



National
Consumer Law
Center

Forced Arbitration: Harming North Carolina Consumers, Servicemembers, and Veterans



Forced arbitration clauses take away North Carolinians' constitutional right to a day in court when companies break the law. Instead of a judge, a private arbitrator, often chosen and paid by the company, decides cases in a secretive proceeding with no appeal. Forced arbitration clauses often prevent people from joining together in class actions to fight widespread wrongdoing, giving lawbreakers a get-out-of-jail free card, as few people can afford to fight big companies by themselves.

Forced arbitration clauses harm North Carolina consumers of all stripes:

Servicemembers and veterans: Banks and lenders use forced arbitration clauses in loans issued to [North Carolina's roughly 112,951 active-duty servicemembers and reservists](#) and to North Carolina's [veterans](#). Forced arbitration [blocks servicemembers' access to the courts](#) for violations of the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act and [other misconduct](#), including illegal [repossessions of active-duty servicemembers' vehicles](#). Wells Fargo also has arbitration clauses in many of the auto loan contracts that included [illegal fees for unneeded auto insurance](#), including those of active duty servicemembers.



Bank account holders: Wells Fargo opened up to [3.5 million fake accounts](#) – including [38,722 or more in North Carolina](#) – without customers' consent. Wells Fargo has tried since 2013 to use forced arbitration to block lawsuits, including [a class action](#) that would help those 38,722 or more North Carolinians. Wells Fargo has also [repeatedly](#) tried to use forced arbitration to avoid justice for people in 49 states – [including North Carolina](#) – who were [charged excess overdraft fees](#) when their accounts were not overdrawn.



Consumers with inaccurate credit reports: [Thousands of North Carolinians](#) have filed complaints with the CFPB about problems with credit reporting agencies and errors in credit reports, which can increase the cost of a loan or result in a denial of credit. [North Carolinians falsely matched with a terrorist watch list](#) will get \$7,337 in relief from a class action against Transunion. But Transunion and other credit bureaus have [tried to use forced arbitration](#) to block class actions.

The nonprofit National Consumer Law Center® (NCLC®) works for economic justice for low-income and other disadvantaged people in the U.S. through policy analysis and advocacy, publications, litigation, and training.

Payday loan borrowers: North Carolina does not permit payday loans, but online lenders aggressively use forced arbitration clauses, found in [86% of online contracts surveyed](#), to fight lawsuits over illegal loans. Fees associated with payday loans keep consumers in a cycle of debt, while payday lenders have engaged in abusive lending and illegal debt collection practices.

Families subject to illegal and abusive debt collection practices: Debt collectors are #1 among [North Carolinians' and servicemembers' complaints](#) to the CFPB, and [North Carolinians filed 13,366 complaints against debt collectors](#) with the FTC in 2017. Out-of-state debt buyers often use illegal harassment and violate state law by adding illegal fees, but use forced arbitration clauses to block people from court to challenge those practices. Debt buyers also frequently [sue the wrong person or seek the wrong amount](#) but prevent people from suing back.



College students: North Carolinians are among those harmed by predatory for-profit colleges, such as Corinthian Colleges, that for years have [used forced arbitration clauses](#) to block class actions over their fraudulent conduct. [North Carolinian students also average \\$26,583](#) in public and private student loan debt and may be impacted by abuses by Navient (formerly Sallie Mae), the largest servicer of private student loans. Navient, which [uses forced arbitration](#), allegedly [failed to allocate payments properly and deceived borrowers](#) about

how to release co-signers. North Carolinians may also fall prey to rampant abuses by sketchy [student loan debt relief companies](#), which also use forced arbitration clauses to take away students' day in court.

Prepaid card users: Nearly [a quarter of North Carolinians are unbanked or underbanked](#), and many rural and low-income [North Carolinians rely on prepaid cards](#) to manage their money. RushCard holders, [including 19,614 North Carolinians, and servicemembers serving overseas](#), were among those harmed when cards were frozen and people could not access their money for weeks. A class action will give class members [up to \\$500 for losses and fees they suffered](#). The case could have been blocked by a forced arbitration clause, found in [92% of prepaid card contracts](#).

Forced arbitration harms North Carolinians. Congress must restore North Carolinians' day in court when big banks and bad actors violate the law.