coverage and the reimbursement of losses thereunder.

(e) **Property Destruction Or Damage.** Subject to Owner's obligations and the requirements in connection with any Senior Lien:

(i) **Repair and Restoration.** Insurance proceeds shall be applied as follows (whether the underlying insurance is required by Investor or not): if the Property is destroyed or damaged in any material manner, any and all insurance proceeds shall be applied to restore or repair the Property to at least the same condition and characteristics as of the time immediately preceding such destruction or damage, subject to all applicable local ordinances; provided that Investor shall have the right to prior review of any restoration or repair plans and to determine, in good faith and in the exercise of its reasonable discretion: (A) whether the restoration or repair plans are economically feasible; and (B) if not, to disapprove such restoration or repair plans.

(ii) During any repair or restoration, to ensure that the work is performed to Investor's satisfaction, Investor shall have the right to hold any and all insurance proceeds and release such funds to the Person or Persons performing the repair and restoration work in one or more progress payments as the work is completed. Owner is responsible to assure that any repair or restoration work is properly completed and performed in an adequate and workman-like manner, and in no way impairs or threatens to impair the structural integrity, habitability or value of the Property. To the extent any governmental approvals or permits are required for such repair or restoration work, Owner is responsible and shall assure that such governmental approvals or permits are obtained. Unless applicable law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds or a written agreement to that effect is made by the parties, Investor shall not be required to pay Owner any interest or earnings on such proceeds. If the Property is repaired, it must be restored to at least the same condition and characteristics as of the time immediately preceding such destruction or damage, subject to all applicable local ordinances; and, in any event, no less favorable a condition than set forth in **Section 8.2** above, regardless of whether the insurance proceeds are sufficient to accomplish such repair. Investor shall have no responsibility or obligation to pay any amount in connection with the restoration or repair of the Property, even if

the insurance proceeds are insufficient to complete the restoration or repair, in which case Owner shall be responsible for any shortfall.

(iii) **Allocation Where Repair Not Feasible.** If any loss occurs in connection with the Property, and restoration or repair is not economically feasible, the value of the Property as it existed immediately prior to the destruction or damage shall be determined by Appraisal, or if valuing the Property by Appraisal is not possible due to the destruction or damage, by some other reasonable, customary and appropriate process based on an expert third party opinion obtained by Investor. Any and all insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Investor, will be allocated in the following order:

(A) to payment (or reimbursement) of reasonable costs and expenses (including, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees that have been approved by Investor in its Permitted Discretion) reasonably incurred by Owner and/or Investor in collecting and contesting with the insurers the payments under the relevant insurance policies;

(B) to payment of all Senior Loans, which payment may result in the discharge of the related Senior Liens;

(C) to Investor, in an amount equivalent to the Investor Interest as it would have been calculated had Investor exercised its Option immediately before the loss; and

(D) to Owner, the balance of the proceeds.

(f) **Special Measure Of Damages Where Owner Has Failed To Insure.** Owner and Investor agree that, in the event Owner fails to maintain insurance in amounts required by Investor pursuant to this Section 8.16, and/or any insurance claim is denied due to Owner's action or inaction, there may be added economic burden and risk imposed on Investor, and resulting damages may be uncertain, depend on many factors, and be extremely difficult to ascertain. In the event of loss to Investor resulting directly from Owner's failure to maintain insurance or obtain a claim, Owner and Investor therefore agree that Investor shall be entitled to a special measure of liquidated damages ("**Special Damages For Failure To Insure**") in the amount of the Investor Interest as it would have been calculated had Investor exercised its Option immediately before the loss, but without credit of the Unison Purchase Price Balance to Owner.

8.17 Condemnation.

(a) **Total Condemnation Or Partial Condemnation When The Option Has Been Exercised.**

If the Property is condemned, in whole, or in part when the Option has been exercised, all condemnation proceeds net of reasonable costs and expenses (including, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees approved by Investor) incurred by Owner and/or Investor in collecting and contesting the condemnation proceeds ("**Net Condemnation Proceeds**") shall be allocated in the following order:

(i) to payment of all Senior Loans, which payment may result in the discharge of the related Senior Liens;

(ii) to Investor, an amount equivalent to the Investor Interest as it would have been calculated immediately prior to the condemnation; and

(iii) to Owner, the balance of the proceeds.

(b) **Partial Condemnation When The Option Has Not Been Exercised.** If the Property is condemned in part, and if the Option has not been exercised, the following provisions shall apply:

(i) The Net Condemnation Proceeds shall be used, first, to pay all Senior Loans, provided that such payment may result in the discharge of the related Senior Liens;

(ii) Any remaining Net Condemnation Proceeds shall be distributed as follows:

(A) First, to Investor, an amount equal to the total of (1) any unreimbursed Protective Advances, including any associated unpaid interest and other fees and charges plus (2) any unpaid Asset Administration Fees;

(B) Second, to Owner, the balance of the proceeds; and

(iii) For all remaining calculations to be made under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement in connection with any Option exercise, including an Orderly Sale, the Unison Purchase Price Balance shall be reduced by the Net Condemnation Proceeds multiplied by the Investor Percentage ("**Investor Condemnation Credit**").

(c) **Reservation of Rights.** In the case of a partial condemnation, Investor shall retain its Investor Rights with respect to any Property that has not been condemned.

8.18 Environmental Matters.

(a) **Environmental Prohibitions.** Owner shall not, and shall not allow others to, perform any activities upon, or use or occupy the Property, or any portion of the Property, in any manner that violates any state, federal or local law or regulation, including, without limitation, those relating to the generation, handling, manufacturing, treatment, storage, use, transportation, spillage, leakage, dumping, discharge or disposal (accidental or intentional) of any toxic or hazardous substances, materials or wastes, including, but not limited to hydrocarbons, asbestos, or any other substance whose nature or quantity, use, manufacture, disposal, or effect, renders it subject to public regulation, investigation, remediation or removal as potentially injurious to the environment, animals or the public health or welfare ("**Hazardous Materials**").

(b) **Environmental Representations.** Owner represents and warrants to Investor, that Owner has no knowledge of or information concerning any violation or claim of violation of laws or regulations relating to the generation, handling, manufacturing, treatment, storage, use, transportation, spillage, leakage, dumping, discharge or disposal (whether accidental or intentional) of any Hazardous Materials in connection with the Property. Owner has no knowledge of any Hazardous Materials on, in, or in the vicinity of the Property.

(c) **Environmental Indemnity.** Owner will indemnify and hold Investor harmless from and against any and all claims, damages, liabilities, actions and expenses (including, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees) of every kind arising out of or relating to: (i) Owner's breach of this **Section 8.18** or (ii) the presence of any Hazardous Materials on, in, or in the vicinity of the Property.

ARTICLE NINE MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

9.1 Indemnification By Owner. Owner hereby agrees to indemnify and hold Investor harmless from, and against, any and all claims, damages, liabilities, actions and expenses (including, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees) of every kind arising out of or relating to: (a) a breach of any of Owner's covenants, representations or warranties under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (b) any act or omission by Owner or Owner's agents; or (c) the Property.

9.2 Covenants To Run With Land. The Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, and the other provisions of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement are deemed to be covenants running with the land as reflected in the Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum. The interpretation of the phrase "Covenants running with the land" shall be within the meaning of the applicable law of the state where the Property is located so as to give it the broadest possible application.

9.3 Relationship. Investor shall not be deemed a partner, joint venturer, trustee, lender or fiduciary with, or of, Owner. Owner shall not be permitted to execute any document or enter into any agreement on behalf of Investor, nor shall Owner be permitted to make any representation on behalf of Investor or to represent Owner as the agent or representative or partner of Investor. The Option is intended to and shall be treated for all purposes (including, without limitation, tax purposes) as an option to purchase an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property, and not as a purchase (unless and until Option exercise), loan, or joint venture. Owner expressly waives any claims against any of the Investor's agents, assignees, affiliates, employees or funding sources not a signatory hereto.

9.4 Multiple Owners and Revocable Trusts.

(a) **Multiple Owners.** If Owner is more than one Person: (i) the Transaction Documents must be signed by each such Owner; (ii) all such multiple Owners shall be jointly and severally liable for Owner's liabilities and obligations under the Transaction Documents; (iii) notice required to be given by, or to, an Owner shall be deemed adequately given if given by, or to, any of Owners using the contact information set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement; and (iv) Investor may treat any notice received from any one Owner as notice from all Owners.

(b) **Revocable Trusts.** If Owner is the Trustee of a Revocable Trust: (i) all Trustees and all Trustors must sign the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents both in their capacities as individuals and as Trustees and/or Trustors, provided that any Trustee who is also a Trustor need only sign the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents once for them to be binding on such Person both as Trustee and as Trustor; (ii) each Trustee and Trustor who signs the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents hereby represents and warrants that all Trustees and Trustors have been disclosed to Investor; (iii) all rights and powers specified for, and all actions required of, Owner in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement that are exercised by a Trustee shall be deemed approved and exercised by all Trustees unanimously; (iv) all Trustees and all Trustors, in their capacities as individuals, shall be jointly and severally liable with Owner for Owner's liabilities and obligations under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; (v) all representations and warranties by Owner in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement are made by all Trustees on behalf of the Revocable Trust and by all Trustees and all Trustors in their capacities as individuals; (vi) notice required to be given by, or to, an Owner shall be deemed adequately given if given by, or to, any of the Trustees using the contact information set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement; and (vii) Investor may treat any notice received from any one Trustee as notice from all Trustees and from Owner.

(c) **Owners To Be Natural Persons.** Each Owner under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement must be a Natural Person. No entity, including, without limitation, corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships, or joint ventures, may be an Owner hereunder; provided, however, that an Owner or Owners who are Natural Persons may hold title to the Property in a Revocable Trust, provided that the requirements for Revocable Trusts set forth in Section 9.4(b) above are satisfied.

9.5 Delegation of Duties. Investor may execute any of its duties under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement by or through agents, Asset Administrators, employees or attorneys-in-fact; shall be entitled to advice of counsel concerning all matters pertaining to such duties; and any actions taken on advice of counsel shall be deemed taken in good faith. Investor shall not be responsible for the negligence or

misconduct of any agent, Asset Administrator, employee, or attorney-in-fact that it selects as long as Investor's selection was made without gross negligence or willful misconduct.

9.6 Successors and Assignees. The Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be binding on Owner's and Investor's successors and assignees, but may not be assigned contrary to the following express provisions:

(a) **Assignment by Investor.** (i) Investor may assign, participate, hypothecate or sell, in whole or in part, Investor's right and title to, and interest in, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement at any time and to any Person without prior notice to, or consent of Owner. In connection with any assignment, Investor may in its Permitted Discretion disclose any and all documents and information in its possession relating to Owner and the Property, subject to its assignee's agreement to continue to observe Investor's policies regarding privacy and disclosure of personal and financial information and applicable privacy laws, or provide disclosure to Owner and an opportunity for Owner to opt in or out in compliance with applicable law. Upon such assignment, Investor's (or any future) assignee shall automatically be delegated all the duties, and assume all the rights and remedies of, Investor under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument. Investor and Owner shall execute and deliver in recordable form, if requested, such other documents as are appropriate to reflect the assignment of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Investor and Owner agree to cooperate with such assignee and execute such additional documents as may be necessary to insure assignee's interest in the Property. Investor shall notify Owner no later than 60 days after the effective date of any such assignment.

(ii) Owner acknowledges and consents to any assignment whereby the Asset Administrator's responsibilities, including, but not limited to, the right to enforce the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, are assigned and/or delegated to an entity other than Unison Agreement Corp.

(b) **Owner Assignments.** Absent Investor's prior written consent, which may be withheld in Investor's Permitted Discretion, Owner may not assign or otherwise transfer the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or the other Transaction Documents; except that Investor will generally not unreasonably withhold consent to an assignment: (i) between Owner and the Trustor of a Revocable Trust; or (ii) to Owner's spouse who acquires an undivided interest in the Property provided that in each case the assignee (including any Trustor, if applicable): (A) executes the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents, including a recordable addendum to both the Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum and the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, (B) executes a written notice of assignment ("Exempted Owner Assignment"), and (C) successfully completes the then-current education process required of Unison HomeOwner Agreement applicants. In the event of an Exempted Owner Assignment to the Trustee(s) of a Revocable Trust, the original Owner (i.e., the Trustor), jointly and severally, shall continue to remain liable under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

9.7 Survival. The following provisions, without limitation, shall survive the Expiration Date or any other termination of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement: (a) the obligations relating to a Solicited Sale Value under Section 6.2; (b) the indemnification provisions of Section 9.1; (c) obligations to pay any and all Protective Advances and Asset Administration Fees; (d) obligations to remove any liens on the Property and pay any Sales Commissions, Closing Costs and or other expenses properly chargeable to Owner in connection with a Third Party Sale or an Orderly Sale to the extent not discharged through Escrow; (e) the obligation to pay any Appraisal Expenses; (f) any and all covenants, representations and warranties of Owner; and (g) any and all other provisions which are required by their terms to be enforceable following expiration or termination, including, without limitation, provisions prescribing monetary remedies, fees, costs and expenses owed by Owner in connection with any Owner Event Of Default hereunder.

9.8 Attorneys' Fees. If a lawsuit or arbitration proceeding (other than an arbitration under Section 8.6 above), is commenced in connection or arising out of the Option or the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or in connection with the interpretation, enforcement or protection of Investor's Rights, the prevailing party, as determined by the court or arbitrator, shall be entitled to recover court and other dispute resolution costs, attorneys' and experts' fees and costs, and fees and disbursements of Investor's in-house counsel that are directly attributable to the specific matters on which they prevailed (collectively "Attorneys' Fees"). Attorneys' Fees shall include, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees and costs incurred in any state, federal, appellate, or bankruptcy court, and in any bankruptcy case or insolvency proceeding, of any kind in any way related to the Option or the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, to the interpretation or enforcement of the parties' rights thereunder, or to the Property, and shall not for any purpose be treated as compensatory damages.

9.9 Injunction. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or otherwise, if Investor is stayed or enjoined from exercising the Option, commencing or initiating Option exercise or purchase procedures hereunder (whether as a result of Owner's bankruptcy or otherwise), or enforcing any other of Investor's Rights under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor's Rights shall not expire, and any deadline or notice period prescribed in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement which Investor is prevented or prohibited from observing by operation of law or by court order, shall automatically be stayed for the duration of such stay, injunction or legal prohibition.

9.10 Choice of Law; Venue. The Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be determined under, governed by, and construed in accordance with California law, without regard to its conflict of law principles, unless the law of the jurisdiction where the property is located mandatorily governs, in which case the laws of such jurisdiction shall apply. The parties agree that all actions or proceedings arising in connection with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be litigated or arbitrated only in the state and federal courts located in or having jurisdiction in the city or county where the Property is located. Owner waives any right to assert the doctrine of forum non conveniens or to object to such venue.

9.11 Further Assurances. The parties agree, from time to time, as and when requested by any other party to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or its successors or assignees to execute and deliver, or cause to be executed and delivered, all such instruments; and take, or cause to be taken, all such further or other actions as may be reasonably necessary or desirable in order to implement the provisions and to effect the intent and purposes of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Such actions shall include, without limitation, all actions necessary by the parties to correct any error or inaccuracy in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents or any other document related to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, to ensure that such documents reflect the true and correct terms upon which the parties agreed to enter into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and/or to replace any missing or misplaced documentation, or to confirm and restate any authorities granted hereunder to the extent such authority is impacted by a change in any law, rule or regulation impacting its terms on the date hereof, to the fullest extent permissible under such changed, law, rule or regulation.

9.12 Reliance by Investor. Investor shall be entitled to rely, and shall be fully protected in relying, upon any writing, resolution, notice, consent, certificate, affidavit, letter, telegram, telefacsimile or other electronic method of transmission, telex or telephone message, statement or other document or conversation believed by it to be genuine and correct and to have been signed, sent, or made by the proper Person or Persons, and upon advice and statements of legal counsel, independent accountants and other experts selected by Investor, and counsel to Owner. Investor shall in all cases be fully indemnified by Owner under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement where Investor's action, or refusal to act, is in response to a request of or the consent of the Owner, and such request and any action taken or failure to act by Investor pursuant thereto shall be binding upon the Owner. The transmission or delivery of written materials to the Investor shall constitute a representation and warranty by Owner as to the accuracy and completeness of the information contained therein.

9.13 Severability; Waivers. Each provision of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be severable from every other provision for the purpose of determining the legal enforceability of any provision. No waiver by Investor of any of its rights or remedies in connection with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be effective unless such waiver is in writing and signed by Investor and Owner, and then any such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given. No delay or waiver by Investor in exercising any right shall be construed as continuing, as a bar to, or as a waiver or release of, any subsequent right, remedy or recourse. To the extent that enforcement of any provision, or exercise of any right, under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is held to be invalid or stayed or enjoined by a court of competent jurisdiction, then such provision shall be considered separately and apart from the remaining provisions, and any and all other remaining provisions shall continue to be fully enforceable under applicable law. To the extent that enforcement of any provision under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, is deemed to violate a subsequently issued state or federal law, rule or regulation, then the parties agree that such provision shall be enforced exclusively with reference to principles of equity, and that any and all other remaining provisions shall continue to be fully enforceable in equity and under law. No waiver by Investor on any occasion shall affect or diminish Investor's rights thereafter to require strict performance by Owner of any provision of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Investor in its Permitted Discretion, may at any time, unilaterally waive the right to demand, in whole or in part, the future performance of Owner's obligations under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and reserves the right in its Permitted Discretion, at any time during the Term, to cancel the Option by notice in writing to Owner, or to rescind its election to exercise the Option, in which case any such prior election by Investor shall be deemed void *ab initio*.

9.14 Notices. Any notice, demand or request required under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, unless telephone contact is specifically contemplated, shall be deemed given in writing by delivery to either the mailing address set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement by overnight delivery by a nationally recognized overnight courier service, and may also be given to Owner by electronic mail transmission to the electronic mail address specified for Owner in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement. Any such notice, demand or request shall be deemed received on the Business Day either immediately following deposit with the overnight courier service, or the date of electronically stored record of e-mail transmission; provided, however, that the following notices shall not be deemed received by Investor from Owner until written confirmation of receipt made by Investor to Owner: notices of default and notices of sale in connection with secured liens on the Property; notices of delinquency in tax or insurance payments on the Property; notices of the death of an Owner; and notices of the commencement of legal or other action concerning the Property, or of bankruptcy proceedings by Owner. Each party shall have the right to change the place to which notice shall be sent or delivered or to specify one additional address to which copies of notices shall be sent, in either case by similar notice sent or delivered in the same manner to the other party.

9.15 Entire Agreement; Amendment. Schedule A, and Exhibits A, B, and C below, are incorporated herein by this reference. The Transaction Documents and the other written agreements made by and between Owner and Investor as of the Effective Date together constitute the entire agreement between the parties pertaining to the subject matter contained in them. Except as expressly agreed in writing, all prior agreements, understandings, representations, warranties, statements, and negotiations between the parties, if any, whether oral, electronic or written, relating to the Property, the Option, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the other Transaction Documents, and the transaction which is the subject matter thereof, including but not limited to any and all offer letters, terms sheets and earlier drafts and versions of other documents and agreements, are superseded and merged into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. No supplement, modification or amendment of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be binding unless in writing and executed by the party against whom enforcement is sought.

9.16 Headings. Article and Section headings are for reference only and shall not affect the interpretation or meaning of any provisions of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

9.17 Third-Party Beneficiaries. The Unison HomeOwner Agreement is entered into for the protection and benefit of Investor and Owner and their respective permitted successors, affiliates and assignees with regard to their respective present and contingent ownership interests in the Property. No other Person shall have any rights or causes of action under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

9.18 Days of the Week; Time Periods. Whenever the word "day(s)" is used in any of the Transaction Documents, it shall refer to calendar day(s) unless it is expressly identified as being "**Business Day(s)**". When any date referred to falls on a day of the week that is other than a Business Day, then such date shall, for all purposes (unless otherwise required by statute), be deemed to be the Business Day immediately following such date. Whenever an anniversary date of the Effective Date is applied, its applicable expiration shall be at 11:59 p.m., Pacific Time, on the day immediately preceding the anniversary date.

9.19 Counterparts; Electronic Signatures. The Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents may be executed in counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed an original, but all such counterparts shall constitute one and the same agreement. A signed copy of any of the Transaction Documents which is transmitted by a party to another party via facsimile or by electronic means shall be binding on the signatory to that copy.

9.20 WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, INVESTOR AND OWNER HEREBY VOLUNTARILY, UNCONDITIONALLY AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVE TRIAL BY JURY UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES WHETHER IN ANY LITIGATION OR PROCEEDING IN A STATE OR FEDERAL COURT RELATED TO, OR ARISING OUT OF, THE TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS OR THE OBLIGATIONS OR TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED BY THE UNISON HOMEOWNER AGREEMENT, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ALL CLAIMS OR DISPUTES HOWEVER ARISING (INCLUDING TORT CLAIMS AND CLAIMS FOR BREACH OF DUTY) BETWEEN INVESTOR AND OWNER.

ARTICLE TEN CALCULATIONS

10.1

(a) The "Investor Proceeds" under this Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be defined and calculated as follows:

Ending Agreed Value *multiplied by* Investor Percentage
minus the Unison Purchase Price Balance.

(b) The "Unpaid Owner Obligations" under this Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be defined and calculated as the sum of any and all monetary amounts owed to Investor as unreimbursed Protective Advances, unpaid interest, fees and other charges associated with Protective Advances; and unpaid Asset Administration Fees.

(c) The "Investor Interest" under this Unison HomeOwner Agreement shall be defined and calculated as the Investor Proceeds, if any, *plus* the Unpaid Owner Obligations, if any.

(d) Following Investor's exercise of the Option, Owner may terminate Investor's Option to purchase an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property by tendering to Investor the amount (if any) of the Investor Interest as calculated herein.

10.2 In any calculation of the Investor Proceeds or Investor Interest made in connection with (a) circumstances of fraud, bad faith, or material misrepresentation or nondisclosure by Owner; (b) any transfer or sale, or attempted transfer or sale, of the Property by Owner in violation of the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, or (c) other circumstances of prolonged, material and uncured default by Owner under the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the Unison Purchase Price Balance may, in Investor's Permitted Discretion, be reduced by an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the Unison Investment Payment. **10.3** The Ending Agreed Value of the Property under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is calculated as:

Base Ending Agreed Value (as set forth in Section 10.4 below)

*minus any Remodeling Adjustment**

plus any Deferred Maintenance Adjustment

*If there is a Negative Remodeling Adjustment, the absolute value of that number is added rather than subtracted.

10.4 Base Ending Agreed Values. The "Base Ending Agreed Values" applicable under the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement are as follows:

(a) In any Option exercise on Permitted Sale of the Property following the third year anniversary of the Effective Date: the Effective Sale Price.

(b) In any Option exercise on Permitted Sale of the Property prior to the third year anniversary of the Effective Date: the greater of the Effective Sale Price or the Original Agreed Value.

(c) In any Option exercise on sale of the Property which is not a Permitted Sale, or is a Sale By Owner Transaction, an Intrafamily Transaction, a sale to a buyer that is not a Natural Person, or a sale with respect to which Investor has elected to apply its rights under Section 3.5 above: either the Effective Sale Price, or an Appraised Value of the Property, in Investor's Permitted Discretion.

(d) In any Option exercise at Term: the Appraised Value of the Property.

(e) In any Option exercise upon death of the Last Surviving Owner wherein the Property is not sold to a Third Party Buyer in a Permitted Sale: the Appraised Value of the Property.

(f) Following any Owner Event Of Default which is not remedied by an Orderly Sale, or in any calculation of an Investor Bid Amount in connection with a foreclosure sale of the Property: the greatest of the (i) Original Agreed Value, or (ii) the highest Appraised Value of the Property calculated between the date of the first Owner Event Of Default through the date of recording of Investor's release and reconveyance of the Option and the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents.

(g) In any allocation of insurance proceeds: the Appraised Value of the Property as it existed immediately prior to the destruction or damage, or if valuing the Property by Appraisal is not possible due to the destruction or damage, the Property value immediately prior to the destruction or damage as determined by some other reasonable, customary and appropriate process based on an expert third party opinion obtained by Investor.

(h) In any total condemnation of the Property, or partial condemnation in which the Option has been exercised: the greater of: the Net Condemnation Proceeds under Section 8.17, or the Appraised Value of the Property as it existed immediately prior to the condemnation, or if valuing the Property by Appraisal is not possible due to the condemnation, the Property value immediately prior to the

condemnation as determined by some other reasonable, customary and appropriate process based on an expert third party opinion obtained by Investor.

(i) In any Special Termination: the greater of the Appraised Value of the Property at the time of Special Termination, or the Solicited Sale Value.

(j) In any Orderly Sale, any one of the following, in Investor's Permitted Discretion: (i) the Effective Sale Price; (ii) the Original Agreed Value; (iii) the highest Appraised Value of the Property calculated between the date of the first Owner Event Of Default through the date of recording of Investor's release and reconveyance of the Option and the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents; or (iv) such other Base Ending Agreed Value as may be agreed by Owner and Investor in writing.

[Signatures on following page.]

READ THIS DOCUMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE SIGNING IT. EXERCISE OF THE UNISON HOMEOWNER OPTION OR OTHER ENFORCEMENT OF THE TERMS OF THE UNISON HOMEOWNER AGREEMENT MAY RESULT IN THE SALE OF YOUR PROPERTY. ALL PRIOR ORAL, ELECTRONIC AND WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS AND AGREEMENTS FROM OR WITH INVESTOR AND/OR INVESTOR'S AGENT(S), INCLUDING ALL CORRESPONDENCE, OFFER LETTERS, TERM SHEETS, PRINTED MATERIALS, DISCLOSURES, AND THE PROGRAM GUIDE ARE MERGED INTO AND SUPERSEDED AND REPLACED BY THE UNISON HOMEOWNER OPTION AGREEMENT, THIS UNISON HOMEOWNER COVENANT AGREEMENT, THE UNISON HOMEOWNER RECORDED MEMORANDUM, THE UNISON HOMEOWNER SECURITY INSTRUMENT, AND ANY OTHER WRITTEN AGREEMENTS MADE BY AND BETWEEN OWNER AND INVESTOR AS OF THIS EFFECTIVE DATE.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, intending to be legally bound, the parties have executed this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement as of the Effective Date,

INVESTOR:

Unison Agreement Corp.

By: _____
Robert Price

Title: Managing Director

Date Signed: _____

OWNER:

By: Patricia Gout
Patricia Gout

Date Signed: 7-17-17

By: _____

Date Signed: _____

By: Patricia Gout / TRUSTEE
PATRICIA A. GOUT AS TRUSTEE OF THE
PATRICIA A. GOUT TRUST DATED
6-1-2004

Date Signed: 7-17-17

By: _____

Date Signed: _____

SCHEDULE A

DEFINITIONS

As used in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings specified below:

Actual Value. Is defined in Section 8.3(b)(ii)(A).

Appraisal. The process of determining value of the property by Appraisal(s) as described in Section 8.5, and any appraisal of the Property under Section 8.5.

Appraisal Expenses. All fees and expenses owed to third parties (but excluding Attorneys' Fees) in connection with an appraisal or other valuation of the Property.

Appraised Value. The value of the Property determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 8.5.

Approved Subsequent Lien. A lien upon the Property securing an Approved Subsequent Loan that is perfected after the Effective Date.

Approved Subsequent Loan. A loan or other obligation secured by the Property that is not prohibited under Section 8.9(a)(iii) of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement or otherwise approved in writing by Investor, as so secured, after the Effective Date.

Asset Administration Fees. Fees, costs and charges of the type further described in Section 8.12, which Asset Administration Fees are designed to compensate the Asset Administrator for the time, effort, costs and expenses incurred in responding to requests from Owner or Events Of Default by Owner under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement or in paying and reimbursing customary, reasonable, bona fide out of pocket costs charged to Asset Administrator by third parties performing such actions pursuant to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Asset Administration Fee Schedule. A written schedule of regularly imposed fees for certain life events of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, a copy of which is provided to Owner in connection with application for, and execution of, a Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Asset Administrator. The entity responsible for monitoring Owner's compliance with, and discharging Investor's responsibilities under, the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. The Asset Administrator may be Unison Agreement Corp.

Attorneys' Fees. All court and other dispute resolution costs, attorneys' and experts' fees and costs, and fees and disbursements of Investor's in-house counsel that are directly attributable to the specific matters on which a party prevailed. Attorneys' Fees shall include, without limitation, Attorneys' Fees incurred in any state, federal, appellate, or bankruptcy court, and in any bankruptcy case or insolvency proceeding, of any kind in any way related to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor's Rights, or to the interpretation or enforcement of the parties' rights under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Investor's Rights or the Property.

Base Ending Agreed Value. The Ending Agreed Value of the Property before any Remodeling Adjustment or Deferred Maintenance Adjustment, as set forth in Section 10.4.

Business Day. Any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday, Good Friday, the day after Thanksgiving, or a day on which commercial banks in New York or California are required or authorized to be closed.

Closing Costs. All (a) ordinary and customary costs in connection with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement transaction or any subsequent sale or other transfer of the Property or any assignment or exercise of the Option related to such transfer, including, without limitation, recording fees and costs, reconveyance fees, Escrow fees, title insurance fees or fees incurred in obtaining the Confirmation Of Title elected by Investor, transfer taxes and documentary transfer taxes, and (b) federal, state or local taxes (excluding income taxes) arising, incurred or owed in connection with (i) Investor's exercise or sale of the Option, (ii) a sale of the Property or a Special Termination (iii) any related closing thereof; or (iv) any related Escrow. However, the term "Closing Costs" shall not include costs that are owed or incurred by a third party other than Investor in connection with the Property Purchase or a sale of the Property to a third party.

Confirmation Of Title. Confirmation of good and marketable title in and to the Property in fee simple and free of any liens or encumbrances of whatever character, subject only to the Permitted Encumbrances, to be provided, in Investor's Permitted Discretion, in the form either of a policy of title insurance issued to, or for the benefit of, Investor or Investor's assignee at the time that the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is entered into and insuring Investor's or Investor's assignee's rights under the

Unison HomeOwner Agreement or of a written title report, abstract of title or other title search documentation reflecting, to Investor's satisfaction, confirmation of good and marketable title to Investor's undivided (fractional) interest in the Property.

Deferred Maintenance Adjustment. An amount equal to Investor's commercially reasonable estimate of the dollar amount of any deferred maintenance or diminution in Property value caused by conditions or defects which either were known or should have been known by Owner as of the Effective Date, or which occurred or developed during the Term, as further described in Section 8.4, as determined by Investor in connection with any of the computations to be made under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Effective Date. Is defined in the first sentence of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement and Section 1.1 of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

Effective Sale Price. The monetary amount for which the Property is to be sold or transferred by Owner or Investor, as applicable, to an Third Party Buyer, as adjusted, as set forth below. The Effective Sale Price shall be the sum of all amounts set forth or that would otherwise be set forth in Section 400 of the HUD-1 Form (or any successor form) prepared by an Escrow Holder (which shall include the fair market value of any non-cash consideration received by, or for the benefit of, Owner and/or Investor in connection with the sale of the Property). Investor may elect to review the sales contract, and if Investor, through the exercise of its reasonable discretion, determines that the fair market value of any non-cash consideration is not properly reflected in the aforementioned Section 400, make a good faith reasonable determination of the value of any non-cash consideration to be received by Owner and/or Investor and include it in the calculation of Effective Sale Price. The calculation of the Effective Sale Price shall not include any deduction for any: (a) Closing Costs; (b) liens on the Property; (c) outstanding taxes; (d) Sales Commissions; (e) Appraisal Expenses; (f) loans secured by the Property; (g) credits made by Seller to closing costs; and/or (h) amounts payable to Investor hereunder.

Ending Agreed Value. Is defined in Section 10.3.

Escrow. A transaction settlement, typically consisting of an exchange and disbursement of consideration, costs, and proceeds, and documentation and recording of clear title to the Property, using the services of an Escrow Holder.

Escrow Holder. A title company reasonably acceptable to Investor or any neutral third party Escrow agent, settlement agent, title agent or attorney closing firm that closes or settles any transaction contemplated hereunder.

Event Of Default. Is defined in Article Seven.

Exempted Owner Assignment. Is defined in Section 9.6(b).

Exercise Event. An event giving rise to the Investor's contractual right to exercise the Option under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including sale or transfer of the Property by Owner, death of the Last Surviving Owner; expiration of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Term; material and uncured Event of Default; or acceptance by Owner of an offer of Option exercise and Orderly Sale.

Expiration Date. The day immediately preceding the thirtieth (30th) anniversary of the Effective Date, subject to automatic extension under Sections 3.3, 4.3(b) and 5.3(b) of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

Hazardous Materials. Is defined in Section 8.18.

Hypothetical Value. Is defined in Section 8.3(b)(ii)(A).

Intrafamily Transaction. A purchase, sale or transfer of the Property proposed between Owner and any family member of Owner by blood or marital relation.

Investor. Is defined in Section 1 of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement and Section 1.1 of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

Investor Bid Amount. The liquidated amount of the Investor bid to be made in connection with any foreclosure sale of the Property.

Investor Condemnation Credit. Is defined in Section 8.17(b).

Investor Interest. The Investor Proceeds (if any) plus Unpaid Owner Obligations (if any).

Investor Percentage. The undivided percentage interest in and to the Property set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement which Investor has the option to purchase and Owner has agreed to sell under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Investor Proceeds. The Ending Agreed Value (as adjusted if applicable), multiplied by the Investor Percentage, minus the Unison Purchase Price Balance.

Investor's Rights. All interests and rights that Investor has or may have with regard to the Property (matured or unmatured, contingent or non-contingent, present or prospective) by virtue of the Option, under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, or any other document executed by Owner in connection therewith, whether the Option has or has not been exercised.

Irrevocable Limited Power Of Attorney. A notarized Irrevocable Limited Power Of Attorney executed by Owner substantially in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit A, empowering Investor (although only a co-owner of the Property) exclusively to market, advertise, sell and transfer title to one hundred percent (100%) of the Property, including Owner's interest therein, if and when Investor and Owner have elected to pursue an Orderly Sale.

Last Surviving Owner. The last surviving Person who appears as a signatory to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement (or any mutually executed written addendum thereto).

Maximum Authorized Debt. The maximum principal amount of total indebtedness secured by any lien on the Property that Owner is permitted to incur under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, which amount is specified in **Section 8** of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement. In the case of an open-end line of credit, the unused portion of any committed line of credit shall be considered principal indebtedness for purposes of determining whether the total indebtedness exceeds the Maximum Authorized Debt.

Natural Person. An individual, as opposed to a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization or government, or any agency or political subdivision of any of the foregoing.

Negative Remodeling Adjustment. Is defined in **Section 8.3(e)** and **Section 10.3**.

Net Condemnation Proceeds. Is defined in **Section 8.17(a)**.

Non-Owner Occupant. Any and all adult co-occupants of the Property when those co-occupant(s), whether spouses, domestic partners, family members, or others, are not on official record title to the Property and are not signatories to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Transaction Documents.

Non-Owner Occupant Disclosure. The "Notice and Acknowledgment Regarding Spouses, Partners and Co-Occupants Who Are Not Signatories to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement" substantially in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit B.

Notice Of Intention To Sell. The written notice given by Owner to Investor under **Section 3.2(a)** of Owner's decision to market, sell or transfer the Property at least 45 days (or within a commercially reasonable time) prior to the closing of the sale.

Option. The right of Investor, pursuant to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement to acquire an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property in exchange for the Unison Investment Payment, the future payment of the Unison Purchase Price Balance, and such other consideration as is set forth in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Option Exercise Notice. A notice given in the manner prescribed by **Section 3** of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, constituting Option exercise by Investor.

Orderly Sale. Is defined in **Section 7.4**.

Original Agreed Value. The value of the Property determined by Investor and agreed to by Owner as of the Effective Date, as specified in **Sections 4** and **10** of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement.

Owner. All of the Persons, individually and collectively, who appear on the record title to the Property as holding fee simple title to one hundred percent (100%) of the Property as of the Effective Date. "Owner" shall be defined as including "Owner's Estate" following the death of the Last Surviving Owner whenever such definition is reasonable or necessary to effectuate the intent and purposes of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including, without limitation, as applicable in **Articles Two, Three, Six, Seven, Eight, Nine** and **Ten** of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

Owner's Estate. Collectively, the heirs, beneficiaries and/or assignees of Owner charged with control, maintenance and disposition of the Property following the death of the Last Surviving Owner.

Permitted Discretion. Investor's sole and absolute discretion, exercised in good faith, for any reason.

Permitted Encumbrances. All licenses, easements, equitable servitudes, public bond obligations, and other conditions, covenants, restrictions and rights to which the Property is subject at the time the Unison HomeOwner Agreement becomes effective: (i) that are stated as exceptions on the Confirmation Of Title, or (ii) to which Investor has expressly agreed in writing that the Property will remain subject following any exercise of the Option by Investor. "Permitted Encumbrances" do not include any Senior Loans, Senior Liens, or any other liens that secure the payment of any loans or the performance of any obligations owed to any creditor.

Permitted Sale. A Third Party Sale by Owner which fully complies with Article Three or is otherwise expressly consented to in writing by Investor.

Permitted Senior Lien. A perfected lien upon the Property securing a Permitted Senior Loan that is senior to the lien of the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, obtained in connection with, or that was approved in writing by Investor upon Investor's execution of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Permitted Senior Loan. An obligation secured by a Permitted Senior Lien, including, without limitation, any and all principal, interest, and expenses.

Person. An individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization or government, or any agency or political subdivision of any of the foregoing.

Principal Residence. Is defined in Section 8.8(a).

Prohibited Use. Is defined in Section 8.8(b).

Property. The residential real property that is the subject of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the legal description of which is set forth as Exhibit A to the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement. The Property shall include only the real property described in that Exhibit A and the improvements and fixtures appurtenant to that real property, and not any other personal property of Owner.

Protective Advances. Any advances made by Investor that are the primary responsibility of Owner under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement but are made by Investor for purposes of protecting the Investor Percentage and Investor's Rights, as more completely described in Section 8.11.

Remodeling Adjustment. The adjustment, defined in Section 8.3, and calculated pursuant to Section 8.5, that takes into account the increase or decrease in market value attributable to certain material modifications and/or Prohibited Uses of the Property by Owner during the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Revocable Trust. A revocable trust, revocable living trust, *inter vivos* trust, revocable family trust or similar trust established in accordance with the laws of any state.

Revocable Trust Rider. A rider to the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument required to be executed by Owner in the event Owner elects to purchase the Property in the name of a revocable trust.

Right Of First Refusal. The right of Owner under Section 7.4(f) to purchase the Property on the same terms the Property is proposed to be sold to a third party in an Orderly Sale.

Sale By Owner Transaction. A proposed sale of the Property conducted either without a public listing of the Property on the open market or where the terms and conditions of the sale have been principally negotiated by Owner without agency representation.

Sales Commissions. All broker fees, sales commissions, finder fees and all other fees and costs owed to any broker, real estate agent or finder and incurred in connection with a sale or transfer of the Property or any interest in the Property.

Senior Liens. Liens on the Property that are perfected prior to or otherwise have priority over the lien created by the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and which are approved by Investor, as so secured.

Senior Loans. Loans or other obligations that are secured by Senior Liens.

Solicited Sale Value. If within ninety (90) days prior to or following the closing of a Special Termination under Section 6.2 Owner or Investor receives, or has pending, a written offer for the purchase of the Property, the Solicited Sale Value shall equal

the gross amount of such offer, with no deduction or adjustment for any costs that Owner may incur if a sale of the Property were to be completed pursuant to such offer.

Special Damages For Failure To Insure. Are defined in Section 8.16(f).

Special Termination. Is defined in Section 6.2.

Special Termination Price. Is defined in Section 6.2.

Term. The term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, commencing on the Effective Date and expiring on the Expiration Date, and as may be automatically extended under Sections 3.3, 4.3(b) and 5.3(b) of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

Termination. Any non-exercise termination of the Option prior to the expiration of the Term.

Third Party Buyer. The Person that purchases, or proposes to purchase, the Property in a Third Party Sale. This Person may be Investor.

Third Party Sale. A sale of all, or of an interest in, the Property under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. Any Third Party Sale by Owner must also be a Permitted Sale.

Transaction Documents. The Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, the Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum, the Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument and any and all mutually executed riders, amendments, exhibits or supplements thereto.

Trustor(s). The Person or Persons designated as the "trustor" or "settlor" of a Revocable Trust in its formation documents.

Trustee(s). The Person or Persons designated as the "trustee" of a Revocable Trust in its formation documents and any subsequent amendments, and any successor trustees under such Revocable Trust.

Unison HomeOwner Agreement. The Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum, and Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument, and riders thereto, executed by and between Owner and Investor, together with all exhibits, schedules, attachments, and all amendments, supplements, and addenda now or hereafter executed by the parties.

Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement. This Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement executed by and between Owner and Investor.

Unison Investment Payment. The portion of the Unison Purchase Price paid to Owner for the Option in advance, at the commencement of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement Term.

Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement. The Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement executed by and between Owner and Investor by which Owner grants the Option to Investor.

Unison Purchase Price. The total amount Investor has agreed to pay or credit for Investor's purchase of an undivided percentage interest in and to the Property as set forth (or adjusted) under Sections 1 and 10 of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, as distinguished from the price which a future buyer may pay to purchase the Property.

Unison Purchase Price Balance. The Unison Purchase Price minus the Unison Investment Payment previously given to Owner, as set forth in Sections 1 and 10 of the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, and subject to reduction under Sections 7.3(d) and 10.2 of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement.

Unison HomeOwner Recorded Memorandum. The memorandum, entered into by Investor and Owner concurrently with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, which shall be recorded in the public records evidencing: (a) the provisions of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement running with the land; and (b) the Option.

Unison HomeOwner Security Instrument. A deed of trust or mortgage, and security agreement, together with any riders thereto, given by Owner concurrently with this Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, and the Unison HomeOwner Option Agreement, securing the Owner's performance under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement by a lien on Owner's entire interest in the Property, which shall be recorded in the public records and which forms a part of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

Unpaid Owner Obligations. Is defined in Section 3.3.

Exhibit A

IRREVOCABLE LIMITED POWER OF ATTORNEY

TO BE EXECUTED AND GRANTED BY OWNER TO INVESTOR
UPON MUTUAL AGREEMENT TO PURSUE ORDERLY SALE
[MAY DIFFER FROM STATE TO STATE]

Irrevocable Limited Power of Attorney Coupled with an Interest. Pursuant to the terms of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("Unison HomeOwner Agreement") entered into by and between as of ("Effective Date"), and subsequent agreement to pursue the remedy of Orderly Sale under Section 7.4 of the Unison HomeOwner Covenant Agreement, Owner is executing this notarized Power of Attorney designating Investor and its successors and assignees as its true and lawful agents and attorneys-in-fact (with full power of substitution) in Owner's name and on Owner's behalf (in any and all capacities) for the sole and limited purpose of authorizing and empowering Investor exclusively (although only a co-owner of the Property) to market, advertise, sell and transfer title to one hundred percent (100%) of the Property, including Owner's interest therein. Accordingly, Investor or its successor or assignee and the other parties designated above as attorneys-in-fact, shall have the exclusive power and authority to do all acts and to execute any and all documents, instruments and agreements as such agents and attorneys-in-fact deem necessary or advisable:

1. to solicit buyers for the entire Property and offers for a sale of the entire Property;
2. to advertise the entire Property for sale on reasonable and customary terms and conditions for a price that is reasonable in view of the then market conditions;
3. to sell the entire Property and transfer Owner's entire interest in, and title to, the Property on usual and customary terms and conditions, the proceeds of which shall be allocated to Owner and Investor as provided in the Unison HomeOwner Agreement; and
4. to encumber the Property by obtaining loans secured by liens on the Property, in order to raise those funds reasonably required to improve, repair and prepare the Property for sale at a competitive price in its market.

The undersigned hereby acknowledge that this power of attorney is coupled with an interest in the Property pursuant to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement and that, as a result, in addition to any consequences under law, this power is irrevocable and will survive the undersigned's death or incompetence. All acts that the attorneys-in-fact shall lawfully do, or cause to be done, under the authority of this Power of Attorney are hereby expressly approved, ratified and confirmed.

This Power of Attorney is a durable power of attorney and shall remain in force despite any Owner's subsequent incapacity or death.

In the event this Power of Attorney, or any portion thereof, is held to be invalid or stayed or enjoined by a court of competent jurisdiction, then such provision or portion thereof shall be considered separately and apart from every other provision of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement for the purpose of determining the legal enforceability of every such other provision, and Owner agrees to execute and deliver to Investor a replacement Power of Attorney acceptable to the investor in its reasonable discretion.

Owner and Investor agree that if Investor is not allowed to exercise its rights under this Power of Attorney the damages to Investor would be irreparable and extremely difficult to estimate, making money damages or any remedy at law inadequate. Thus, in addition to any other rights and remedies available to it in law, equity or otherwise, Investor shall be entitled to specific performance of the provisions of this instrument.

From time to time in the future as long as the Unison HomeOwner Agreement has not, or is not, terminated, Owner shall, at Investor's request, which shall be at Investor's Permitted Discretion, execute such additional or replacement powers of attorney as Investor may deem necessary identifying such other Investor officers as Owner's attorneys-in-fact as Investor deems reasonably necessary for purposes enumerated herein.

THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE UNISON HOMEOWNER AGREEMENT TERMINATES OR IS TERMINATED. Owner hereby ratifies and affirms all that such attorney-in-fact, or any substitute or substitutes, may do by virtue of the power conveyed hereby.

EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN

Signature

DATE: _____

Print Name

EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN

Signature

DATE: _____

Print Name

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of CALIFORNIA)
County of SAN DIEGO)

On 9-17, 2017, before me, CHAD Cottrell, Notary Public
personally appeared PATRICIA GOUT (insert name and title of the officer)
evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of _____ that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature Chad Cottrell (Seal)

CHAD COTTRELL

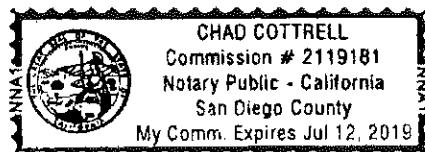


Exhibit B

NOTICE AND ACKNOWLEDGMENT REGARDING SPOUSES, PARTNERS AND CO-OCCUPANTS WHO ARE NOT SIGNATORIES TO THE UNISON HOMEOWNER AGREEMENT

Unison HomeOwner Agreement ID Number:

This Notice and Acknowledgement Form ("**Form**") contains important disclosures about the rights and liabilities of spouses, domestic partners, family members and other co-occupants of a Property ("**Property**") subject to a **Unison HomeOwner Agreement** who are not signatories to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement (collectively referred to as "**Non-Owner Occupant(s)**"). Please READ IT CAREFULLY. This Form must be signed by all homeowners entering into and executing a Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Unison Signatory(ies)**") and by all Non-Owner Occupants. Any owner executing a Unison HomeOwner Agreement ("**Owner**") is responsible for ensuring that a complete and accurate version of this Form is returned to Unison Agreement Corp. ("**Unison**") with the signatures of all Non-Owner Occupants as a prerequisite to entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

The rights of a Non-Owner Occupant to occupy or retain possession of the Property following the death of the Last Surviving Owner who is a party to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, Option exercise, or an Owner Event Of Default under the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, may be significantly affected by the operation of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. This is because the Unison HomeOwner Agreement is an option agreement which gives Unison the right to exercise its option and purchase an undivided percentage interest ("**Investor Percentage**") in the Property upon certain triggering events. *Two such triggering events are the death of the Last Surviving Owner, or an Owner Event Of Default, regardless of whether Non-Owner Occupants are occupying the Property at that time.* A Non-Owner Occupant of a Property subject to a Unison HomeOwner Agreement will be required to settle Unison's option rights even if the Non-Owner Occupant inherits the Property as the heir, beneficiary or survivor of an Owner. Depending on the appreciation of the Property during the term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, the amount required to settle Unison's option rights may be substantial. In addition, following an Event of Default (including default by Non-Owner Occupants), Unison may be entitled to exercise its recorded security interest and/or compel the sale of the Property, resulting in a Non-Owner Occupant losing possession and/or ownership thereof.

Unison cannot know who occupies the Property as a principal residence if those persons are not named on title. Unison must and will rely on the Owner to supply this information accurately.

The responsibility for notifying Unison of any change in the status of Non-Owner Occupants is also a continuing obligation of all Owners throughout the Term of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement. All Owners are responsible for returning a complete and accurate amended Form to Unison with the signatures of all Non-Owner Occupants, both at inception of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, and in the event that any new Non-Owner Occupant not signatory to the Unison HomeOwner Agreement commences to occupy the Property as his or her principal residence, or in the event a non-adult occupant of the Property attains the age of 18, at any time during the Term.

In the event that a Unison Signatory wishes to add another person onto the title to the Property after entering into the Unison HomeOwner Agreement, he or she must execute the complete set of Unison HomeOwner Agreement legal documents and meet all then-current Unison HomeOwner Agreement education requirements. Unless and until these requirements are met, the individual will remain and must be identified to Unison as a Non-Owner Occupant of the Property subject to the option and contractual rights of Unison as above described.

All Owners acknowledge that they have read and understand this Form, and that they have been advised by Unison to consult independent legal counsel and estate planning professionals to ascertain the legal effects of the Unison HomeOwner Agreement on future possession and occupancy of the Property.

☐ I represent and warrant that there are no Non-Owner Occupants living in my Property.

Acknowledged and agreed:

Owner:	Owner:
<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>	<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>
Date signed: _____	Date signed: _____

☐ I represent and warrant that I have presented this form to and discussed its contents with all Non-Owner Occupants living in my Property. The names and signatures of all Non-Owner Occupants and their relation to me appear below.

Acknowledged and agreed:

Owner:	Owner:
<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>	<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>
Date signed: _____	Date signed: _____
Non-Owner Occupant 1:	Non-Owner Occupant 2:
<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>	<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>
Print name: _____	Print name: _____
Relation to Owner: _____	Relation to Owner: _____
Non-Owner Occupant 3:	Non-Owner Occupant 4:
<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>	<u>EXHIBIT ONLY – DO NOT SIGN</u>
Print name: _____	Print name: _____
Relation to Owner: _____	Relation to Owner: _____

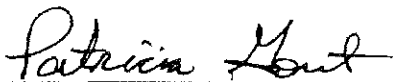
Exhibit C
Asset Administration Fee Schedule

Unison HomeOwner Agreement ID Number:

Changes to Title:	\$300.00
Addition of Unison HomeOwner Agreement Signatory	
Removal of Unison HomeOwner Agreement Signatory	
Other Changes to Title Including Change of Title to Trust	
Advances made by Unison (per advance) due to non-payment of:	\$250.00¹
Property insurance payment	
Property tax payment	
Deferred maintenance	
Mortgage and other unpaid obligations	
Processing Subordination Requests:	\$300.00
Recording and Reconveyance (per document):	\$75.00
Release of lien	
Quitclaim deed	
Other requested release documentation	
Payoff Estimate (per request, when requested more than once per calendar year)	\$75.00
Special Termination	\$1250.00
Processing of Property Sale	\$650.00
Administering Owner Events Of Default	\$500 - \$3500 (estimated)²

In addition to the administration fees itemized above, other actual, necessary, bona fide, reasonable, out-of-pocket fees and costs, customary to the area, which are paid by Investor to third parties (including persons and entities retained by Investor) may be charged to the homeowner from time to time during the term or at the termination of a Unison HomeOwner Agreement, including fees and costs related to title, legal, recording, and appraisal, whether incurred in connection with homeowner default or termination.

The above listed fees are estimates based on the current costs of the service provided. These fees are subject to change as the costs of providing any such services change. If a fee has changed at the time Owner requests any one of the above services, a disclosure of the then-current charge will be provided to Owner. Please note that additional fees for expediting requests may apply.



¹ Plus interest on amounts advanced, in accordance with the Unison HomeOwner Agreement.

² The range of administrative fees which may be charged by Investor in connection with Owner Defaults is an estimate only, given the difficulty of actually predicting the internal cost to Investor of processing such Defaults. As a result, the actual amount of such fees may vary depending on the duration, and difficulty of resolution, of any given Owner Default. In unusual cases, such fees may exceed the estimates given here. Under no circumstances, however, shall Investor charge any administrative fees in connection with Owner Default unless such fee is customary, reasonable, bona fide, imposed in good faith, and demonstrably appropriate in relation to the Event of Default.

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